The Fresno Morning Republican.

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MANY BURNED TO ASHES

Paris Fire Victims That May Never Be Found.

NINETY-FOUR ARE IDENTIFIED

Further Details of Yesterday's Fearful Disaster—Administrative Negligence Charged.

PARIS, May 5.—A sombre feeling pervades every class of society. The newspapers without exception describe the disaster at the Grand Bazaar de Charitie in the sober and simple terms befitting so appalling an event. The catastrophe will always be remembered as one of the most fearful which ever befell a European city. Nothing comparable in loss of life has ever occurred here, except the fire which destroyed the Opera Comique in 1887. Singularly enough that disaster happened in the same month of the year, and eighty persons were burned to death, while forty-five were officially reported as missing.

In aristocratic circles the numberless dinner parties and other functions of a gayly opening season have been suddenly abandoned.

It is now estimated that there were about 1200 persons in the building when the fire was discovered, about one-half of whom escaped unhurt. Some estimates place the number of dead at 143, others at still a higher figure.

The amount of administrative negligence surrounding the catastrophe is almost inconceivable. The structure was so combustible that many of the victims, if not most of them, might have been burned alive, without suffocation. No sort of inspection seems to have been made in advance by the municipal or police authorities, or by the prefect of police.

Dr. Natchel, who has directed the ambulance work, says that the number of bodies found gives a very inadequate idea of the number of victims, as dozens were burned completely to ashes.

M. Lepine, the prefect of police, who is severely censured for lack of proper supervision of the preparatory arrangements, says in excuse that the patrons and patronesses of the bazaar were reactionists, and he feared if he meddled with their program they would say he was trying to suppress a Roman Catholic enterprise.

M. Faure has received telegrams of condolence from Queen Victoria, the Emperor Nicholas, the Emperor William, King Humbert, and other sovereigns, all couched in terms of the deepest sympathy.

Mrs. F. B. Gilmour of New York had a narrow escape. She had consented to act as a saleswoman at the stall of Mme. Costa Beauregard. She left the Hotel Terminus, where she was staying, about 1.30, accompanying the Vicomtesse Savigny. The sale was going well, when suddenly her maid cried: "Madame, save yourself; there's a fire."

Mrs. Gilmour, with wonderful presence of mind, rushed toward the main entrance, but, seeing the danger of being trampled to death, she ran quickly back to the rear of the building, where she saw a window that opened in the wall, through which she soon reached the street.

Mgr. Clari, the Papal nuncio, who had attended to pronounce his blessing upon the bazaar, said he was talking to the Duchess D'Alencon at 10 minutes to 4 o'clock. He said:

"Around me was a group of blind children. Several of these must have perished."

The Vicomte Damaza identified his wife's body by a piece of hair cloth which she wore next to her skin as a member of the Third Order of St. Francis.

The Abbe Marble says the Countess Villeneuve returned to search for her two daughters, but failed to find them and perished herself.

Among the dead bodies recognized are Baronne St. Martin, Vicomtesse Bonneval, Comtesse St. Pierre, Comtesse Brodoirelle, Marquis Des Maison, Comtesse Humolstein, Mme. Florez, wife of the Spanish consul, and Duchesse de Alencon.

Many tales of despair are told. Mme. Foulard was saved by her husband, who, as soon as he placed her in safety, dashed back into the burning building to save his daughter. He clasped the girl in his arms and nearly reached the door, when they were caught in the flames, and father and daughter perished before the eyes of the agonized mother.

Baron de Mackau had a similar experience. Seven times he penetrated the flaming ruins in search for his sister, each time to save another and only to see his sister, later on, fall before his eyes when he no longer had strength to lift her.

The ladies who succeeded in escaping rushed frantically, shrieking madly, into the court yards of adjoining houses, wildly beseeching help. The fact that the faces and heads of the dead were so horribly charred and disfigured is explained by the fact that the capes worn were generally of flimsy material and were the first articles of apparel to catch fire.

The Marquise Luberrac is in a critical condition. Mme. Mathieyitenn had her whole body blistered. Mlle. Liowelle was severely burned about her back and head.

An eye witness describes the scene as follows:

"The women mostly wore light costumes and those who escaped from the furnace were screaming 'fire, help.' The faces of many were covered with blood. From time to time children ran out of the burning building crying for their mothers. A number of women of the poorer class, standing in the crowd, at the risk of burning themselves tore the flaming clothing from the persons of the ladies as the latter dashed in terror through the streets.

"The bazaar at that moment was nothing more or less than a huge brazier. As the heat was unbearable, we made our way to some vacant ground between the bazaar and the convent of the Rue Bayard and joined a handful of workmen who were trying to rescue people from the flames by means of a ladder too short to avail much. While the work of rescue was in progress heartrending cries from the rear attracted us. Two women who had just escaped from the flames were lying writhing on the ground just beyond the margin of the fire. We darted in that direction and as we neared them pieces of burning debris fell in showers upon our heads and we were unable to reach these unfortunates who were then burning like torches. They had ceased to stir and soon entirely disappeared in the flames. The witnesses of this awful scene groaned and wept.

"The awful drama was then at its height. In the midst of the hissing, crackling flames we heard the shrieking of the victims, but they were speedily stilled.

"Seeing the hopelessness of saving the bazaar, the firemen turned their attention to the adjoining convent, up the walls of which the flames were leaping.

"In a few moments the bazaar collapsed with a frightful crash, enveloping the vicinity in flaming debris.

"I was then able to approach it. On all sides were the bodies of lately elegantly dressed people, many of them stretched on their backs with arms extended as though appealing for help.

"Owing to the heat we were unable to give the remains the attention which would have permitted their relatives to identify them. The space in which we were standing was speedily invaded by despairing crowds of relatives, some of whom had to be forcibly prevented from leaping into the flames."

The bazaar was opposite Baron Rothschild's stables. One of the grooms saved many of the people whose clothing was in flames by drenching them with the stable hose. General Munier, with his clothing ablaze, rushed into the stable yard and plunged into a tank of water.

At 7 o'clock the police officially announced that ninety-four corpses had been positively identified.

OAKLAND RACES.

'Ostler Joe Establishes a New Coast Record.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—Weather fine at Oakland; track fast.

The feature of the day's sport was a match race between Buckwa and 'Ostler Joe, at a mile and an eighth, in which the former essayed to concede sixteen pounds to the 4-year-old son of Fresno. Notwithstanding the marked improvement shown by 'Ostler Joe of late, and his sensational defeat of Satsuma and Vinctor on Monday last, the talent pinned its faith to Buckwa, who was heavily backed at 3 to 5, 'Ostler Joe being as good as 7 to 5 at post time.

'Ostler Joe, with Piggott up, went out in front and, never being headed, won easily by four lengths in the phenomenal time of 1:53, thus establishing a new coast record for the distance. The former record was 1.53¼. The first mile was traveled in 1.39½.

Five and a half furlongs—Taranto won, Gold Box 2, Voltaire 3. Time, 1.09¾.

Four furlongs—Barney Schreiber won, Towanda 2, Saticoy 3. Time, .49.

Mile and a sixteenth—Ransom won, Treachery 2, Peter II 3. Time, 1.48.

Five and a half furlongs—Tea Rose won, Sea Spray 2, Perhaps 3. Time, 1.08½.

Mile and an eighth—'Ostler Joe won, Buckwa 2. Time, 1.53.

One Mile—Babe Murphy won, Strathrol 2, Judge Denny 3. Time, 1.42¼.

WITH GREAT SLAUGHTER

GREEKS REPULSE TURKS AT PHARSALOS.

Active Preparations Being Made for the Battle Which Seems Inevitable Today.

PHARSALOS, April 5.—The correspondent of the Associated Press says the Greek line was attacked today by a Turkish force of 20,000 infantry, in addition to artillery and cavalry. Colonel Makris commanded the Greek left wing and Colonel Mavromichaelis the right wing. Both repulsed the Turks with great slaughter. The railway station was destroyed by the Turkish shells and railway communication between this point and Volo is interrupted. Preparations are being made with the utmost activity for the battle which seems inevitable tomorrow (Thursday).

LONDON, May 6.—The Vienna correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says: "I have been informed today (Wednesday) in official quarters that Russia has actually begun to take action through the ambassadors in the direction of mediation, acting with the powers, which have agreed to her proposal. But the difficulty is that Greece will not accept the Russian terms."

Banker and Money Missing.

PITTSBURG, May 5.—A. O. Fontini, who came here from New York six months ago and opened an Italian savings bank on Pennsylvania avenue, has disappeared. The banking room, which had been fitted in luxurious style, has been dismantled and the name removed from the door. The bank did a large business, the deposits, it is claimed, exceeding $10,000 per month. Twelve warrants for embezzlement have been sworn out for his arrest. Besides the individual depositors, four societies kept their funds in the bank.

Tennessee Miners Strike.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 5.—The miners strike in East Tennessee and Kentucky has grew since yesterday. Miners who have gone out number 3500. At Coal Creek serious trouble is brewing. The men at the Black Diamond mine will strike tomorrow. A meeting of miners and operators will be held at Jellico Monday next to discuss the situation.

Fruit and Grain Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 5.—The following are prices furnished by the San Francisco Fruit Exchange. Jobbing:

DRIED FRUIT.

Apricots—Fancy Moorparks, 12c½; choice do, 11½c; fancy do. 9c; choice, 8c; standard, 6¼c; prime, 5¾c.

Apples—Evaporated, 5¼c; sun dried, 2¾.

Peaches—Fancy, 6½c; choice, 5½c; standard, 4½c; prime, 4c; peeled in boxes, 10½c.

Pears—Fancy halves, 6c; fancy quarters, 5c; choice, 3½c; standard, 2½c; prime, 2c.

Plums—Pitted, 4c; unpitted, 1½c.

Prunes—Four sizes, 2½@2¾c.

Nectarines—Fancy 5½c, choice 4½c, standard 4c.

Figs—Choice white 3c, do black 4c, fancy white figs in 10-lb boxes 65@70c.

Raisins—Jobbing prices: In sacks or 50-lb boxes—Four-crown, loose, 5¾c per pound; 3-crown, 4½c; 2-crown, 3¾c; seedless Sultanas, 5¾c; seedless Muscatels, 4½c.

In 20-lb boxes—3-crown London layers, $1.15 per box; clusters, $1.60; Dehesia clusters, $2.50; Imperial clusters, $2.55.

GRAIN.

Wheat—Strong; December, $1.20¾.

Barley—No trading.

Corn—Large yellow, $1@1.02½.

Bran—California, $14 @ 14.50 per ton.

Competition in Visalia.

From the Visalia Delta.

The Union Ice Company has reduced the price half a cent a pound. This is the result of the competition of the Visalia factory. The Mount Whitney Telephone Company forced the Sunset people to reduce their telephone tariff. Competition is the life of trade.

A FEW VOTES SHORT

The Senate Turns Down the Arbitration Treaty.

THE VOTE PRECEDED BY DEBATE

Deboe, Kentucky's New Senator, Sworn In—Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill Discussed.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—The senate today, by a vote of 43 to 26, refused to ratify the general arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain negotiated by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote. The rules of the senate require a majority of two-thirds for the ratification of treaties. Hence four more affirmative votes would have been required to secure a favorable result.

The vote was preceded by a short, spirited debate, introduced by Senator Mills of Texas, who made a strong appeal to the senate against ratifying the agreement. He asserted that as amended the document was most objectionable, not to say contradictory in terms. He pointed out especially the provisions for the settlement of controversies in regard to territorial claims and asserted that whereas the amendment adopted by the senate to the first article of the treaty declared against their inclusion, the sixth and eight articles remained unchanged. England, justly could claim that questions of territorial rights were still included within the scope of the treaty. Under such circumstances he asked, what was to prevent England from purchasing the island of Cuba or any other American territory, and, in case of objection on the part of the United States, insisting upon the reference of the dispute to arbitration. He spoke of the conduct of England in connection with the Graeco-Turkish war and implored the senate to protect the United States against the proposed alliance.

The speech made a visible impression and the opinion was general that the treaty should be amended so as to remedy the inconsistency explained. Senator Tillman asked that time be given for such amendment. Owing, however, to the fact that the senate was under agreement to vote at 4 o'clock there could be no postponement except by unanimous consent.

Senator Carter, who from the first had been one of the active and effective opponents of the treaty, interposed an objection. He said he would put no obstacle in the way of the postponement of the vote until another day, but if the vote was to be taken today he would insist upon it at the specified time. He made a very pungent speech in opposition. He said there could be no doubt of the partiality of the government and the people of the United States toward the settlement of disputes by arbitration, and that for this reason there would never be any difficulty in securing an agreement for arbitration of any specific dispute with any nation, but it was not necessary for our people to tie themselves in an agreement of uncertain scope and purport, especially with a country which had shown itself to be so completely out of sympathy with the feelings of the people of the United States, in the position which England had taken in European affairs.

Senator Hoar replied briefly, going over the general agreement in favor of the treaty and contending especially that the objection of inconsistency in regard to territorial claims was not well founded.

The remainder of the debate was of a running character. Senators White and Pettigrew interjected questions tending to show continued opposition. Senator White remarked that the document was full of illogical propositions and said furthermore that its syntax would have to be improved before it would be thoroughly acceptable.

It was evident before the ballot was completed that the motion to ratify would be beaten. The absence of some senators unpaired, who were considered favorable to arbitration, was accepted as an unfavorable indication.

The covert opposition to ratification was made very manifest after the vote was announced. Some senators who were recorded among the yeas, spoke quite openly of objectionable features, confessing that they had cast their votes in the affirmative in deference to public opinion. Among those who waited in the senate corridors to receive the news was Michael Davitt, who appeared much pleased at the result.

Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, declined to express an opinion for publication, but talked freely to his friends. To them he attributed the defeat to the feeling of dissatisfaction at England's course in the struggle of the Greeks to liberate the island of Crete from Ottoman dominion, and the Armenian massacres and with the "evident" designs of Great Britain upon the Transvaal.

The open session of the senate was devoted to the sundry civil appropriation bill which was not completed up to the time of adjournment.

Mr. Deboe of Kentucky took the oath of office at the opening of the session and was cordially greeted by his Republican associates. A towering boquet of American Beauty roses and lillies had been placed on the desk to be occupied by Mr. Deboe, which adjoins that of Mr. Hanna and is in the rear row of the Republican side.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was immediately taken up. Mr. Allison moved an amendment to the item for a survey of the Nicaragua canal route, so that the proposed committee shall consist of from three to five members from the army or navy or civil life, at the President's discretion. The amendment caused some opposition and finally went over for further consideration.

A HEARTLESS HUSBAND.

He Neglects His Family for a Disreputable Woman.

A case of destitution of more than ordinary interest was called to the attention of the Board of Supervisors yesterday. It is that of Mrs. W. R. Moon, whose husband has refused for the past few months to support her and their four children. He is employed at the "Boston Shaving Parlors" and makes fair wages, but instead of maintaining his family he is reported to be squandering his money on a dissolute woman. Mrs. Moon is said to be an estimable lady, and her neighbors express much sympathy for her. She might, if she chose, compel her husband to take care of her and the children or make it very unpleasant for him, but she does not appear to be disposed to take such a step. The attention of the supervisors was called to her case by others.

The supervisors passed an order citing Moon to appear before the board this morning and show why he refuses to support his family, and issued a subpena for the heartless wretch.

THE MINSTRELS.

Primrose & West Give a Refined and Amusing Performance.

It looked like old times to see the Barton opera house packed as it was last night with a representative audience. The occasion was the appearance of Primrose and West's minstrel company. Primrose and West are the only minstrels that have visited the coast in some years that have put on the stage the performance they advertised.

They carry out their program to the letter, and the result is that their patrons are as a rule well satisfied, and go away from the theater feeling that they have not been deceived.

The program, while not a very lengthy one, was interesting and varied and some of the features were quite novel. The curtain rose on a very pretty stage setting with tastefully costumed minstrels, both white and black, filling the stage with more minstrels and musicians than we have ever seen on the Barton stage before. Their songs were mostly new and catchy and were well received. "Don't Send Her Away" was well rendered by Charles Kent, and W. H. Windom's lyric tenor voice was heard to advantage in "I Love Them Both the Same."

George H. Primrose sang "There's a Bully Gone to Rest" to the delight of the whole house, and George Wilson's potpourri of funny songs was very amusing. These two gentlemen kept the audience in roars of laughter with their humorous sayings.

The jubilee negroes followed the olios with some genuine buck and wing dancing that was marvelous, and as the darkies say, "there was music in them feet."

As contortionists Jerome and Alexis are certainly the equals of any we have ever seen. George Wilson next appeared upon the scene and provoked great laughter with his witticisms. After every funny remark he would tell the audience to take their time and have a good laugh because he was in no hurry. And when he left the stage and the applause was almost deafening to bring him back he remarked, "There's no use making such a fuss about it, I was coming back anyway." But George, when you come again please don't spring the locksmith story on us. That was "up to date" a long time ago.

The Ben Mowatt trio gave an exhibition of club swinging that would be hard to excel, and, by the way, Master Mowatt was just as clever as any of them and a very handsome chap, too. Haws, Wall and Walters, the eccentric musical team, contrived to get music out of everything, from gas fixtures to mail pouches.

The program closed with the drilling of the phantom guards. Their work was done with much precision and the more difficult evolutions were roundly applauded.

STEELE PENN.

DR. McINTOSH'S CASE

THE COMPLAINT TO BE FILED THIS MORNING.

Professor Sanders Now Thinking of Appealing to the Supreme Court.

A complaint charging Dr. G. B. McIntosh with perjury will be filed with Justice Austin this morning by District Attorney Snow. Upon the conclusion of the Sanders trial the Doctor was ordered into the custody of the sheriff by Judge Carroll Cook for having testified falsely. The court fixed his bail at $5000, and McIntosh has been in jail since then. The district attorney has been so busy with trials in the superior court for the past few days that he was not able to attend to the drawing up of the complaint until yesterday.

When seen by a REPUBLICAN reporter at the jail yesterday Dr. McIntosh complained of his confinement on a charge of which he claimed to be entirely innocent. He said that Judge Cook had misconstrued his testimony. The Doctor also thought it a hardship because he had to conform to the regulation of the jail allowing a prisoner to write only one letter a week to outside friends. Of course, he said, he wrote this weekly letter to his wife, who is in Los Angeles, and could not communicate with friends to get money to help him out of his difficulty.

Professor Sanders is still at the county jail, the stay of execution for twenty days granted by Judge Cook not expiring till the 20th inst. He is now reconsidering his first resolution not to appeal to the supreme court, and may appeal. He has not yet definitely decided to do so, however. To a reporter yesterday the professor stated that he could prove George Wiseman committed perjury in the trial when he testified regarding a conversation they had, in which the witness said that he (Sanders) had practically admitted writing the letter purporting to come from Wootton and containing the statement that the prisoner had announced his intention of getting a divorce from Mrs. Sanders in order to marry Wiseman's daughter.

A juror is also said to have remarked after the trial that had it not been for the forcible manner in which Attorney Hinds exposed the character of the defendant, he would not have voted for conviction. This is another ground on which an appeal might be based.

Professor Sanders has shaved his beard in preparation for San Quentin, where whiskers are not allowed. He decided to part with his in the warm climate of Fresno, and so accustom himself to the exposure before reaching the colder place. Mrs. Sanders and daughter paid the Professor a visit yesterday.

Manager Woldenberg of the FRESNO REPUBLICAN baseball nine received word last evening that the application of his nine to be admitted to the *Examiner* baseball tournament had been favorably acted upon.

The Royal—White and Pure as the Driven Snow.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

KUTNER-GOLDSTEIN COMPANY.

Great May Bargain Sale

Come with the crowd and see the greatest sale of the season.

WE BREAK PRICES. WE BREAK RECORDS

This Great Sale commences Monday, May 3d. Owing to the present depression in business, we have been able with ready cash to buy fine seasonable merchandise at about one-half its actual value.

SEE OUR PRICES

GREAT SALE OF HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

SHIRTING CALICOES, best standard quality. 3c per Yard.

CHEVIOT SHIRTINGS, dark stripes. 4c per Yard.

UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, full yard wide. 3 1-2c per Yard.

COTTON TWILLED CRASH, extra quality; worth 6c. 3c per Yard.

HEAVY BLEACHED TABLE LINEN, 58 inches wide; worth 50c. 35c per Yard.

HEAVY BLEACHED COTTON TOWELS; worth 5c. 3c Each.

HEAVY DAMASK TOWELS, size 23x46; worth 35c. 18c Each.

FANCY CHENILLE TABLE COVERS, 6-4 size; worth $2. 75c Each.

FANCY TAPESTRY OR DERBY PORTIERES, all colors, beautiful dados, fringed top and bottom; worth $4. $2.35 a Pair.

LONSDALE MUSLIN, bleached, full yard wide. 6¼c per Yard.

TENNIS FLANNEL, light and dark patterns. 5c per Yard.

TURKEY RED FIGURED DAMASK, 54 inches wide; worth 25c. 12½c per Yard.

ALL LINEN CHECKED GLASS TOWELING; worth 12½c. 5c per Yard.

72 INCHES WIDE BLEACHED TABLE LINEN; worth $1.25 yard. 69c per Yard.

HEAVY UNBLEACHED TURKISH TOWELS, size 22x40; worth 20c. 9c Each.

BLEACHED TURKISH TOWELS, extra quality; worth 25c. 15c Each.

CHENILLE PORTIERES, with heavy fringe and dado; worth $3.50. $1.79 a Pair.

LAMINATED TUFTED COTTON COMFORTERS, extra fine; regular $3 quality. $1.95 Each.

CRINKLED SEERSUCKERS, new designs, fine quality. 5c per Yard.

TURKEY RED FIGURED CALICOES. 5c per Yard.

WHITE AND RED NOVELTY TABLE DAMASK, 56 inches wide; worth 35c. 17c per Yard.

HEAVY UNBLEACHED TABLE LINEN, 54 inches wide; worth 35c. 15c per Yard.

BLEACHED LINEN DAMASK DOYLIES; worth 12½c. 5c Each.

HEAVY ALL LINEN HUCK TOWELS, size 24x60 inches; worth 25c. 12½c Each.

DAMASK LUNCH CLOTHS, in white, red or buff; 8-4 size 33c, 10-4 size 45c, 12-4 size 55c, worth double.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, Ecru, taped, 2¾ yards long; worth $1. 59c Pair.

WHITE TOILET QUILTS, full size, extra heavy quality; worth $1.25. 75c Each.

DRESS DUCKS in new figures and stripes, extra quality. 5c per Yard.

SCOTCH ZEPHYR GINGHAM, regular 25c and 30c qualities. 11c per Yard.

RED AND GREEN AND RED AND BLUE TABLE DAMASK, 60 inches wide; worth 30c. 19c per Yard.

EXTRA QUALITY UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 60 inches wide; worth 50c. 29c per Yard.

BLEACHED LINEN DAMASK NAPKINS; worth $1.50 dozen. 89c Dozen.

DAMASK TOWELS, knotted fringe, size 20x38, extra fine quality; worth 25c. 12½c Each.

ALL LINEN LUNCH CLOTHS, white with colored borders, 8-4 size 65c, 10-4 size 95c; worth double.

WHITE TOILET QUILTS, worth 75c. 45c Each.

ECRU NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, 3½ yards long; worth $1.50 pair. 89c Pair.

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

DRESS GOODS.

College Checks, double width, worth 20c, at 11c yard.

All Wool Cheviot Mixtures, double width, worth 35c, at 23c yard.

Black Figured Mohair Dress Goods, extra values, at 25c yard.

All Wool Cheviot Mixtures, extra quality, double width, the 50c grade, at 29c yard.

All Wool Checks and Fancy Mixed Dress Goods, 40 inches wide, worth 75c, at 39c yard.

SILKS.

At 24c yard—Fancy Figured Foulard Silks, new patterns, worth 50c, at 24c yard.

At 65c yard—All Silk Changeable Taffeta Silks, extra quality, worth 85c, at 65c yard.

At 43c yard—Elegant Black Brocaded Dress Silks, worth 75c, at 43c yard.

At 69c yard—Handsome Black Brocaded Dress Silks, the regular $1 and $1.25 quality, at 69c yard.

At 75c yard—Magnificent Dresden Taffeta Silks, extra quality, new designs, worth $1.25, at 75c yard.

WASH FABRIC WONDERS.

Monday's sale will inaugurate a low price era in the Wash Goods Department that has not been approached by any dry goods house on the Coast. Note these proofs:

At 5c yard—Jaconet Dress Lawns, 32 inches wide, beautiful patterns, worth 10c, at 5c yard.

At 7c yard—Cordonet Imprimee, a fine sheer lawn, exquisite designs, worth 15c, at 7c yard.

At 10c yard—New Organdies, a large range of patterns, worth 20c, at 10c yd.

At 15c yard—Our lines of fine American Organdies and Lappets, former prices 25c, at 15c yard.

At 25c yard—Fine Imported Organdies, elegant designs, worth 35c and 40c, at 25c yard.

Great Offering in Our Bargain Fancy Goods Department.

ASTONISHING VALUES FOR THIS WEEK.

KNITTING SILK, all colors. 3c a Spool.

LADIES' WHITE EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS; worth 10c. Sale Price 4c Each.

LADIES' FAST BLACK COTTON HOSE, genuine Hermsdorff dye; worth 15c. Sale Price 5c Pair.

LADIES' EXTRA FINE QUALITY COTTON HOSE, seamless, in tan or fast black; worth 20c. Sale Price 12½c Pair.

CHILDREN'S BEACH SILK GLOVES, extra quality; worth 50c. Sale Price 10c Pair.

LADIES' FINE WHITE COTTON VESTS, ribbed, with lace front; worth 35c. Sale Price 15c Each.

200-YARD SPOOL COTTON. 1c a Spool or 10c per Dozen.

LADIES' FINE SWISS EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, regular 15c quality. Sale Price 7c Each.

LADIES' FAST BLACK SEAMLESS COTTON HOSE, regular price 15c. Sale Price 8c Pair.

CHILDREN'S FAST BLACK RIBBED HOSE, seamless; worth 20c. Sale Price 9c Pair.

LADIES' PURE SILK GLOVES, tan shades; worth 50c. Sale Price 10c Pair.

LADIES' COTTON VESTS, ribbed, high neck and long sleeves; worth 25c. Sale Price 12c Each.

GOOD PINS. Two Papers for 1c.

LADIES' FINE SWISS EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS; worth 20c. Sale Price 11c Each.

LADIES' IMPORTED UNBLEACHED BALBRIGGAN HOSE, full regular made; worth 25c. Sale Price 9c Pair.

CHILDREN'S FINE TAN RIBBED HOSE, all sizes; worth 15c. Sale Price 5c Pair.

LADIES' RIBBED COTTON VESTS, regular price 10c. Sale Price 4c Each.

CHILDREN'S WHITE APRONS, regular value from 50c to $1 each. Sale Price 25c Each.

COLORED BORDERED HANDKERCHIEFS. 1c Each.

LADIES' BEAUTIFULLY EMBROIDERED SWISS HANDKERCHIEFS the regular 25c quality. Sale Price 12½c Each.

LADIES' TAN COTTON HOSE, Richelieu ribbed; worth 20c. Sale Price 9c Pair.

INFANTS' FAST BLACK RIBBED HOSE, imported, Hermsdorff dye; worth 15c. Sale Price 5c Pair.

LADIES' WHITE COTTON RIBBED VESTS, taped neck and sleeves; worth 25c. Sale Price 11c Each.

LADIES' CHAMOIS GLOVES, the genuine washable quality, in white and natural; worth $1. Sale Price 69c Pair.

VERY EXTRA SHOES.

All the freshest fashions in Footwear will be found here. There are savings to be made in them, too, that will amaze you. It's no wonder we have captured the Shoe trade of the town.

At $1.97 a pair—Our Ladies' fine Dongola Kid Button and Lace Shoes, in narrow or pointed toes, patent leather kid tips, strictly up to date in every detail, a good $3 Shoe, sale price $1.97 a pair.

At $2.85 a pair—Men's Fine Calf Lace or Congress Shoes, needle toes, elegantly made, also in oxblood, regular $4 Shoe, sale price $2.85.

At 98c—Ladies' Oxford Ties, in black, tan and oxblood, in all the new toes, regular $1.50 quality, at 98c pair.

Great reduction in Misses' and Children's Tan Shoes.

STATIONERY AND NOTION DEPARTMENT.

Extra quality White Envelopes, worth 5c, at 2c a package.
Yucca Root Oil Soap, worth 10c, at 3c a bar.
Ladies' Curling Irons, worth 10c, at 3c each.
Le Blache Face Powder, regular price 50c, our price 30c a box.
Vaseline, large bottles, worth 10c, our price 3c each.
Cut prices on all Toilet Articles.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

Stylish and up-to-date goods in every respect.

500 dozen Mixed Seamless Socks go this week at 50c per dozen.

150 dozen Men's Fast Black and Brown Seamless Socks, the fine 12½c grade, for this sale 8⅓c a pair.

175 dozen Men's Fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, the 75c quality, for this sale 40c each.

100 dozen Men's Balbriggan Undershirts and Drawers, worth 35c, at 19c each.

40 dozen Men's Finest Quality Pongee Silk Shirts, regular price $2, for this sale $1.15 each.

10 cases of Men's Fine Fedora Felt Hats, newest shapes, in black and colors, worth 2, at 80c each.

Men's Fine Cassimere and Cheviot Suits, choice patterns, regular $12.50 and $15 suits, for this sale $8.15 a suit.

Come with the Crowd and Secure Some of the Exceptional Bargains.

Kutner-Goldstein Company, The Tireless Toilers for Trade.

THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Fresno, Fresno County, California

PUBLISHED BY

The Fresno Republican Publishing Co.

J. W. SHORT, Editor and Manager.

The Great Newspaper of the San Joaquin Valley.

Largest Circulation. - The Most News.

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Daily Republican, one year, by mail	$8 00
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Daily Republican, three months, by mail	1 50
Daily Republican, per month, by carrier	60
Weekly Republican, one year, by mail	$1 50
Weekly Republican, six months, by mail	1 25

A NEEDED IMPROVEMENT.

The prospect for an improved service by the Southern Pacific Company in handling green fruit this season is encouraging. Such improvement will not only be calculated to result in better prices but in much better satisfaction to the consumers, all of which will be advantageous to the fruit growing interests. A San Francisco paper gives the following as an authorized report of the changes to be made:

The proposition is to run, on a special schedule, trains made up exclusively of fruit stowed in refrigerator cars. The object of the scheme is to ship the fruit from Sacramento between 6 p. m. and midnight and land it in Chicago at 3 a. m., or in New York at about the same hour a day later. Heretofore, the refrigerator fruit cars have gone on regular freight trains, and high speed has not been considered an imperative necessity. Now, however, with the promise of a crop larger than that of any preceding year, better arrangements are necessary. Trains of from fifteen to twenty carloads will be moved at a time. It is expected to make the run from Sacramento to Ogden in from forty-nine to fifty-three hours, and then when the cars have been routed by the Union Pacific or the Rio Grande Western, to rush them over the remaining distance to Chicago in about seventy-two hours, making the total time from Sacramento about 125 hours. If this can be done a very large quantity of fruit can be moved. The cars, empty, weigh from seventeen to twenty-four tons each, and carry exclusive of ice twelve tons of fruit.

If this plan can be made to work so that cars loaded at other points than Sacramento will be certain of going forward promptly when they arrive at that point, there can be no doubt that important benefits will be realized. With transportation facilities thus improved and with the various fruit growing districts so organized that the commission men will not be able to secure the biggest part of the profits, there will be no reason why the shipment of fresh fruits will not be as profitable to the producer as any other method of marketing their product.

A very large demand can be created for California fresh fruits in the East when they are placed on the markets in first-class condition, and the proposed improvement in shipping facilities will go a long way towards bringing about that result.

WORSE THAN LUNACY.

When the new state commission of lunacy was organized the other day, the following report of the proceedings was received through the press dispatches:

The new state commission of lunacy, consisting of Governor Budd, Attorney General Fitzgerald, Secretary of State Brown, Dr. F. W. Hatch, general superintendent of state hospitals, and Dr. W. P. Mathews, secretary of the state board of health, organized yesterday. Governor Budd was elected chairman, John F. Carrere, a former newspaper man of Los Angeles, was the choice of the commission for secretary at a salary of $150 per month. The governor said that Carrere was thoroughly competent; that he assisted in the framing of and worked for the passage of the law through the last legislature.

If the reputation given this accomplished secretary by the Los Angeles *Times* and other papers of the state is warranted by the facts, and to our knowledge they have not been disputed, the indorsement given him by Governor Budd might as fittingly have been bestowed upon any other able penman whose services may be commanded for a transaction of more than ordinary rascality.

This J. F. Carrere is the distinguished party who prepared for the benefit of Collis P. Huntington and others an alleged petition of remarkable numerical strength which purported to represent the wishes of the people of Los Angeles in asking that Santa Monica instead of San Pedro be given the federal appropriation for a deep water harbor. The first result of this petition was to create astonishment and consternation in the ranks of the advocates of San Pedro, but this feeling was very suddenly changed when it was ascertained that many of the signatures to the petition were forged, and the whole transaction a remarkably brazen fraud. When called to account for his connection with this impudent piece of rascality, Carrere's defense is said to have been that he was merely hired to do the dirty work, and that it was not a forgery for the reason that no such persons as those whose signatures he wrote were residents of Los Angeles.

This is the man who has been made secretary of the state commission of which Governor Budd is the chairman, and for whose fitness for the place the Governor stands as sponsor. It would be interesting to know if Carrere's fine work on the fraudulent petition is reckoned by the Governor among the other evidences of his fitness to hold a responsible position in the service of the state.

MISS ROBINE EDWARDS, the first woman graduate from the Pacific seminary, has received a call to preach from the Congregational church at Hillyard, Washington. Doubtless this incident will be the occasion of some more comment about women crowding men out of the professions and destroying the possibility of founding families, though there seems to be no good reason why the latter result should be anticipated. The young lady will probably get the same salary that would have been paid a male preacher, and will be in a position to marry and support some worthy, economical man if she so desires. If she fails to do this she will be subject to disapproval for disobeying a scriptural injunction, and being a preacher of course she will not do that.

THE question of abolishing the guillotine for the execution of criminals and establishing therefor asphixiation by gas is being agitated in France. There is probably no more humane method of taking life than by asphixiation, and to those who believe that painless and unrevolting execution is the most desirable it has several points of superiority over the gory French method of decapitation.

A SAN JOSE fruit drying company is going into the business of drying vegetables, its first experience being with potatoes. The dried spuds are said to be very satisfactory to consumers, and are being shipped in considerable quantities to San Francisco. If the enterprise proves successful the drying of vegetables will soon become an important industry.

A DUTY of 2 cents on raisins, Zante currants and other dried fruits is an improvement on the Wilson bill, but is at least a half cent lower than it should be. The people of California are looking confidently to Senators Perkins and White to take a determined stand in behalf of their interests as expressed in the house bill.

THE government is experimenting with some new kind of armor plate with a view to giving Mr. Carnegie and his blow-hole variety a frigid farewell. The parting would be a sad one for the thrifty millionaire, but the country would bear up under the shock with equanimity.

FAIR duties for western products or no protective tariff should be the position of all the senators from western states. The situation is such that eastern interests are not in a position to dominate and they should not be permitted to do so.

THE proposition to appoint M. H. de Young, proprietor of the San Francisco *Chronicle*, director-general of the American exhibit at the Paris Exposition will meet with general approval. It is a position which De Young is well qualified to fill.

WHEN General Weyler read the horrible details of the fire in Paris he doubtless heard a sigh of regret that the holocaust was not of his ordering and the roasted bodies those of Cuban patriots.

BOSTON boasts of having the only genuine living gorilla ever brought to this country. But why is not Boston satisfied with the distinction of having produced the only John L. Sullivan?

THE ladies' congress now understands why it is so much easier to have war in the orient than it is in the localities with which they are more familiar.

BAKERSFIELD's water supply is very short, but the fact is not considered a very serious one.

RANDOM REMARKS.

Phoenix (Arizona) has elected a recorder named Jobs. If he jobs his constituency—but probably somebody can work in that name in better style than I was about to do.

If the people of Sanger really want to give their boys a chance to brace up and be at home nights, is it not rather hard to think of any reason why they should not be permitted to do so?

The burning of the Parisian bazaar with its freight of human lives was a terrible casualty, but it is quite possible that the first reports exaggerate the extent of the disaster. It will long be remembered because among its victims were some of the very flower of the aristocracy and wealth of France, but that fact should make no difference in the amount of sympathy extended to those who were nearest in love to the victims. Death is Death, whether he enters the palace or the hovel, and the tears of those who mourn are tears whether they stain the cheeks of patricians or of plebeians. Genuine sympathy belongs of right to these Parisian patricians, and it would belong to them none the less were they of the canaille.

Writing of that Bakersfield 9-year-old who was arrested the other day for burglary, I suggested that he should be spanked and permitted to go, at the same time admitting that the case would be different if it had to do with murder. Responding, the Alameda *Encinal* says:

> "So it would be, A. J. W. The murderer would be turned loose almost anywhere in California, with not even the punishment you desire meted out to the small boy."

The response does not appear to be without a good deal of justification, either. Still, there is the case of Durrant. We might keep our eye on that, brother, as a striking illustration of the fact that murderers do not always escape justice in California. Of course this remark is made with the proviso that the case does not slip a cog before it reaches its culmination.

A.J.W.

The Ways of Indian Medicine Men.

Major A. E. Woodson, agent of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians of Oklahoma, says that the reign of the medicine men is one of the greatest outrages of the present day, and as a direct result of their pernicious practice one-third of the children born of Indian parents die every year.

Two of Black Coyote's children were taken sick, and, instead of taking them to the government hospital, he sent for the medicine man, who blew a green powder into the lungs, ears and the nostrils of one of the little patients. That medicine failing, the medicine man made an incision with his knife under the tongue of the child, with the result that death soon followed. When the green powder failed to restore the child to health, the medicine man declared that there was a ghost under the child's tongue, and it was to kill the ghost that he made the incision.

The medicine man then adopted heroic measures in order to save the other child. He took it into a tent, stripped it naked and laid it on a cot. He then heated a big pile of rocks in the tent and when they were hot he threw water on them, filling the tent with steam and causing the child to sweat copiously. When the child was covered with perspiration, he took it out in the cold air and sent it home without having taken any precaution to keep it from getting cold. Next morning the child was dead. This is only one of the hundreds of such outrages against the health and life of innocent people. The big medicine man of the Cheyennes is Little Man, who lives near Cantonement. He makes his medicines every year and distributes them to the other medicine men.—Boston Transcript.

With His Yellow Jacket.

Van Wither—The Chinese always claim to have had everything first, don't they?

Von Miner—Yes, and I have no doubt Li Hung Chang says he is the original fellow kid of modern journalism.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

From statistics recently published it appears that the dowries now given by French parents on the marriage of their children are becoming more slender. French parents are beginning to adopt the system of giving children away in marriage freely, without haggling over financial considerations.

Didn't Understand English.

A Chinaman was once "hauled up" before a magistrate in Sydney, New South Wales, and charged with some offense. In reply to his worship's usual query as to whether he pleaded guilty or not, he would only answer:

"Me no sabee! Me no talkee Englishee!"

The magistrate, however, who was quite accustomed to the proceeding on the part of many Celestials who came before him, turned to him and said:

"That answer won't do for me. You know English well enough, I'll be bound."

"Me no sabee—me no sabee!" were the only words to be drawn from obstinate Chinkey, and, no Chinese interpreter being in court, the magistrate, taking the matter into his own hands, directed the case to be proceeded with as if the accused had pleaded not guilty.

After hearing the evidence of the witnesses the accused was fined $10 and costs.

The clerk to the bench, who was a bit of a wag, called out to the accused:

"John, you are fined $25 and costs."

"No, no!" promptly replied the non-English speaking Chinese. "He say me fined only $10 and costs."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Baker & Colson refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. *

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

For one week only; Ladies' fine hand turned Oxford Ties, dark tan or chocolate, latest style of toe, elegant fitters, for $1.25 at the Philadelphia Shoe Store, near court house park. *

The Queen's Jubilee.

At a meeting of the committee appointed to make arrangements for celebrating the Queen's Diamond Jubilee it was proposed to have a banquet at the Barton Vineyard on the evening of June 22d, and all British-born subjects desiring to participate are requested to send in their names by June 1st to John H. Wilkinson, secretary, P. O. box 2857. Tickets to admit a lady and gentleman, $5; single tickets, $2.50 *

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. *

Extras.

As we carry one of the largest and most complete stocks of machine extras on the Pacific Coast, we can furnish you with knives, guards, sections, knife heads, pitman boxes and guard plates to fit the following mowers: Adriance Buckeye, Akron Buckeye, Champion, Deering, Knowlton, Jones' Chain, McCormick, Osborne, Triumph, Standard, Tiger and Woods; Holt, Houser Haines, Harvester Prince and Houser Harvesters; Hodge, Porteous, Star, Randolph, Tiger and Benicia Headers; link belting, elevator buckets, Jackson feeder chain, cylinder and concave teeth, for any and all machines. As we buy direct from the factories it will pay you to write for prices. Just received, a car of wheels, spokes, felloes and blacksmith supplies. Fresno Agricultural Works, Fresno, Cal. *

The True Remedy.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa (Ill.) *Chief*, says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottles free at Webster Bros' drug store, cor. K and Mariposa streets.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Webster Bros., druggists, cor. K and Mariposa streets.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Webster Bros., corner K and Mariposa streets.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free, sealed, in plain envelope, on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

The Best Made.

It is the most common-sense remedy known for the cure of disease.

Its current is felt all the time it is on the body, and can be regulated.

WHEN YOU HAVE MADE UP YOUR MIND to purchase an electric belt you undoubtedly want the best made. This can truly be said of Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt; that it has no superior in power of electric current, durability nor convenience in using. Electricity properly applied by a good electric belt is a most effective remedy for the cure of many nervous and chronic ailments and Dr. Sanden has devoted thirty years to the perfection of this electric belt, which now contains improvements possessed by no other appliance of the kind in the world. True, it costs more than some others, but it is worth more. When it cures its price is nothing, and this is the one object aimed at in constructing Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt—to cure. It does cure, and the book "Three Classes of Men" is full of proof—get it, free. Address

Dr. A. T. Sanden, Box A, 632 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.

FRESNO'S LATEST SENSATION

GREAT PUBLIC GIFT

OF

$25,000

For Less Than Half.

THE EXTRAORDINARY BANKRUPT STOCK SALE

AT

Wiener's I Street Stores.

Nothing approaching it in magnitude has ever been placed before the good people of Fresno county. As a stock it is new and decidedly high class, and during the progress of this wonderful sale you will realize to an unusual extent the pleasure of purchasing fine goods at rough price. We say rough advisedly, beause the set of circumstances that has led to this sale has been particularly rough on the manufacturers and jobbers. But that is not your fault. The goods are here, the prices are ridiculously low, and IT WILL be your fault if you don't take advantage of this glorious opportunity. The sale begins on

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1897,

And will be continued for 30 days. But, as some of the lots are not large and the prices wonderfully low, we desire to impress upon you the necessity of an early call for the best bargains. A few items may interest you, and undernoted we give you a synopsis:

Boys' Clothing.

The boy is father to the man, and by taking advantage of this sale you can show some of best dressed fatherhood of the future. For example:

A line of Boys' Suits, no shoddy, but genuine wool goods, regular value $2.50, for............$1.25

A line of Youths' Long Pants Suits, regular value $6.50, for............$3.50

150 pairs Boys' Wool Knee Pants, regular value 50c, for............25c

100 pairs High Grade Knee Pants, regular value $1.25, for............50c

Men's Clothing.

In these days when shoddy trash is so much in evidence at "cheap sales," it will be refreshing to our patrons to inspect our lines of high class Clothing, and AT SUCH PRICES:

A line of All Wool Gents Suits, beautifully made and in elegant design, regular price $14.50, for............$9.50

A line of exquisite Plaids in all wool, regular price $15, for............$7.95

A line of handsome Plaids, new patch pockets and elegantly finished, regular price $12.50, for............$7.50

A line of Men's Wool Mixture Suits in neat designs, regular value $7.50, for............$4.50

Gents' Summer Wear.

We have some extraordinary bargains in this department:

A line of Men's Summer Coats in neat blue and brown stripes, regular price 75c, for............25c

A line of Gents' Linen Suits, the very acme of perfection for summer wear, regular price $5, for............$3.50

A line of Men's Dusters, you must see them, for............25c

We have also an extensive assortment of Men's Dusters and Alpaca Coats and Vests in the better grades at equally low prices in proportion.

Gents' Black Worsted Suits.

We have in this stock a magnificent line in Round and Square Sacks and Frocks, regular value $15, for...$9.65

Shoe Department

A great writer once wrote that ignorance is more damnable than humbug. In the case of Shoes we differ. The ignoramus may sell a bad shoe unwittingly, but the humbug knows paper when he sells it and calls it leather. This market has lately suffered from such a plethora of trash, that we are proud to place before you goods of merit at tremendous cuts:

200 pairs Children's Fine Black Dongola Button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 2, regular price $1.50, for	85c
200 pairs Children's Russet Button Shoes, regular price $1.50, for	95c
50 pairs Buckingham & Hecht's Ladies' Spring Heel Shoes, regular value $4, for	$1.00
150 pairs Children's and Misses' French Pebbles, regular value $1.50, for	95c
130 pairs Boys' heavy Kip Bals, regular price $1.50, for	75c
350 pairs Ladies' Oxford Ties, in black, russet and oxblood, cheap at $1.50, for	75c
50 pairs Ladies' Razor Toe Russet Button Shoes reduced from $1.75 to	97c
75 pairs Ladies' Oxford Ties, in round or square toe, are simply a gift at	58c
Men's Brogans, regular value $1.50, for	95c
Men's Brogans, tap sole and heavily nailed, regular price $2, for	$1.25
Men's Congress Shoes, regular price $1.50, for	95c
100 pairs Fine Shoes, gorings slightly defective, value $4 to $5, all of them are splendid makes, for	$1.25
200 pairs Congress and Bals Calf Shoes, regular $2.50, for	$1.50

THESE LINES ONLY TOUCH THE OUTER RIM OF OUR BARGAINS.

Suspenders.

Nothing is more annoying than bad ones. Ours are all good. And just think:

Men's High Grade Suspenders, regular value 25c, for............5c

We restrict the sale of these to two pairs to a customer.

A handsome line for............10c

A handsomer for............15c

Our 50c line for............25c

Our 75c line for............50c

To appreciate these goods you must see them. You will admit they lick creation.

Shirt Department.

Every year brings us nearer perfection in the beauty and fit of this important part of man's raiment. This year crowns all its predecessors, and the results are beauties, greater than thought of poet penned or painter limned. From our 15c Tennis Flannel to our elegant White Silks is a far cry, but just come and see them and realize what 50 cents on the dollar really means in Shirts.

Neckties.

Our line of these goods will be a revelation to you, and 50 cents on the dollar is no name for their value. They loom up like a vision of the Arabian Nights. Just come and see them.

Underwear Department

This forms one of our most unassailable points, and our values are simply enchanting. We are showing a line at 10c that our Cheap John imitators would unblushingly ask 40c for.

Our better lines at 25c, 45c, 50c, 75c and $1 are worth double.

You cannot afford to let these goods pass.

Hat Department.

Our bargains in this department are simply legion:

In Straw Hats we are throwing away a line of Child's, value 25c, for. 5c Each

Men's Straw Hats, worth 50c, for...25c

Men's Fedora Hats, well worth $1.75, during this sale for............69c In beautiful black, browns and drabs,

WE WANT TO SAY SOMETHING SPECIAL REGARDING MEN'S PANTS—The stock we have just secured excels in quantity and quality anything ever laid down here. We have the making of the prices, and they will astonish you. We are offering $3 Wool Pants for $1.50; $3.50 all Pure Wool for $1.75, and our better goods at like proportion. We have here unfolded part of our tale, and when you visit us we shall complete it. A visit will prove that in presenting our case we have told you the truth. We earnestly press you to call and remember that on Saturday, May 1, 1897, these bargains will only be found at

Wiener's I Street Stores

1012 TO 1018 I STREET. FRESNO.

GREAT SCOTT

Well, that about expresses it. Never in our born days have we seen such a big crowd in B. T. Scott's store as that of yesterday and the day before. How it flashed about town. The way Scott is selling

3 lbs of Canned Pineapples for 20 Cents.

Nothing like it has ever been offered before in this state. Scott's whole big corner window is chock-a-block with Water Oils. You must get one. Nothing ails 'em, but he is going to get rid of them at 15 cents a gallon. So you want to get a hurry up, quick move on you. They won't last long.

SUMMER CAMPING

—AT—

Wawona.

The Wawona Hotel Co. are offering great inducements to campers for the coming summer months. They have erected platforms on which tents can be pitched, which they furnish free of charge. Private camp grounds are also reserved for families. A dancing platform has also been erected. Among the many attractions around Wawona is the Lake, which has been enlarged, where boats can be had without cost. Signal Peak 8 miles, Big Trees by trail 4 miles, Chinquapin Falls 6 miles and but 26 miles to Yosemite Valley. Trout fishing has been greatly improved by the millions of young trout placed in the streams by the Wawona State Fish Hatchery. The store is under the new management of E. N. Baxter, where groceries can be bought at Fresno prices, freight added. The meat market is under the management of George H. Bernhard, where meat can be had at prices to suit the times. Hay and grain will be furnished to campers at cost.

NEW :- STORE

—WILL OPEN—

Saturday, May 10th

And will sell the following lines of goods CHEAPER than Fresno has ever seen them before:

LADIES' AND MEN'S SHOES,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
STATIONERY,
JEWELRY AND NOTIONS

We invite everybody to call. Our goods and prices will do the rest.

1139 I STREET,

Next to Stephens & Bean, undertakers, between Mariposa and Fresno streets.
PEARSON & OHLGREN, Props.

Auction Sale!

Auction Sale!

By order of Robert Smith I will sell on

SATURDAY, MAY 8TH,

At the City Stables, cor. H and Merced streets,

25—HEAD OF HORSES—25.

Sale positive. No reserve.
C. H. SWETT, Auctioneer.

OPERATE WATERWORKS OF YOUR OWN

—BY USING THE—

Bond Gas Engine

AND PUMP.

Just the thing for suburban residences. Cheapest and most available power. See them at G. W. Bond's machine shop, 1321 Mono street, Fresno.

CORNWELL & LONG,
Professional Funeral Directors.

Special attention given to Embalming, Disinterring, Removing and Shipping of Bodies.

Telephone Block 171. 1027 J Street

A. Weilheimer,

MANUFACTURER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Harness, Saddlery, Etc.

—IMPORTER AND DEALER IN—

CARRIAGES, ● BUGGIES, ● ETC.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING AND HARNESS REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Nos. 1142-44-46-48 North I Street, Fresno, Cal.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Germain Martin, also known as Martin Martin, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned, administrator of the estate of Germain Martin, also known as Martin Martin, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, personally, at his office in the court house, in the County of Fresno, State of California, or at the office of Everts & Ewing, attorneys for said administrator, rooms 2 and 3, First National Bank building, City of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California.

Dated May 6th, 1897.

L. H. CHURCH,
Administrator of the estate of Germain Martin, also known as Martin Martin, deceased.
Everts & Ewing, attorneys for administrator.
m5

Telephone 39. 1141 I Street.
STEPHENS & BEAN,
Leading Undertakers,
WHITE HEARSE. BLACK HEARSE.
Graduated Embalmers.
Everything requisite for Funerals

—GO TO THE—

GILT EDGE LUNCH COUNTER

1023 I street, for the
BEST 15 CENT MEAL IN TOWN
GEORGE SCHORLING, Prop.

EXOTICS.

Lilies that bloom out of season, lilac with never a leaf,
Roses that have not the perfume should live in the heart of a rose.
Could ye not wait till the summer? for now is the year at its close.
Winter beleaguers us truly, but spring shall soon bring us relief.

Lilies shall flower in my garden, lilac shall come with the May,
Roses shall bloom by the pathways, rose leaves lie on the lawn.
Could ye not wait till the thrushes woke you with them ere the dawn
Flushed all the west and the summer came with the fullness of day?

The life was yours, and the summer waited to give you the sun,
Warm dews of night in the starlight, wonderful whisper of rain,
Songs of the nightingale, ever yearning, an angel in pain.
All had been yours had ye waited, lilies and roses undone.

—H. D. Lowry in New York Tribune.

CROSSING THE GULF.

They were both guests at the same country house that autumn. He was an artist, handsome, gifted, well born, but poor as the proverbial church mouse and proud as Lucifer. She was an heiress, who, on attaining her majority some three years ago, had come into about $5,000 a year. Added to this attraction she was beautiful, clever and charming. She was bright, high spirited and very independent, as suitors soon found to their cost.

"You'll be an old maid, Isbel," remonstrated the aunt with whom she lived. "You are nearly 24, my dear."

"I don't care, auntie," laughed the young lady. "An old maid is as good as anything, a thousand times better than having a husband one doesn't care for. I'm not in love, dear, and so I mean to keep my freedom."

That was said—and said truly then—some weeks before she came on this visit to Halcombe Grange and there met the artist, Eric Errington, but could she have said the same as truly now, when the visit was drawing to a close? The lips might perhaps. The heart was another matter entirely, and she knew it. She was no tyro of a girl in her teens, but a woman who lived in the world and neither could nor would deceive herself. She knew that she loved Errington and he loved her, despite his proud reticence and silence. What woman could not read between the lines! What man could possibly at all times completely guard every look and tone and touch when thrown so constantly each day with the loved one? He is unconscious how or when his secret is betrayed to that one.

But no one save Isbel Brandon herself suspected Errington's secret. He neither held aloof nor markedly sought her. But there were one or two others among the party who did so, and one day Major Glyn, the host, said half jestingly to Eric:

"My dear fellow, why don't you try your chance with the beautiful heiress and win a fortune and therewith a speedy rise to fame?"

"Thank you, not I," said the artist, with a laugh and shrug, to cover the deeper feelings stirred. "I have no intention of being ticketed 'fortune hunter' by the world or the fair lady herself. Even a poor devil of an artist may keep his pride and honor untarnished."

"But, Errington, nonsense!" Glyn said. "Suppose you really cared for a girl who happened to be rich?"

"So much the worse for me, Glyn."

"You really mean that you wouldn't woo her or ask her hand?"

"Never," said the other.

This had passed on the terrace.

Some one half behind the lace curtains of a window above drew back, with quivering lips and heaving breast.

"Is this terrible gold of mine to be ever, then, a hopeless barrier between two lives?" Isbel muttered, locking her white hands. "He will never speak, never breathe a word, and I— Heaven, what can I—the woman—say or do without shame? And yet—yet—is gold and a mistaken but noble pride and sense of honor to keep us apart forever? I know he loves me—would tell me so at once were I poor. Oh, it is cruel, cruel! Something ought—must be done, but what?"

There it was; she, the woman, was so helpless. And shortly after this the party broke up.

* * * * * *

A month later the artist one evening received a letter from Isbel, and, to his utter surprise and joy, oddly mixed with pain, she wished him to paint her portrait. Would he please call on her at 11 the next day.

Of course he would go, but how go through the ordeal without self betrayal?

Isbel had to strive with herself much harder for the ordeal she had at length, with an infinite courage, resolved to face. Therefore was it she had named an hour free from all visitors, and when her aunt, Mrs. Brandon, would still be in her own apartment. One of the two, she saw, must cross the Rubicon and burn the boats behind if both their lives were to be saved from wreck, and since he would not, well, she, the heiress, must, whatsoever the cost.

When she was told he was in the drawing room—when almost the actual moment had arrived—her heart sank, and at the very door she had to pause a minute to pull herself together. Then she went in. How the man's dark eyes lighted up! How unconsciously close was the clasp of his hand on hers! If she had had one fleeting doubt of his love, that second must have dispelled it.

"What a pleasure to see you again, Miss Brandon!" he said. "And what an honor you do me to let me paint your portrait!"

"Is it? It is good of you to call it so," Isbel answered brightly, but inwardly every nerve was quivering and strained. "Aunt Mary began again yesterday about having my picture done, so I wrote to you. My aunt will be down presently, but in the meanwhile we can arrange the sittings, dress and so forth."

Errington passed by the "so forth," and only arranged for her dress and the sittings.

"But now," she said, "that that is settled, we come to—you must please name your"—

"Pardon me," Errington interposed, with resolute quietude that in itself gave her fresh surety of her ground, "but you must do me the great favor to let that part rest until the work is finished. You are not like a stranger"—

"Indeed, I hope not," Isbel said gently. "Well, be it as you please, then."

"Thank you very much, Miss Brandon."

He rose.

She, too, stood up. The moment had come. The woman's heart stood still for a moment that was agony. Two lives' happiness or misery hung on her courage or failure.

"Well, I suppose your time is valuable?" she said, turning to him, but her eyes did not fully meet his. "By the bye, Mr. Errington, I believe—if I am rightly informed—that I have come to congratulate you!"

"Congratulate me!" repeated the artist in genuine surprise. "For what? On what account?"

His surprise and, oddly enough, the very comedy of the position gave her new courage. "Why, I heard that you are engaged to an heiress," she said.

The Rubicon was crossed. There was no going back now, come what would. Errington flushed to the brow, then paled again.

"It is absolutely untrue," he said in a strained way and drew back a step. "It never could be true of me!"

"But why not?" persisted Isbel, now standing to her colors with true feminine staunchness, her eyes aglow, her soft tones steady. "If, as I heard, you are attached to her, why should your engagement be an impossibility, as you imply?"

Had some one—Glyn perhaps—dared to tell her this, meaning herself, but without naming her, flashed across Eric, in haughty wrath and pain.

"Why impossible?" he repeated, stung to a sort of desperation. "Because I am a poor, struggling man who holds his honor dearer even than love, if the story were true. Neither the world nor any woman born should have the right to believe me a dishonored fortune hunter."

"The world's judgment!" she said, and now her breath came quickly, her eyes flashed like diamonds. "You are not such a coward, I know, as to fear that. But is it much less cowardly to be afraid of even the risk of the woman's mistaking your motive—the woman you love, remember?" She was speaking with a strangely passionate if suppressed force that sent a sudden vague thrill through the man—a dim sense of something that dazzled him, of a personality beneath the overt meaning, an assertion of his love for the heiress as a fact, not a mere figure of argument. "The woman you love, remember, and whose happiness perhaps your pride may wreck as well as your own, who doubtless knows your heart's secret and curses the miserable gold and cruel pride that stands between your lives."

"Isbel!" Errington sprang to her side, caught her hands in his own. "My darling, my love from the first! Forgive, if you can, worse than fool that I have been. Ah, my poor Isbel!"

For the girl burst into tears as he locked her to his heart. The tension must needs give way at last, brave girl though she was.

"Oh, why were you so cruel? Why did you force me to—to— Oh, Eric!"

"My darling, forgive me! Because I loved so much I feared your scornful refusal. Why should you think me different from other wooers? And I never dreamed of this happiness, dearest," he said passionately. "One word—tell me you forgive your lover."

"Eric, I love you," she whispered and lifted her face for his kiss.

What matter if some of the world did say, when the marriage did take place, that it was the money the painter had sought? He cared not, and those who knew him and his wife knew well it was a love match entirely. The picture—not a mere portrait—of beautiful Mrs. Errington, when seen the next May at the academy, made a sensation and sent up the rising artist's name at once.

"So, after all, you see, Eric," his wife says, arch and tender in tone, "you will win the best in the end, fortune and fame."

"And the priceless treasure that neither gold nor fame could buy," he answers, smiling down on the dear face, "my wife."—Folks at Home.

Ancient and Modern Clothing.

Ancient wearing apparel was not cut to fit, as is our modern clothing. Having no definite shape of its own, it did not disguise the wearer's figure, and the grace and beauty of Greek drapery are dependent almost entirely on the perfect proportions of the figure beneath. The tunic worn by both Greeks and Romans was little, if at all, fitted to the wearer, and, when ungirded, hung in folds all round, while the toga was little more than a sheet and was worn in all sorts of ways according to the prevailing fashion. The Jews of old seem to have worn breeches, but the rest of their clothing seems to have been simply wrapped round them, for it was difficult for them to run or even walk fast without first "girding up their loins." The clothing of the northern races was probably always more of a fit than that of the southern, for they used leather, which does not lend itself to simple draping, but our ancestors probably wore an almost shapeless tunic belted at the waist. Another striking difference is found in the gradual monopoly by women of the ornamental element in dress. Once masculine dress was by far the most splendid, and woman, holding an absolutely subordinate social position, had to content herself with humbler attire. As she has won her way to freedom and equality she has annexed, not only the beautiful, but the extravagant elements of costume and left man to content himself with a condition of colorless utility.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Bells.

Bells were well known to the Egyptians before the time of the Jewish exodus. In the description of Aaron's sacerdotal robe mention is made of the fact that upon the hem of the garment there were bells of gold, alternating with pomegranates of blue, of purple and of scarlet: "A golden bell and a pomegranate, a golden bell and a pomegranate, upon the hem of the robe round about. And it shall be upon Aaron to minister, and his sound shall be heard when he goeth in unto the holy place before the Lord, and when he cometh out, that he die not." Hand bells were in common use all over the ancient world. The earliest use of bells in churches was for the purpose of frightening away the evil spirits which were believed to infest earth and air, and the earliest curfew was rung at nightfall to rid the neighborhood of the village or town and church of demons.

Most old churches of Europe have a small door on the north side, and at certain points in the service this door was opened, and a bell was rung to give notice to the devil, if he chanced to be present, that he might make his exit before the elevation. By the command of Pope John IX church bells were rung as a protection against thunder and lightning. The monument of Porsena, the Etrurian king, was decorated with pinnacles, each surmounted with a bell, which tinkled in the breeze. The army of Clothaire raised the siege of Sens on account of a panic occasioned among the men by a sudden chime from the bells of St. Stephen's church. The largest bell in the world is in the Kremlin at Moscow. Its weight is 250 tons, and the value of the bell metal alone, not counting the gold and silver ornaments which were thrown into the pots as votive offerings, is estimated at £66,565, or about $332,825.

His Excuse.

A young Londoner, who had never been out of London in his life, received an invitation from an acquaintance in the country, asking him to have a run over to his place for a few days and give him a lift at gathering mushrooms. This is the reply he got:

"Dear Jack—I'm very glad to hear as how you and the missus is all right, but I can't come over to see you, becos I'm afraid I would be no use at gathering mushrooms, for you know very well I can't climb."—Up to Date.

THE MENDICANTS.

We are as mendicants who wait
Along the roadside in the sun.
Tatters of yesterday and shreds
Of morrow clothe us every one.

And some are dotards, who believe
And glory in the days of old,
While some are dreamers, harping still
Upon an unknown age of gold.

Hopeless or witless! Not one heeds
As lavish time comes down the way
And tosses in the suppliant hat
One great new minted gold today.

But there be others, happier far,
The vagabondish sons of God,
Who know the players and the flowers
And care not how the world may plod.

They idle in the traffic lands
And loiter through the woods with spring.
To them the glory of the earth
Is but to hear a blackbird sing.

They, too, receive each one his day,
But their wise hearts know many things
Beyond the sating of desire,
Above the dignity of kings.

One, I remember, kept his coin,
And laughing flipped it in the air,
But when two strolling pipe players
Came by he tossed it to the pair.

Spendthrift of joy, his childish heart
Danced to their wild, outlandish bars.
Then supperless he laid him down
That night and slept beneath the stars.

—Bliss Carman in London Sun.

HIS FIRST WIFE.

Madison Janeway was always pointed out as a "self made man" and was apparently well satisfied with his own handiwork, for content radiated from his full face and from his figure, which had lost its youthful muscle under creeping waves of flesh. Mr. Janeway had satisfied his ambitions as far as it is possible for a man to do it. Fortunately for his content these aspirations were of the kind that are most often realized. He had a handsome wife and three bright children; he was president of the state bank, an institution known to be founded on the rock of sound finance; he had been mayor of Shewanee and was a member of the legislature. So much of earthly glory had fallen to his share.

When he read the obituary of another self made man, he always nodded his head sagely, as much as to say, "I know how it goes; I started with nothing myself." In fact, Mr. Janeway's election to the legislature came of the admiration the electors had for a man of the people. When his constituents hired a band and went to congratulate him, they found him ready with a speech. He said: "Fellow citizens, I will not try to hide from you my deep gratification at the result of the election. I wanted to be elected. I have wanted a good many things, and I've generally got them, but not without working. I started with nothing; I did chores for my keep; I went to school when I could, picked up a penny here and a penny there; I did any honest work that I could find. And where am I now? President of a bank, ex-mayor and a member of the legislature. I thank you, friends, for your votes, yet I feel that I have won my own way; that I am one, a private perhaps, in the great army of self made men." He bowed and retired amid loud applause. In another this speech would have provoked criticism, but one of the privileges of the self made man is to praise his maker without stint.

Mr. and Mrs. Janeway had but just come from a visit to their own house, which their architect assured them was in the purest style of the Gothic renaissance. But they were sure, too, which seemed to them of far more importance, that it was the finest house in town and quite eclipsed Mrs. Morgan's red brick mansion.

They were to move into it at once, and Mrs. Janeway went about the old house planning what should be left behind, as not coming up to the artistic standard of the new place. "Come here a minute, Madison," she called from an obscure entry back of the dining room.

Mr. Janeway laid down his paper and went to her, followed by Florry, their youngest child. "What is it, my dear?" he asked.

"Hadn't I better pack this away—the frame's so shabby that it isn't fit for the new house?" She pointed to a faded photograph hanging in a dark corner. It was the likeness of a plain woman, with a broad mouth and eyes widely separated; the hair was parted and drawn back from the forehead like two curtains; a watch chain picked out in gilt encircled her neck, and her lips and cheeks were touched by carmine, giving the face a ghastly pretense of life.

Mr. Janeway stared at it meditatively. "I hadn't noticed it for a long time," he said.

"Who is that lady, papa?" Florry asked, looking at the picture as if she saw it for the first time.

"Why, Florry, that was my first wife," he answered, surprised that she had not known it before.

"Was she my mamma too?"

"No, no," he replied hastily. "She was Sarah Deering."

"Wasn't she any relation to me?" the child persisted. She was but 8 years old, and the ramifications of kinship were yet a mystery to her.

"Of course not," her mother said rather sharply. "Your papa was married to her when he was very young—long before he lived here or knew me. I thought you had heard this before." She turned to her husband. "Madison, shall I lay this picture away?"

Mr. Janeway looked at her attentively. Was it zeal or an artistic ensemble, or was there a lurking jealousy of the woman who had come before? "Pack it away if you like," he said turning away. "It is shabby."

Long after his children and wife were sleeping Mr. Janeway sat smoking and thinking complacently of his success. He, Madison Janeway, had begun with nothing, and at 50 he had won the things he had longed for at 20. The opening and closing of the door attracted his attention. He looked up.

A woman walked across the room—a plain woman with an honest, ugly face and a short, thick figure.

"Who are you?" Mr. Janeway asked, frowning at her intrusion.

"Don't you know me, Maddy?" she returned.

He was startled when she called him Maddy—it was more than 20 years since he had been called that. "Are—you—are—you—but you can't be Sarah," he stammered. "She has been dead these many years."

"I am Sarah," she answered. "You have changed, Maddy."

"Yes—yes. We are apt to," he replied uneasily. "But you look just the same." He said this to see if she would account for her presence.

"The living can only see the dead as they were in life," she returned. "You sold the farm, didn't you?"

Mr. Janeway felt as if a reproach lay in the observation. "Yes, I sold the farm," he said. "I needed the money to put in other investments."

"I worked hard on that place," she said, crossing her hands—very rough, worn hands. "I worked hard there those years. I tried to save all I could, Maddy."

"You were a good wife, Sarah," he replied, "and both of us had our burdens, I guess."

"And it was my money that bought the farm. You had nothing when you came courting me, did you, Maddy? And you said that my being 30 years old and you being just of age made no difference."

"Yes, I suppose I said that, and I'm sure I always tried to be good to you," he said in answer to that unspoken reproach that seemed to lie behind her unspoken words. "I tried to treat you well."

"The money that came to me just before I died from Uncle John must have been a help. I left it and the farm to you, Maddy." Her dull eyes seemed to force him to acknowledge his debt.

"Yes—yes, Sarah. I know that I owe much to you. Without your help and money I should have had a much harder time getting on my feet. Yet I think I should have succeeded in any case." Mr. Janeway could not forbear offering this tribute to his self esteem. "However, I gratefully acknowledge your aid, Sarah."

"You have another wife now, Maddy, and children," she said, "but I was first. I believed in you, and I worked for you, oh, so willingly. I knew that you were different from me. I knew that you had hopes that stupid Sarah could never understand. I knew that I was not your companion in your work, but not in your hopes. I knew that we were growing farther apart every year that we lived together. I knew that while I was getting to be worked out and middle aged you were only coming to your prime. I knew that it was best that I died when I did—before I came to be a drag on you. Yet, Maddy, before her and your children I think you ought not to shame me, for I was your faithful wife, the wife of your youth, and I gave you all I had to give—my money, my love, my toil."

Before Mr. Janeway could answer she was gone, and he sat alone.

The next day, however, he took the old photograph down town and ordered for it a gorgeous frame. When it was returned, he hung it in his library where it looked strangely alien between a St. Cecilia and the Arabian Falconer, bought at the instigation of the architect.

Florry, with a child's quickness, noticed the fine gilt frame that surrounded the ugly, good face. "What have you done to the lady?" she asked. "Aren't you going to pack her away, like mamma said?"

"No; the picture is to stay here. Do you remember who I said it was?"

"Yes; it was your first wife."

Mr. Janeway took her on his knee. "Florry," he began soberly, "when I was a little boy, I was very poor, as poor as the Galts"—a family celebrated in the town for ill luck and poverty. "I went to school when I could, but that was mighty little, for I had to work most of the time. Sometimes I'd get most discouraged, but I had to work just the same. One year I worked for a man named Deering. He had a daughter, and when she found how much I wanted to go to school she lent me some money—money she had saved by pinching and scraping. After awhile her father died, and she married me. I had nothing, and she owned a good farm, but she married me. In six years she died and left everything to me. She gave me my start. She was a good woman and believed in me when nobody else did. The other night papa dreamed that he saw her and talked to her, and it made him feel ashamed that he had seemed to forget her."

Mr. Janeway felt that he was making a handsome reparation, but he was a man who aimed to do right. It was necessary to his self esteem.

The child wriggled from his arms and walked away, with an awed glance at the picture.

Mr. Janeway stared at it musingly. "Are you satisfied now, Sarah?" he caught himself saying. "Pshaw! That dream holds to me still," he exclaimed, "but anyhow I've done her justice."

And though the architect declared that the photograph quite spoiled the effect of the library and begged that it might be banished to some back room Mr. Janeway was firm, and the dull, good face of his first wife kept its place between the St. Cecilia and the Arabian Falconer.—Chicago News.

The New Ribbons.

The new ribbons are very delicate in texture like silken gauze, and the variety in grass linen effects has multiplied many times since last season. There are Scotch plaids, light tinted grounds plaided off with some strong color and scattered over with polka dots or sprays of flowers, and plain colors, with fancy edges of hair line stripes in various colors and checked borders, which are very effective. Taffeta seems to have the lead among the plain ribbons, and some of these are satin faced. Moire ribbons with corded edges are also seen.

Defects of Women's Beauty.

"Defects of Women's Beauty" is the title of a book by Baron Rudolf von Larisch, in which the author agrees with Schopenhauer in his denunciation of those who find comeliness in the "undergrown, small shouldered, big hipped and short legged sex." How much more grateful to the clear eye of art should be the noble proportions of the properly developed man, argues the baron. By numerous measurements he proves to his own satisfaction that, geometrically, the female form is a failure and that the male form is a success. Women themselves have shown since the days of Eve in the garden, the baron says, that they appreciate their inferiority in this respect. They have concealed their limbs in flowing garments, reaching sometimes to the knee, sometimes to the ankles, sometimes to the feet, but always far enough to hide from man the defects in their proportions. They now not only conceal their proportions to a large extent, he says, but they always seek to alter them, moving their waist up or down with stays, squeezing in their natural figures here and building them out there, and not scorning hoopskirts, bustles and crinoline in order to make themselves look as little as possible as nature made them.

The ballet girl would seem to confound part of the baron's argument, but he does not yield to this apparent defiance of his logic. He contends that woman dares to expose her defects in tights "only when she summons to her aid the most effective means of benumbing the intellect of man." The baron seems to feel, however, that he is in a losing fight, for he adds: "But most of the men of our times have ceased to perceive the defects of female beauty. Woman has deceived and misled her admirers so many generations with her smooth, long gowns that only a few, educated by research and by constant practice in measuring the proportions of the female form, fully clothed, have gained that clear, unbiased view which enables them to appreciate how skillfully woman has carried out the delusion as to her figure."—San Francisco Argonaut.

While strolling in the neighborhood of Brunton, England, a short time ago, a tourist noticed suspended on the branches of a tree an old paint can of medium size. On making an examination he found that the can contained the nest of a house sparrow, with young.

Removed.

S. LION

New and Second-Hand Furniture,

Carpets, Stoves, Tinware, Glassware, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Valises, etc., bought and sold.

Wants to buy about $500 worth of second-hand furniture. Call on or notify me at my new store,

1146 J Street,

Next to the Lytton Restaurant.

COSMOPOLITAN RESTAURANT

—SERVES—

THE BEST DINNERS

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Scollan Bros., Proprietors.

REMOVAL NOTICE

Colonel J. G. Anderson has removed his

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NOTARY PUBLIC
And PENSION OFFICE

To No. 958 J street, opposite Postoffice

Hotel Ramona

130 ELLIS STREET,
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(Adjoining Y. M. C. A. Building).

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First-class in every respect. Sanitary plumbing. Hot and Cold Water in Rooms. Elevator, electric lights and bells. Cars to all parts of the city pass the door.

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A first-class restaurant in connection with hotel, where meals are served at all hours, and where you can get the best and cheapest accommodation in this valley. A trial is all that is necessary.

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Proprietors, Sanger, Cal.

PROPOSALS

For Furnishing School Text Books.

The County Board of Education, in pursuance of Section 1874 of the Political Code, hereby gives notice that sealed bids or proposals for furnishing School Text Books on the branches hereinafter named will be received, opened and considered by said County Board of Education at the office of the County Superintendent of Schools at the Court House, in the County of Fresno, State of California, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, June 24, 1897.

The text books to be considered and adopted for use in the public schools of Fresno county, at said time and place, are: An Elementary Geometry, a Mental Arithmetic, a text book on Bookkeeping, a text book on Drawing, and a text book on Word Analysis or Defining.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the County Board of Education in session this 24th day of April, 1897.

THOS. J. KIRK, Secretary.

Fresno, Cal., April 24, 1897. ap25end 30t

Notice of Sale of Insolvent Property.

In the Superior court, County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of Christian Sauer, in Insolvency.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT PURSUANT to an order of the Superior court of Alameda County, duly made and entered, I will sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, May 11th, 1897, at the steps of the court house of Alameda County, in the city of Oakland, all the right, title and interest of the above named insolvent in and to that certain lot and parcel of land, situate in Fresno County, State of California, and described as follows: Lot number 15 in block number 9 of the Altamont addition to the City of Fresno.

G. H. PERRY,
Assignee of Christian Sauer, in Insolvency.

STEAM CARPET CLEANING

The only way to get rid of the most annoying and damaging insects (moths) is to send your carpets to

1157 I STREET

To be cleaned by steam process, and you will have a clean house. Tel. Red 112

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Kings River and Fresno Canal Company, for the election of a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, room 9, Fresno National Bank building, Fresno City, California, on Monday, May 10th, 1897, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Fresno, April 24th, 1897.
W. H. INGRIS, Secretary
a24td

REMOVAL NOTICE

The business office of The Republican is now located at

1842 Tulare Street,

Next door to Postoffice on the west.

The editorial rooms remain 947-949 I street, next to Postoffice on the south.

Summons.

State of California, County of Fresno.

In the superior court in and for said county.

Driver & Sims and Everts and Ewing, attorneys for plaintiff.

The people of the state of California to Albert E. Galpin and Esther Galpin, greeting:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT AN action was commenced in the superior court of the county of Fresno, state aforesaid, by the filing of the complaint in the clerk's office of said court on the 18th day of January, 1897, in which action James Bailey is plaintiff and you are defendants.

That the general nature of the action, as appears from said complaint, is as follows: To obtain a judgment against the said defendants, Albert E. Galpin and Esther Galpin, for the sum of $256.70, in gold coin of the United States, being the amount alleged to be due at the date of said complaint, to-wit: January 7, 1897, upon a certain promissory note made by the said defendants, Albert E. Galpin and Esther Galpin to J. H. Shirley, and by him assigned to plaintiff herein, dated February 23, 1895, payable two years after date for the sum of $250, $50 having been paid thereon, with interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum; also judgment for the sum of $100, attorney's and counsel fees, and for costs of suit. Also to obtain a decree of this court for the foreclosure of said mortgage executed by said defendants, Albert E. Galpin and Esther Galpin, to J. H. Shirley, the mortgagee therein named, and afterward assigned by said J. H. Shirley to the plaintiff herein, dated February 23, 1895, to secure the payment of the aforesaid promissory note, which mortgage was recorded on the 11th day of March, 1895, in book 113 of Mortgages, page 25 et seq., Fresno county records, and that the premises affected by and described in said mortgage, to-wit: All that real property situated in the county of Fresno, state of California, and known, designated and described as follows:

The northwest quarter of section four (4), in township twenty-one (21) south, range sixteen (16) east, of M. D. M., containing 159.96 acres, together with all the improvements thereon, and the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the expenses of sale, the costs of this action, and the amount found due. And in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, that judgment be docketed against the said defendants, Albert E. Galpin and Esther Galpin, for the balance remaining due; and also, that the said defendants, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief.

And you are hereby directed to appear and answer said complaint within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served upon you in said county of Fresno, and within thirty days, exclusive of the day of service, if served elsewhere; and you are further notified that unless you so appear and answer within the time above specified, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

In testimony whereof, I, T. G. Hart, clerk of the court aforesaid, hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said court this 18th day of January, A. D. 1897.

[SEAL.] T. G. HART, Clerk.
By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk.

(Endorsed.) No. 7616, Department 2, in the superior court of Fresno county, state of California.

James Bailey, plaintiff, vs. Albert E. Galpin and Esther Galpin, defendants.

SUMMONS.

Everts & Ewing and Driver & Sims, attorneys for plaintiff. a10td

BANKING HOUSES.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital	$3,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits October 1, 1894	3,158,129 78
William Alvord	President
Charles R. Bishop	Vice President
Thomas Brown	Cashier
B. Prentiss Smith	Assistant Cashier
I. F. Moulton	Second Ass't Cashier
Allen M. Clay	Secretary

CORRESPONDENTS:

New York, Messrs. Laidlaw & Co.; The Bank of New York, N. B. A.
Boston, Tremont National Bank.
London, Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Paris, Messrs. De Rothschild Freres.
Virginia City, Nev., agency of the Bank of California.
Chicago, Union National Bank and Illinois Trust and Savings Bank.
St. Louis, Boatmen's Bank.
Australia and New Zealand, Bank of New Zealand.
China, Japan and India, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

Letters of credit issued, available in all parts of the world.

DRAWS DIRECT on Boston, New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Salt Lake, Denver, Kansas City, New Orleans, Portland, Or., Los Angeles, and on London, Paris, Berlin, Hamburg, Bremen, Frankfort-o-M., Copenhagen, Stockholm, Christiana, Melbourne, Sydney, Auckland, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama Genoa, and all cities in Italy.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
—OF—
THE FARMERS' BANK OF FRESNO

Showing its financial condition at the close of business January 1st, 1897.

RESOURCES.	
Bank premises, furniture and fixtures	$68,000 00
Other Real Estate	46,744 51
Loans and Discounts	293,819 46
Wheat Loans	9,035 01
County Warrants	100 00
Collections in transit	5,556 17
Other Assets	912 24
Cash on Hand	74,588 47
Due from Banks	20,983 84
Total Resources	$520,031 71
LIABILITIES.	
Capital St	$200,000 00
Reserve Fund	10,000 00
Undivided Profits	15,083 97
Certified Checks	20 00
Due Depositors	294,927 74
Total Liabilities	$520,031 71

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF FRESNO.

The Oldest Bank in Fresno County.

Capital	$100,000
Surplus and undivided profits	165,000
O. J. Woodward	President
E. Kennedy	Vice-President
T. C. White	Secretary
E. A. Walrond	Cashier
W. R. Price	Assistant Cashier

This bank transacts a general banking and exchange business, issues letters of credit, draws direct on China and all the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

Directors—Jacob Vogel, E. Kennedy, T. C. White, C. L. Walter, O. J. Woodward.

FRESNO NATIONAL BANK.

Opposite the Postoffice.

Paid up capital	$200,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	20,000.00

John McMullin, President.
F. P. Wickersham, Vice President.
G. Allison Telfer, Cashier.

Directors—John McMullin, F. P. Wickersham, D. A. Reed, F. D. Vanderlip, Arch A. Smith, Thos. W. Patterson, W. F. McVey.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—
Bank of Central California

At the close of business December 31st, 1896:

ASSETS.	
Cash on hand	$67,520 96
Cash due from banks and bankers	81,194 94
Total available cash	$148,715 90
Stocks, bond and warrants	14,480 40
Loans and discounts	238,405 65
Real estate	62,988 21
Furniture and fixtures	1,000 00
Other assets	500 95
Total assets	$466,091 11
LIABILITIES.	
Capital (paid up)	$210,000 00
Surplus	2,000 00
Undivided profits	10 280 36
Due depositors	243,810 75
Total liabilities	$466,091 11

Order to Show Cause

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

In the matter of the estate of Stephen Shahamarian, deceased.

JOHN M. SEROPIAN, THE ADMINISTRATOR of the estate of Stephen Shahamarian, deceased, having filed his petition herein duly verified, praying for an order of sale at private sale of the whole of the real estate of said decedent for the purposes therein set forth. It is therefore ordered by this court that all persons interested in said estate of said deceased be and appear before the Superior court of the county of Fresno in Department 1 thereof on Monday, the 31 day of May, 1897, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the court room of Department 1 of said Superior court, at the court house in the city of Fresno, in said county of Fresno, state of California, then and there to show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be granted and made by said court authorizing the said administrator to sell the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased at private sale or public auction, as to the court shall seem for the best interests of said estate, and as shall be necessary or proper, and that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks in the Fresno Morning Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the city of Fresno, in said county of Fresno.

Dated March 31st, 1897.

E. W. RISLEY,
Judge of the Superior court.

Carter & Smith, Attorneys for administrator. a1

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company, for the election of a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, room 9, Fresno National Bank building, Fresno City, California, on Monday, May 10th, 1897 at 2 o'clock p. m.

Fresno, April 24th, 1897.
W. H. INGRIS, Secretary.
a24td

Order of Adjudication of Insolvency.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

In the matter of W. T. Cox an insolvent debtor.

W. T. COX HAVING FILED IN THIS court his petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency from which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, the said W. T. Cox is hereby declared to be insolvent. It is hereby ordered that the sheriff of the county of Fresno, be, and he is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of said W. T. Cox, insolvent debtor, whatsoever and wheresoever situate, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee of his estate. All persons having the same or any part thereof in his or their possession are hereby directed to deliver said property to said sheriff. And all persons are hereby forbidden to pay any debts to said insolvent, or to deliver any property belonging to such insolvent to him, or to any person, firm, corporation or association for his use, and the said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property until the further order of this court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered, that all the creditors of said debtor whose claims shall have been filed with the clerk of said court at least two days prior to the date next hereinafter named, be and appear before the Hon. E. W. Risley, judge of the Superior court of the County of Fresno, in open court at the court room, of said court, in the county of Fresno, on the 7th day of May, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in The Fresno Morning Republican, a daily newspaper of general circulation, published in the county of Fresno, as often as the said newspaper is published before the day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered, that, in the meantime, all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

Dated April 27, A. D. 1897.

E. W. RISLEY,
Judge of the Superior Court.

E. D. Edwards, Attorney for Petitioner. a29

Notice of Commissioner's Sale of Real Estate.

In the Superior court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

Louis Rowe plaintiff, vs. Ella Donahoo, administratrix, etc., et al., defendants. No. 1125.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of sale issued out of the Superior court of the County of Fresno, State of California, on the 26th day of April, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage, made and entered therein on the 19th day of April, 1897, in the above entitled action, in said Superior court, wherein the said plaintiff obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure against the defendants in said action, I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the County of Fresno, State of California, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The south half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-three, in township sixteen south, of range twenty-one east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

And public notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 22d day of May, 1897, at the hour of 12 noon, at the front door of the Fresno County court house, in the City of Fresno, in said County of Fresno, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, to the highest and best bidder, in gold coin of the United States.

F. M. HELM,
Commissioner appointed by said Superior court.

M. K. Harris, attorney for plaintiff. a29

Trustees' Sale.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND under the authority of a certain deed of trust, duly executed by LEWIS WAGGENER (sometimes called LOUIS WAGGENER), party of the first part, to HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, trustees, parties of the second part, and the SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION, party of the third part, dated November 20th, 1895, and recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the County of Kings, State of California, in Liber 2 of Trust Deeds, at pages 44 and following; and also recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county of Fresno, State of California, in Liber 114 of Deeds, at pages 230 and following; and in pursuance of a resolution passed on the 25th day of March, 1897, by the Board of Directors of said SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION, a corporation, and the holder of the note (No. 13,706), to secure payment of which the aforesaid Deed of Trust was executed, declaring that default had been made in the payment of the principal sum and other sums due under said note and Deed of Trust, and requesting and directing said HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, Trustees, to sell the real estate described therein to satisfy said indebtedness.

We, HENRY C. CAMPBELL and THADDEUS B. KENT, trustees, do hereby give notice that on TUESDAY, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, and at the auction salesroom of EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO., No. 635 Market street, in the city and county of San Francisco, State of California, we will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in gold coin of the United States, the pieces or parcels of land, situate partly in the county of Fresno and partly in the county of Kings, State of California, described as follows, to-wit:

According to the official plats and system of surveys of the Government of the United States:

In township seventeen (17) south, range twenty-two (22) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian:

Of section eight (8): the north half of the southwest quarter (N½ of SE¼); the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (SW¼ of SE¼); the east half of the southwest quarter (E½ of SW¼); and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (SW¼ of SW¼);

Containing in all, two hundred and forty (240) acres of land, more or less;

Together with the appurtenances.

Terms of sale—Cash in gold coin of the United States; 10 per cent payable to the undersigned on the fall of the hammer; balance on delivery of deed, and if not so paid, unless for want of title (ten days being allowed for search), then said 10 per cent to be forfeited and the sale to be void. Acts of sale at purchaser's expense.

HENRY C. CAMPBELL,
THADDEUS B. KENT,
Trustees.

a8

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 7713.

Superior court, county of Fresno.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale.

Fresno Loan and Savings Bank (a corporation), plaintiff, vs. H. St. George Hopkins and Annie M. Hopkins (his wife), defendants.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, of state of California, on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1897, in the above-entitled action, wherein Fresno Loan and Savings Bank (a corporation), the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against H. St. George Hopkins and Annie M. Hopkins (his wife), defendants, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the sum of four hundred and sixty-four and 19-100 ($464.19) dollars in gold coin of the United States, besides interest, which said decree was, on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1897, recorded in decree book, volume "9", of said court, at page 212, I am commanded to sell all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in said county of Fresno, state of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, in block 370, of the city (formerly called town) of Fresno, as the same are laid down and described upon the official map of said block on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county, in vol. 1 of maps, at page 61 thereof.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1897, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, in front of the court house door of the county of Fresno, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above-described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, Cal., April 8th, 1897.

JAY SCOTT, Sheriff.
By J. F. Hedrous, Deputy sheriff.

Horace Hawes, attorney for plaintiff. a9

Notice—Bids Wanted.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Trustees of the City of Fresno will receive sealed proposals up to 4 o'clock p. m. of Monday, May 3d, 1897, for the construction of one cut under dead axle sprinkling wagon, with 4-inch tires, wheels to be "A" grade with Concord steel axles, and all material to be equal in every respect to the Studebaker sprinkling wagon, and iron or steel tanks of 600 gallons capacity. Said wagon to be in every way equal to the latest improved Studebaker sprinkling wagons, and to the satisfaction of the street and finance committee of said board. Said wagon to be constructed in Fresno and to be ready for delivery and use on or before the 15th day of June, 1897. Bidders are required to deposit cash, a certified check or bond in the amount of $100, conditioned that the successful bidder will enter into and faithfully execute the contract.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. By order of the Board of Trustees.

J. W. SHANKLIN,
City Clerk.
a22t10

April 21, 1897.

PARK LIVERY
—AND—
FEED STABLE,

Cor. Tulare and L Streets.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Best of care. Hacks and coupes on short notice, day or night. Carriages for funerals a specialty.

SCOTT & SMITH, Proprietors.

Office—Grand Central Hotel, Telephone Main No. 5. Stable—Tulare and L streets. Telephone Main 124.

Hauptli :: Hotel,

SELMA, CAL.

The leading hotel of the town.
Fine large rooms, well furnished.
Good table. Reasonable rates
J. GEERING, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

THE SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

FROM APRIL 15, 1897, passenger trains will run daily:

Southbound.	Stations.	Northbound.
7.20 a. m.	Stockton	5.40 p. m.
9.49 a. m.	Merced	3.14 p. m.
11.50 a. m.	Fresno	1.10 p. m.

For intermediate stations see time table.

Connections—At Stockton with steamboats of C. N. & I. Co., leaving San Francisco and Stockton at 6 p. m. daily; at Merced with stages from Snellings, Coulterville, Yosemite, Mariposa, etc.; at Lankershim with stage to and from Madera.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

TRAINS LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:

12.50 a.m.—Los Angeles Express—Daily, for Santa Barbara, Los Angeles and intermediate points.

11.50 p.m.—Express—Daily, for Collis, Mendota, Newman, San Francisco, Sacramento, Ogden and East.

5.30 a.m.—Express—Daily, via Martinez, for Merced, San Francisco, Sacramento, Portland, Ogden and East.

8.30 a.m.—Monday, Wednesday and Friday only—Mixed train for Porterville and way stations. Porterville to Famosa on Wednesdays only.

8.35 a.m.—Mixed Train—Daily, for Fowler, Selma, Kingsburg, Goshen Junction, connecting at Goshen Junction with mixed train for Hanford, Armona, Tulare, Bakersfield and all way stations.

9.00 a.m.—Sunset Express—Daily via Merced and Lathrop; connects at Berenda for Raymond (Yosemite), at Lathrop for Stockton, Sacramento and the East via Ogden and Portland.

9.00 a.m.—Mixed Train—Daily, except Sunday, for Lathrop and all way stations.

9.30 a.m.—Mixed Train—Daily, except Sunday, for Pollasky and all way stations. Arrives at Fresno, returning, at 1.10 p.m.

5.30 p.m.—Passenger Train—Daily, for Sanger Junction, Reedley, Porterville and way stations.

5.50 p.m.—New Orleans Express—Daily, for Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Riverside and East via El Paso and New Orleans.

RICH. GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager.
T. H. Goodman, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Atlantic & Pacific RAILROAD.

3½ Days to Chicago and St. Louis.
4½ Days to New York.

SANTA FE LIMITED.

3¼ days to Chicago and St. Louis.
4½ days to New York.

Pullman sleeping car, leaving Mondays and Thursdays, makes direct connection at Barstow with this fast train, which carries dining car buffet smoking car and Pullman palace drawing room sleeping cars, with all modern conveniences.

SANTA FE EXPRESS

Leaves every day, carrying Pullman palace drawing room and modern upholstered tourist sleeping cars through to Kansas City and Chicago. Annex cars for Denver and St. Louis.

Boston excursions via Kansas City, Chicago, Montreal and the White Mountains, leave every Tuesday. St. Paul excursions every Sunday.

W. J. SHATTUCK, Agent,
1525 Mariposa street, Fresno, Cal.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

Masonic Meetings
Masonic Temple, Corner Tulare and I Streets

FRESNO LODGE, NO. 247, F. & A. M. Stated meetings on Friday on or before the full of the moon.
L. O. STEPHENS, W. M.
T. H. WARRINGTON, Secretary.

O. E. S., RAISINA CHAPTER NO. 89, MEETS first and third Tuesdays of each month at 7.30 o'clock in Masonic Temple
Mrs. Ada Bell Williams, Worthy Matron
Mrs. Eliza F. Grimes Secy.

FRESNO REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE NO 158, I.O.O.F., meets the first and third Saturday evenings of each month at 7.30 o'clock in Odd Fellows hall, Spinney building, opposite Pleasanton hotel. All visiting Rebekahs cordially invited.
Mrs. Lillie Jones, N. G.
Miss Lottie Morgan, Secretary.

Grand Army

ATLANTA POST G.A.R., MEETS THE FIRST and third Thursday of each month at Edgerly hall, corner J and Tulare streets. All members in good standing are invited.
C. A. MUNN, P. C.

A. O. U. W.

YOSEMITE LODGE No. 171, A. O. U. W.—Meets every Tuesday evening in new Spinney building, corner I and Merced streets. A cordial invitation is extended to all members of the order.
M. BILBY, M. W.
J. M. Collins Recorder.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

L. H. COK, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Attends all calls—day and night. Office and residence, 1950 Mariposa street, Fresno, Cal. Telephone 112 black.

Dentists

DR. J. O. COOPER
DENTIST

Specialty made of Gold Fillings, Crowns and Bridge work. None but the best work done. Office, 1930 Mariposa street between J and K.

Attorneys

Stanton L. Carter, Lewis H. Smith, Notary Public.
CARTER & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.

Offices: Rooms 1, 2 and 3 Fresno National Bank building, Fresno, California.
Will practice in all state and federal courts. Especial attention given to corporation, real estate and probate law.

F. E. COOK
ATTORNEY AT LAW

Fresno, California. Rooms 6 and 7 Fresno National Bank Building.

S. C. FREMAN. A. E. SNOW.
SNOW & FREMAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Rooms 4 and 5, Fresno National Bank building, Fresno, California.

J. F. MEUX E. W. JOHNSTON
MEUX & JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1960 Mariposa street. Will practice in U. S. and State courts at San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Madary Planing Mill

M. R. MADARY.

BARLEY BOUGHT, ROLLED & SOLD
Patent Kitchen Tables, $2.75.
Egg Cases, Complete, 65c.
Headquarters for Window Glass.
Bee Men's Supplies a specialty.
Strawberry Baskets and Crates.

JOHN WIELAND
Fredericksburg
AND CHICAGO
BREWING COMPANIES

JOSEPH HUBER - - Manager

FRESNO DEPOT,
OFFICE, 1722 & 1724 KERN STREET
Telephone No. 61. P. O. Box 1476.

All orders for BEER, ALE and PORTER delivered free of charge to any part of the City. Families promptly supplied with Ice Cold Bottled Beer

The Walton Stables

(Formerly the Sanger Stables),
Corner 7th and O Sts., Sanger, Cal.
Telephone No. 25.

First-class livery teams to let. Horses well fed and cared for. Rates reasonable. Also

First-Class Pasture in Kings River Bottom.

Two sections in three fields. Good feed, shade and water. Careful attention paid to stock, but no liability for estrays or accidents. Apply at Walton Stables, Sanger, Cal.

CHILDREN'S EYES.

A PHYSICIAN ON THE IMPORTANCE OF CARING FOR THEM.

Dispositions Sometimes Affected by Trouble of the Eyesight—Benefits of Using Properly Adjusted Glasses—Valuable Advice to Parents.

About two years ago a lady brought two of her sons, aged respectively 9 and 11, to me to have their eyes examined to see if glasses were needed. She had taken this step partially on my invitation and as a matter of precaution, as she was well aware that both herself and her husband had defective eyes, and some of her children were already wearing glasses for troubles which were without doubt hereditary. In answer to questions about the general health of the children, their disposition, complaints they made regarding headache, etc., she made the following statement:

"I really am puzzled to know what to do with the older boy. He seems so irritable and cross after a few days at school, and he always seems to be spoiling for a fight. His health seems very good, with the exception of headache after study, but he is not nearly as far advanced in school for his age as is his younger brother."

After making a careful examination I prescribed glasses for the older one, but told the mother that the younger one did not need them at the present time. I did not see anything of the children or the mother for six months, at which time, when meeting the mother, she told me the glasses had worked a marvelous change in her son, and he wore them constantly and could not bear to be without them. He was now picking up in his school work and was better natured than she had ever known him before.

This child is only one of many thousands in our schools today who are having their dispositions ruined and are called dull and stupid by their parents and teachers through no fault of their own. Being perhaps born with a defect in sight, they do not know of any different world from that which they see through defective eyes, consequently cannot relate their troubles to their parents, as they are entirely unconscious of their defect. Therefore I wish to emphasize most emphatically that it is the duty of all parents and teachers to mark very closely any peculiarity that children may have in looking at objects at a long distance or close at hand, such as squinting their eyes, frowning, looking sidewise from partially closed eyes and particularly regarding the distance at which they hold their reading matter from their eyes, for it is natural for a child, or for a grown person, for that matter, who has normal sight to hold clearly printed reading matter about 15 inches from his eyes. Should this be varied to any extent, such as drawing the reading quite close to the eyes or holding it at arm's length, it is almost a sure sign that there is something wrong.

People who have strong eyes usually have but little sympathy for those who are less fortunate in this respect.

The necessity of glasses to assist a child in school work, which will put it on a more even footing with the other students, is not appreciated by many parents who are otherwise thoughtful and considerate of the welfare of their children, and who are in many cases undergoing privations that their children may secure an education. Do not be too ready to judge these children as having a fad for glasses or wishing to wear them because some of their playmates do. Better be a little overcautious in having the child's eyes examined than to take too much responsibility in this matter in your own hands, for no honest optician will advise you to put glasses on a child unless they are sure to prove an advantage.

Another point which I think should be proclaimed loud and long to the different parents is the fact that nine of every ten cases of strabismus (cross eyes) existing among children under the age of 12 can be wholly cured by the very simple and painless method of wearing glasses, whereas if this matter is left until the child has reached maturity it requires a painful operation, which in the majority of cases is not altogether successful then, for it is not alone the matter of appearance that the parents are responsible for. But children who are cross eyed and allowed to remain in this condition any length of time are almost certain to lose the use of one eye wholly or in part, owing to the length of time they are allowed to go in this way. Very few children are born cross eyed, and almost every mother will tell you that this misfortune was due to some sickness, a fall or something of the kind which happened when they were beginning to walk, when in reality the accident or sickness only marked the time that the child first began to use its eyes to discriminate small objects, and the straining of the eyes to see caused them to cross.

Another reason why many children are allowed to grow up cross eyed is because physicians in general practice have heretofore been so grossly ignorant of these subjects that they have informed the mother that the child would probably outgrow this trouble. This is a mistake. Cross eyes are produced by straining the sight and very rarely, if ever, are outgrown. Babies sometimes have the appearance of being slightly cross eyed, owing to the formation of the lids when they are very small. This, of course, may be outgrown. But when parents notice their child's eyes cross temporarily when looking at an object close at hand, even though they remain so for a few moments only, they will use the best of judgment in having the matter investigated at once. Do not think that an operation will do away with wearing glasses in these cases, for glasses almost invariably go with an operation, and you cannot change this matter, however much you may wish to do so.—Dr. W. I. Seymour in Omaha World-Herald.

The Split Wafers.

A man who now stands high in the mercantile community related to me the following little incident of his early life:

At the age of 16 I entered the store of Silas Sturdevant as a clerk. One day, shortly after my installment into the office, I was employed in sealing and superscribing a lot of business circulars—several hundred of them. That was long before the day of gluten, and I used small red wafers for securing the missives. While I was thus busy Mr. Sturdevant came into the counting room, and when I observed that he was watching me I worked the best I could, hoping to get a word of approbation. By and by he spoke to me:

"Young man, don't you think half a wafer would secure one of those circulars just as well as a whole one?"

I looked up, probably exhibiting as much disgust as surprise.

"If you split your wafers," he added, "you will accomplish all you desire, and at the same time make a saving of just one-half."

He turned away, and while I was thinking what a mean old wafer splitter he was, a lady entered who had been appointed one of a committee to obtain subscriptions toward building an orphan asylum. One public spirited man had given the land, and now they wished to raise $200,000, if possible, for the buildings and necessary endowments. Mr. Sturdevant said he had already been consulted on the subject.

"Yes," thought I, "and I guess that's all it will amount to!"

But he took the paper and wrote his name, and then he said:

"I will give $5,000."

I could hardly believe my ears.

At that moment the merchant arose to a stature of grandeur before me, and in my heart I blessed him; for even then I knew that the lesson of the split wafers, with its sequel, was to be the initial of my future success.—New York Ledger.

Congressmen and Bribes.

A man who has been defeated for reelection is not in a fit frame of mind to legislate for his people. There is a sting in defeat that tends to engender the feeling of resentment which often finds expression in the vote of such members against wholesome legislation. That same feeling often produces such a want of interest in proceedings as to cause the member to be absent nearly all the second session.

Congressmen are not usually men of means. Their congressional career has resulted in the destruction of their clientage or business. To a defeated member who has relied upon his salary for support the future looks dark and gloomy. It is then some are open to propositions which they would never think of entertaining if they were to go before the people for re-election. It is then that the attorneyship of some corporation is often tendered and a vote is afterward found in the record in favor of legislation of a general or special character favoring the corporation. If an affirmative vote cannot be had, it is often just as important that the member should be absent. If there is ever a time in the history of the man when he will directly or indirectly accept a bribe, it is then. There is less chance of detection. He is no longer a political factor. His political enemies no longer watch his course. The opposition newspapers no longer criticise his conduct—"the secret is his own and it is safe."

There are many upright men in congress who would not be influenced by defeat. But in as large a body as the house of representatives there must always be some who would yield to temptation. It is a fact that nearly all, if not all, of the legislation that is claimed to have been passed by corrupt influences was enacted during these second regular sessions of congress.—Hon. J. F. Shafroth in North American Review.

A Bomb Loaded With Men.

A new bomb has been invented that is an extremely curious affair.

It is called a pioneer bomb and is made to be fired from a cannon like an ordinary cannon ball. The curious part of it is that instead of carrying lead and explosives it is to have men inside.

The idea of the invention, explains The Great Round World, is to fire soldiers into the enemy's camp. The bomb opens the moment it touches the ground, the men spring out and begin to fight the enemies within reach.

A shower of these bombs would very seriously inconvenience an enemy, it is to be supposed, for they would not quite know what to make of such astounding cannon balls.

The bomb is so arranged that there is no sudden jar or shock to the men inside. It is covered with a number of rubber tubes filled with air, like the bicycle tires. These rubbers prevent the men from any injury which might be caused by reaching the ground so suddenly. The bomb bounds along like a rubber ball once or twice, and the soldiers are said to be quite comfortable inside.—Chicago Record.

Wolseley's Close Call.

On one occasion Lord Wolseley's life was saved by Prince Victor of Hohenlohe, known as Count Gleichen. It was in the Crimea, when young Wolseley, badly wounded, was passed by the surgeon as dead. Undisturbed by the surgeon's remarks, Prince Victor tried to extract a jagged piece of stone which was sticking in the wound, and the prince succeeded in restoring Wolseley, for, after a little brandy had been poured down his throat and more asseverations from the surgeon that he was dead, he sat up and exclaimed, "No more dead than you are, you fool!"—Liverpool Mercury.

Opinions Differ.

Critic—That performance of yours last night was rare.

Manager—I can't agree with you. I think it was well done.—Detroit Free Press.

The Eskimo's Kayak.

Some queer craft are described by Gustav Kobbe in St. Nicholas, and he says of the native Greenlander's boat:

While the tropical and semitropical sailor clings to his lateen rig, the extreme northern race, the Eskimo, clings perforce to his kayak and paddle. The kayak suggests our racing shell, but without the sliding seat, and so covered over that only a hole remains to admit the body. Even if the Eskimo of the extreme north wished to adopt a sail, he could not do so for lack of wood for the mast. The light frame of his kayak is made of bone skillfully thonged with seal leather, and the skin of the seal is generally used for the covering. I have seen the Eskimos of Labrador in their kayaks, and it is wonderful with what a quick, nervous quiver these light craft respond to the slightest touch of the paddle. Within easy reach are the harpoons, guns and bladder floats of these daring sea hunters, who, in their frail looking kayaks, with icebergs towering almost in their course, and the white glare of the ice "loom" in the offing, brave dangers compared with which those encountered by the navigators of the flying proas, dahabeahs and muletas are trifling. The Eskimos furnish the extreme instance of that dogged courage of the northern races which, united with intellectual energy, has enabled those more favored in their surroundings than these dwellers on arctic shores to develop into the great people of the earth.

Walking to Health.

When there is no organic weakness which is aggravated by the exertion, it is the easiest and pleasantest thing to walk right into health. Of course, there is no virtue in a dawdling walk. The slow and languid dragging of one foot after the other, which some people call walking, would tire an athlete; it utterly exhausts a weak person, and that is the reason why many delicate people think they cannot walk. To derive any benefit from the exercise it is necessary to walk with a light, elastic step, which swings the weight of the body so easily from one leg to the other that its weight is not felt, and which produces a healthy glow, showing that the sluggish blood is stirred to action in the most remote veins. This sort of walking exhilarates the whole body, gives tone to the nerves and produces just that sort of healthful fatigue which encourages sound, restful sleep.—Buffalo Express.

HIS RARE HEROISM.

A MINER CRUSHED IN SAVING HIS COMRADES' LIVES.

Jim Hemsworth, a British Columbia Workman, Performs an Act of Bravery That Ranks With Those Famous In the Annals of Deeds of Daring.

A rare act of heroism, such as deserves to be recorded in history and song, was performed at Rossland, B. C., the other day, which saved the lives of two miners and proved plain Jim Hemsworth to be one of nature's noblemen.

The Victoria cross has been bestowed on many less entitled to it than Hemsworth, and there is no doubt that his brave deed will be recognized by the bestowal of a similar honor should the hero survive the injuries that he received in saving the lives of his comrades.

It was at the shaft of the Young America mine at the Rossland camp that Jem Smith and Frank Conson came so near meeting with a frightful death, which must have been certain and swift but for the prompt and heroic act of their comrade above, who in saving their lives did so at the risk of his own.

Smith and Conson were working at the bottom of a narrow shaft, at a depth of nearly 150 feet, engaged in loading ore into an iron bound bucket, while Jim Hemsworth's duty consisted in hauling the bucket to the surface by means of a windlass.

The heavy bucket, filled with ore, had almost reached the top of the shaft when the iron crank of the windlass suddenly snapped in two like a bit of pipe, hurling Hemsworth to the ground. Springing to his feet, half dazed by the blow, Hemsworth saw the windlass whirling around at a frightful rate of speed as the loaded bucket shot down the shaft upon the men below.

He had not a second to lose. There was just one chance to save them, and he took that chance. Jumping forward, he threw his body upon the cogs of the whirling windlass, thrusting his arms and shoulder between the swiftly revolving wheels.

With an awful jerk the loaded bucket stopped just above the heads of the two terrified miners far down in the shaft. Pale as death, and with the blood flowing from him in streams and suffering intense agony, he never uttered a cry or even a sound as the jaws of the wheels pinioned him fast, as in a vise.

Superintendent Shields witnessed the accident from a short distance away, but so horrified was he at the sight that for a moment he stood as if paralyzed. Quickly recovering his faculties, he rushed to Hemsworth's aid, and in a twinkling had blocked the machinery and caused Hemsworth to be released from his perilous position.

As Hemsworth staggered back and was about to fall Shields caught him in his arms, at the same time exclaiming, "My God, Jim, this is awful!"

"Oh, what's the difference," answered the plucky fellow, "so long as I saved the boys?"

It was not long, however, before the intense pain he suffered, together with the loss of blood, began to have its effect on Hemsworth's powerful constitution and he became too weak to stand. A litter was hastily formed by men who had by this time arrived. Tenderly the wounded man was placed upon it, and with the utmost care Hemsworth was carried to Rossland, a mile away, and placed on a cot in the hospital.

His wounds were dressed and the injured man made as comfortable as could be under the circumstances. The attending physicians are at this time unable to state how seriously Hemsworth's injuries are likely to result, but unless he is hurt internally they hope to save his life. His arm, however, in all likelihood, will have to be amputated at the shoulder.—Spokane Cor. San Francisco Examiner.

ANECDOTES OF SHELBY.

An Old Comrade Tells of the Famous Confederate Fighter.

"No man could ride with Jo Shelby for four years and be worth his salt at anything else," said Major J. F. Stonestreet. "I did it and ought to know. I have not been worth killing since."

Major Stonestreet was an associate of General Shelby in his boyhood and was with him through the war. Perhaps no man in Kansas City had a more intimate acquaintance with the dead general.

"Shelby was essentially military," Major Stonestreet went on. "He loved the life. Its dangers, labors, rough living and brilliant successes suited him down to the ground. If he had been so placed that all of his years could have been spent in war, he would have been the happiest man on earth. To him the soldier's life was the happiest of lives, the soldier's death the death of deaths. He was fond of his men, but he did not spare them. In his four years of campaigning many, very many, of them were killed. He was not sentimental about it. They took their chances, he used to say. He exposed them to no dangers that he did not share himself. He, too, took his chances.

"He was morbidly sensitive about the conduct of his men, the more so that they bore the reputation of 'raiders,' which, it must be confessed, they earned. Hard riding and fighting make a hard appetite, and they were no respecters of other people's pigs and poultry. Once we were half starving in Arkansas. Shelby and I rode down to the White river to water our horses. A detachment of the troops was doing the same thing just below us. Among them was Dick Gentry, now of Kansas City. He was a gallant private and a good fellow. Slung across his saddle was a sack, carefully tied and bleeding at one end.

"'What you got there?' demanded Shelby.

"'Been havin my clothes washed,' said Gentry.

"'You'd better get back to camp,' said the general, 'or your clothes will bleed to death.'

"Gentry was put in the guardhouse. That night a quarter of fresh pork found its way to Shelby's tent. 'I haven't an idea where this came from,' he said as he looked at it hungrily, 'but go round to the guardhouse, orderly, and tell 'em to turn Gentry loose. There's no use in keeping a man shut up all of his life for a little laundry.'

"We were down in Texas," continued Mr. Stonestreet, "when we got the news of Lincoln's assassination. The men were on review, and the intelligence went down the line like a flash. Some of them foolishly cheered.

"'Boys,' said General Shelby, sitting erect on his horse, with one hand raised in air and his head bared, 'this is the heaviest blow yet dealt us. Lincoln's slaughter was the act of a madman. If he had lived, he would have been just and generous to the south.'

"Major General Holmes was in command of our part of the transmississippi department. He was a West Pointer. President Davis was a West Pointer also, and thought that no man could be a soldier unless he bore the hallmark of that academy. Therefore he appointed Holmes, who was a gentleman and well meaning, but stiff necked and dull. Holmes sent for Shelby.

"'General,' he said when the cavalry leader appeared, 'your men have been stealing, and it must be stopped. They are thieves.'

"'Sir,' said Shelby, 'whoever told you so lies.'

"'I believe it is true,' said Holmes.

"'Why?' asked Shelby.

"'Because everybody says so.'

"'Do you believe a thing when everybody says so?'

"'I do.'

"'Do you know what everybody says about you?'

"'I do not. What do they say?'

"'They say that you are a d——d old fool.' And Shelby walked out.

"What is more," continued Mr. Stonestreet, "Shelby was right. Men can't fight and starve too.

"General Shelby was a soldier only. As a man of business he was a failure. Into business life he brought the same bold policies that distinguished him in war times, the same dash and the same recklessness, and they wouldn't do. He would lend money to anybody who asked for it, taking no security, and to have served in his command was an open road to his purse. To the day of his death he was beset by hangers on who had known him in wartime. He seemed never to weary of them or to learn that they were leeches."—Kansas City Star.

Uses of Mineral Wool.

Mineral wool is coming into general use as a nonconducting covering for pipes and the walls of cold storage rooms and also as a fireproofing material. It is also valuable as a deadener of sound in the floors of buildings, but is somewhat expensive for such purposes. Blast furnace slag is one material from which mineral wool is made, and a certain sort of rock is another. The rock or slag is melted in a large furnace. In a liquid condition it runs very slowly out of a pipe, and as it makes its appearance it meets a steam jet at a very high pressure. This blows it into fragments, and by its weight it settles in the various compartments prepared to receive it. Rock wool is preferred for covering pipes and similar purposes, being entirely free from sulphur, which makes it corrosive to metal when wet.—New York Ledger.

Different Reasons.

"There are two subjects that I never discuss with men," said the girl, "and one of them is politics, because, you see, I know nothing about it."

"And the other subject?" asked the man.

"The other subject that I don't discuss," said the girl, "is love."

"For the same reason?" asked the man.

"Oh, no!" said the girl. "It's because I know too much about it."—New York Sun.

A Novel Device.

"When people are suffering from thirst, they will resort to all kinds of means to get water," remarked a gentleman who was at one time a member of the United States geological and surveying expedition in the Indian Territory. "For some time we had been without water and were suffering greatly. Among our number was an old trapper who was as keen on the scent for water as is a hound on the trail of a deer. Finally he paused at a place and stopped.

"'I think there's water here, if we could dig a well,' he observed.

"'But we can't,' I replied.

"'No, but we can do something else,' he said.

"With that he cut a reed, tying some moss on the end of it. Then he dug into the earth, placed his reed in the hole and packed the earth around the reed. He waited for a few moments.

"'Do you mean to say you can suck water out of that thing?' I asked.

"'Yes, if, as I think, there's water near the surface.'

"He drew strongly at it with much satisfaction.

"'Good,' he remarked. 'Would you like to try it?'

"With little confidence in the result, I sucked at the reed with the surprising result of getting plenty of clear, pure water. To my parched tongue it seemed the very nectar of the gods.

"'It's as clear as the water of a spring,' I said.

"'Yes, the moss is our filter,' he replied.

"We pursued our journey much refreshed, and I never forgot the old trapper's advice."—Detroit Free Press.

Volcano of Pinchincha.

Two Swiss tourists were recently lost while endeavoring to explore the volcano of Pinchincha, near Quito, which has sometimes been veiled for days in thick darkness by its falling ashes. Humboldt ascended it and describes it as forming a wall more than eight geographical miles long upheaved over a fissure in the westernmost cordillera nearest to the Pacific ocean. It is surmounted, castlelike, by three successive summits from southwest to northeast, called Cuntur-Guachana, Guaga Pichincha and Pichaco de los Ladrillos, the proper volcano being termed "the Father" or "Old Man," Rucu Pichincha.

This is the only part which enters the region of perpetual snow. Humboldt ascended it in 1802, Sebástian Wisse in 1845, spending several days and nights in a part of its crater, and the English mountaineer Whymper in 1876. Its activities are intermittent, occurring in general several times in each century, but it has now for a long time been reasonably quiescent. It is one of the most interesting volcanoes in South America or the world, but, as the fate of the Swiss tourists attests, it discourages familiar approach, and there is a good deal yet to learn about it.—New York Tribune.

"Book of Advertisement."

The "Book of Advertisement" would, at the present day, mislead most readers by its title. It was prepared at the command of Queen Elizabeth and printed in 1566. The purpose of the book was to define the doctrines, discipline and ritual of the English church, so that uniformity should be secured in Great Britain. This book was the direct origin of a denominational title in England, for, after its publication, Sampson, dean of Christ church, in Oxford, and Humphrey, professor of divinity at Oxford university, with others, dissented from some of the doctrines it contained; hence they were called nonconformists.

The Congregation.

One fine Sunday morning a tourist arrived at a kirk in Argyllshire, intending to enter for the English service as soon as the Gaelic was over. "Is the Gaelic service over?" he inquired of the beadle.

"No, but it will not be fery long."

So the tourist strolled on into the churchyard, where the tombstones lay deep in the long grass. By and by he was recalled by the shouts of the beadle, who stood at the door waving to him.

"But is the Gaelic service over?" he asked, once more.

"Oh, aye, it will be over."

"But I have not seen the congregation. Which way did it go?"

The beadle directed his attention to a solitary figure slowly wending his way up the hill, and said, "That's him."—London Tit-Bits.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

Snow Fun In Japan.

The summers in Japan are as warm as our summers, but although the winters are milder there are occasional snow and ice. So little Japanese boys and girls have fun with snowballs and snow men, just as you children do here.

They make their snow men with charcoal balls for eyes and a charcoal streak for a mouth. The shoes which they usually wear out of doors are very good for a snowy day, for they are of wood and are raised upon little stilts of wood, and so make the boy appear about three inches taller than he really is and prevent his feet from sinking into the snow. The shoe has no laces or buttons, but is kept upon the foot by a leather thong, which passes between the first and second toe.—From "Child Life In Japan."

Queen Victoria as a Child.

She was once paying a visit to a nobleman, and, in walking around the grounds, ran on in advance of the royal party. One of the gardeners told the little princess that the path she was walking on was very "slape."

"Slape, slape?" said she. "And, pray, what is 'slape?'"

The man explained that "slape" meant slippery.

But, not heeding the warning, the little girl went along the path and fell down. Seeing what had happened, the nobleman said to her:

"Now your royal highness has an explanation of the term 'slape.'"

"Yes, my lord," she replied, "I think I have. I shall never forget the word 'slape.'"

On another occasion Princess Victoria had been advised not to play with a dog which had a bad temper. But she did play with it all the same, and the animal made a snap at her hand. The person who had warned her was in a great fright and ran up, asking if she had been bitten, but the princess replied:

"Oh, thank you! You're right, and I am wrong, but he didn't bite me. He only warned me. I shall be careful in future."—Sunday Afternoon.

What You Don't Know.

A game that arouses merriment and shows us how little we know, after all, is to blindfold all the members of the party and pass first one and then another object to him. Let all the boys and girls write down the name of what they think the object is. For example, allow each child to pass a forefinger across a half raw potato, a book, a glove, some wet sand, anything and everything that can be found for the occasion. Of course the children must not be allowed to handle the object all over, or else they might tell by the shape. But you will be surprised to find how many things there are that you do not know by touch, although you thought you did. Eyes help us so much more than we have any idea of. In schools where all the children are blind they learn to use their fingers and ears in a truly wonderful fashion. They learn to play on all kinds of musical instruments, and when any one strikes notes for them upon the piano they can tell just what they are. Perhaps you take piano lessons. Can you tell the different notes with your eyes blindfolded? Ah, I thought not!—"Aunt Dinah" in Jenness Miller Monthly.

The Boy and the Gun.

The frequent newspaper accounts of accidental shooting are usually accompanied by the plea that the perpetrator did not know the gun was loaded. One efficient precaution, which may serve as an example, was early taught to ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes.

He had been promised a gun on his fourteenth birthday on the condition that he should never point it, loaded or unloaded, at any person. The long expected day arrived. A beautiful little rifle was placed in his hands, and, beside himself with joy, the boy took instant aim at the giver, exclaiming:

"Look out, grandma; I'll shoot you!"

The gift was immediately recalled for six months, by which time the bitter but important lesson was mastered.—Youth's Companion.

Cow Prophets.

We don't have many earthquakes in this country, but if we did no doubt the cows and sheep and horses would warn us of their coming, just as they do in Europe and other parts of the world where earthquakes are common. Seems funny that a cow should know about an earthquake before its master, doesn't it? But such is really the case. A clever French scientist named Cancani has looked into the matter carefully, and he says that it is so. He thinks the animals feel the very slight tremors of the earth that precede the great shock, and that they at once begin to be uneasy and frightened, whereas a man, who is paying attention to other things, never observes anything until he feels the heavy shock.—Exchange.

Life In a Flat.

"I hate to live in a flat," said the young woman in the rose bonnet. "If I want to quarrel comfortably with my husband, I have to close all the doors and windows and keep an eye on the air shaft because an old sweetheart of his lives in the flat below, and I will not give her the satisfaction of being able to call him 'poor Mr. Nooliewoddo.'"

"Humph! It's worse if you're not married yet!" said the girl in the green hat. "There is a most reprehensibly pretty girl who lives in the flat across from us, and she makes a practice of allowing her canary to escape just as Dick comes up the stairs. Then she screams for help, and of course he rushes over to rescue her from dire disaster. I rather think, though, that I've put a stop to that proceeding now."

"Good gracious!" said the young woman in the rose bonnet. "Did you open the hall window and let the little thing escape?"

"No, dear. I simply bought a cat and mentioned the fact in her hearing. But that is a small matter to the other woes I have to suffer in that flat. Why, I am sleeping in a folding bed in the parlor while Dick's mother is visiting us. The other day I failed somehow to get it properly fastened up, and it fell down with an awful crash in the afternoon, knocking over a small table and smashing two hideous cups she had brought me. Of course, she thinks it is in some way my own fault."

"But why didn't you go down town and match—"—New York Journal.

Alias Summons.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

County of Fresno, plaintiff, vs. J. M. Braly, Bolton C. Brown, E. B. Perrin, Caroline V. Gummer, Henry C. Campbell and Thaddeus B. Kent trustees, San Francisco Savings Union (a corporation), Lilo M. Perrin, Virginia S. Thornburgh Cropper, J. D Peters, J. A. Moreland, Ed R. Hamilton and W. P. Coleman trustees, Sacramento Bank (a corporation), I. R. Wilbur, Home Mutual Insurance Company (a corporation), J. P. McCarthy, Amelia G. Catlin, Mary A Cody, Bank of Central California (a corporation), Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company (a corporation), John Jenkin and O. A. Laton trustees, United Guardian Company, Limited (a corporation), Lucy M. Fay, Southern Pacific Railroad Company (a corporation), Thurlow McMullin, John McCarthy, James Craig, J. G. James, Adeliza H. Burrell, administratrix of the estate of Cuthbirt Burrell deceased, John Doe, Richard Roe, Jane Doe and Mary Roe, defendants.

Action brought in the Superior court in and for the county of Fresno, state of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said county.

The people of the state of California send greeting to J. M. Braly, Bolton C. Brown, E. B. Perrin, Caroline V. Gummer, Henry C. Campbell and Thaddeus B. Kent trustees, San Francisco Savings Union (a corporation), Lilo M. Perrin, Virginia S. Thornburgh Cropper, J. D. Peters, J. A. Moreland, Ed R. Hamilton and W. P. Coleman trustees, Sacramento Bank (a corporation), I. R. Wilbur, Home Mutual Insurance Company (a corporation), J. P. McCarthy, Amelia G. Catlin, Mary A. Cody, Bank of Central California (a corporation), Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company (a corporation), John Jenkin, O. A. Laton trustees, United Guardian Company Limited (a corporation) Lucy M. Fay, Southern Pacific Railroad Company (a corporation), Thurlow McMullin, John McCarthy, Jas. Craig, J. G. James, Adeliza H. Burrell administratrix of the estate of Cuthbirt Burrell deceased, John Doe, Richard Roe, Jane Doe and Mary Roe, defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APpear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Superior court, in and for the county of Fresno, state of California, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the day of service on you of this summons, if served within this county, or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to condemn a right of way over your property for a public use, to-wit, a public road, being a road 60 and 100 feet wide, commencing at the section corner common to sections 2, 3, 10 and 11, tp. 16 s., r. 17 e; thence in a northeasterly direction diagonally across section 2, tp. 16 s., r. 17 e., section 35, in tp. 15 s., r. 17 e.; sections 30, 20, 16, 10, in tp. 15 s., r. 18 e., all of M. D. B. & M.; thence diagonally across section 2, tp. 15 s., r. 18 e., from the southwest corner thereof, through the town of McMullin to the n. e. corner thereof; thence n. along the section line between sections 25, 26, 35, 36, tp. 14 s., r. 18 e., a distance of two miles, said road connecting at each end with existing county roads.

The damages due you for such taking are to be ascertained by this proceeding.

You are hereby expressly referred to the complaint herein a copy of which is hereto attached, for a description of the general route of said road, and of the respective parcels of land sought to be condemned, and for all other particulars pertaining to this action. You are hereby notified to appear in said Superior court and show cause why your property described in the complaint as aforesaid should not be condemned as prayed for in said complaint by the plaintiff herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, as above required, the plaintiff will cause your default to be entered, and will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior court in and for the county of Fresno, state of California, this 27th day of March, A. D. 1897.

[Seal of the Superior court.]
T. G. HART, Clerk.
By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk,
Alva E. Snow, District Attorney, for plaintiff.
1650

Summons.

In the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno.

Harry G. Raynor, plaintiff, vs. Robert G. Stitt, Myra S. Stitt, Jane Stitt (a widow), Pacific Improvement Company (a corporation), Southern Pacific Railroad Company (a corporation), John Doe, Richard Roe, Mary White and Ann Black, defendants.

Action brought in the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno, and the complaint filed in said county of Fresno, in the office of the clerk of said Superior court.

The people of the state of California send greeting to Robert G. Stitt, Myra S. Stitt, Jane Stitt (a widow), Pacific Improvement Company (a corporation), Southern Pacific Railroad Company (a corporation), John Doe, Richard Roe, Mary White and Ann Black, defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APpear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno, and to answer the complaint filed therein within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county, or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

The said action is brought to obtain the decree of this court:

1st. That there is due and owing to the plaintiff upon a certain promissory note bearing date July 9th, 1890, executed by Robert G. Stitt to the plaintiff, and set forth in the complaint, the sum of $5000, in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon from July 9th, 1892, at the rate of 9½ per cent per annum, compounding annually; and also a reasonable sum for counsel fees for instituting this suit.

2d. That the amounts so found to be due and owing to said plaintiff may be declared to be a lien upon certain lands and premises described in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date July the 9th, 1890, and executed by the said Robert G. Stitt to the plaintiff, to secure the same, and which lands and premises are also described in the complaint, and that the said lands and premises may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of said amounts so found to be due and owing to the plaintiff as aforesaid, together with expenses of sale and costs of suit; and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, that judgment for the deficiency be docketed against the said Robert G. Stitt; and also that the defendants, and each of them, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, or any of them, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief. All of which will more fully appear from the said complaint, reference to which is hereby expressly made.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno, this 2d day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

[SEAL.] T. G. HART, Clerk.
By E. T. WOLCOTT, Deputy Clerk.
Jno. W. Bourdette, Mills building, San Francisco, Cal., attorney for plaintiff. a3

Commissioner's Sale.

No. 7723.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, state of California.

Kutner-Goldstein Company (a corporation), plaintiff, vs. Dennis Hennelly, W. M. Coolidge and Mrs. Dennis Hennelly, wife of Dennis Hennelly, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 17th day of April, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein on April 5th, 1897 and docketed on the 7th day of April, 1897, in favor of Kutner-Goldstein Company (a corporation,) plaintiff, and against Dennis Hennelly, W. M. Coolidge and Mrs. Dennis Hennelly, wife of Dennis Hennelly, defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in decree book, volume "9," of the said Superior court, on page 210 et seq., for the sum of five hundred and fifty-six 28-100 ($556.28) dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 12th day of May, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, in front of the west door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises mentioned in the said order of sale, which said premises are situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, State of California, and are bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots five (5) and six (6) in block fifty-three (53,) of the town (now city) of Fresno, as the same is laid down and described upon the map of said town now on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of the county of Fresno, state of California, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, April 17th, 1897.
W. S. BADGER, Commissioner.
H. H. Welsh, Attorney for plaintiff. a18

Notice to Road Men and Claimants Generally.

In the Board of Supervisors of Fresno county, California, April 16th, 1897.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO PARTIES interested, that the following resolution and order was duly made and entered by the Board of supervisors of Fresno county, on the date above written, to-wit:

Resolved and ordered, that on and after the first day of May, 1897, all demands against the county for road work or otherwise must be duly certified by the party authorizing said work, and properly sworn to before any person authorized by law to take acknowledgments, by the party who performed said work; provided, that any claim may be included in any road overseer's demand for any other person, by attaching a receipt from any such person as a voucher showing that the amount due him for said work has been paid, giving dates, amounts, kind of service, etc.

Adopted by the unanimous vote of the board.
[SEAL] Attest T. G. HART, Clerk.
a18 By J. R. Johnson, Deputy.

Notice to County Election Officers.

Office of the Board of Supervisors, Fresno, April 6th, 1897.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO PARTIES that served the county as election officers at the general election, held November 1st, 1896, that the Board of Supervisors will allow a reasonable compensation for the return to this office of all county property, consisting of election booths, ballot boxes, guard rails, etc., it appearing that in remote precincts said property has not been returned.

By order of the Board.
a13d&wtf T. G. HART, Clerk.

Summons.

In the superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California.

The California Savings and Loan Society, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. J. P. Koch, Robert Mack, E. B. Perrin, D. J. Guggenhime, E. M. Stieljes, Frank H. Short, C. H. Williams, Sarah A. Williams, The Fresno Land Company, a corporation, John Doe and Mary Roe, defendants.

Action brought in the superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said county. J. F. Cowdery, attorney for plaintiff.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIfornia send greeting to J. P. Koch, Robert Mack, E. B. Perrin, D. J. Guggenhime, E. M. Stieljes, Frank H. Short, C. H. Williams, Sarah A. Williams, The Fresno Land Company, a corporation, John Doe and Mary Roe, defendants.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California, to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days, exclusive of the day of service, after the service on you of this summons if served within this county, or if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court for foreclosure of a mortgage, described in said complaint, made, executed and delivered, by said defendants, J. P. Koch and Robert Mack, to said defendant, E. B. Perrin and one J. B. Randol, on the 9th day of December, 1890, to secure payment of a promissory note of same date described in said mortgage and complaint, made, executed and delivered by said defendants, Koch and Mack, to said defendant, Perrin and said Randol, payable four years after date, for the sum of $13,000.00 with interest at the rate of seven—7—per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually, and if not so paid to be compounded.

That said mortgage was recorded in Recorder's office, Fresno county, in Vol. 76 of mortgages, page 392, et seq., and effects that certain real property, situated in Fresno county, State of California, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 212, 213, 214, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 143, 144, 147, 109, 110, 148, east ½ of 161, 205, 206, 207, 208, 201, east ½ of 183, east ½ of 184, containing together about four hundred and ten—410—acres as laid down and designated on the map thereof, entitled, map of Perrin Colony No. 2, which map was filed for record in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county, on the eight—8—day of October, 1890, and is hereby referred to for further or more description.

Plaintiff alleges that on December 27th, 1890, said Randol, assigned all of his interest in said note and mortgage to said defendant Perrin and thereupon said defendant Perrin, assigned said note and mortgage to plaintiff herein, who is still the holder and owner of said promissory note and mortgage.

That at the request of defendant E. B. Perrin, and defendants J. P. Koch and Robert Mack, plaintiff released the west half of number two hundred and thirteen, all of lots (201, 207, 208, 143, 181) two hundred and one, two hundred and seven, two hundred and eight, one hundred and forty-three, and one hundred and eighty-one, have been released from the operation of said mortgage.

Plaintiff alleges that there is now due and unpaid on said promissory note and mortgage to plaintiff, the sum of $13,000.00 with interest thereon from December 9th, 1890, at the rate of seven—7—per cent per annum, all in gold coin of the United States.

Plaintiff further alleges that the value of the property described in said mortgage is not sufficient to discharge the amounts due to the plaintiff upon said promissory note and that said property produces an income from rents which should be equitably applied in satisfaction of said debt; and that it is necessary, in order to protect the plaintiff, that a receiver of said property should be appointed in this action to collect the said rents and to apply them as this court may direct by its decree in this action.

Plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants J. P. Koch and Robert Mack, for $13,000.00 in gold coin and interest thereon at seven—7—per cent per annum from December 9th, 1890.

That a receiver be appointed by the court in this action upon the filing of the complaint, or at any time thereafter upon plaintiff's motion to take possession of said premises, and to receive the rents, issues and profits thereof, and to apply them as this court by its final decree may direct.

That the usual decree be made for the sale of said mortgaged property for gold coin of the United States by a commissioner appointed by this court, according to law and the practice of this court; that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the expense of such sale, and to the payment of the judgment in this action; that all of said defendants and all persons claiming from or under them or from or under either of them subsequent to the execution and recording of said mortgage as aforesaid, be barred and forever foreclosed of and from all right, claim or equity of redemption in said described mortgaged real property, and every part and parcel thereof.

That the plaintiff or any other party to this action may become the purchaser at said sale. That a proper and sufficient deed of conveyance of said real property when so sold be executed to the purchaser, and that said purchaser be let into the possession of such real property and for judgment against the makers of said note for any deficiency. And for such other and further relief in the premises as shall appear to be meet and agreeable to equity, as will more fully appear by reference to said complaint.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, this 11th day of December, 1896.

{Seal of the Superior Court.} T. G. HART, Clerk.
By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy clerk.

Indorsed.
No. 7563.
Superior court, county of Fresno, department No. 2, the California Savings and Loan Society, vs. J. P. Koch et al. defendants. Summons of foreclosure of mortgage. J. F. COWDERY,
mh12-62 Attorney for plaintiff.

Commissioner's Foreclosure Sale.

No. 7685.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno state of California. Dep. No. 1.

Sallie P. Thompson plaintiff, vs. B. T. Alford and Dollie E. Alford defendants.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, on the 5th day of April, 1897, in the above-entitled action, and an order of sale and writ issued on the 16th day of April, 1897, in said action, wherein Sallie P. Thompson, above-named plaintiff, obtained judgment and decree of foreclosure and order of sale against B. T. Alford and Dollie E. Alford, the above-named defendants, for the sum of $2753.65 and accruing costs, which said decree was on the 15th day of April, 1897, recorded in decree book, volume 11, of said Superior court, on page 169 et seq., in which decree I was appointed commissioner to execute the same.

I am commanded to sell all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situated, lying and being in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), and five (5), in block 533 of the town (now city) of Fresno as laid down and delineated on the official map of the town (now city) of Fresno, on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of said county of Fresno, state of California, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 15th day of May, 1897, at 12 o'clock m. of that day, at the west door of the county court house, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, I will, in obedience to said writ and order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above-described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, at public auction, for cash in hand, in gold coin of the government of the United States, to the highest and best bidder.

Dated, April 20th, 1897.
F. H. FREMAN,
Commissioner appointed by the court in said action.
Snook & Church and Snow & Freman, Attorneys for plaintiff. a20

Commissioner's Sale.

No. 7742.

In the Superior court, County of Fresno, State of California.

J. H. R. Blaisdell plaintiff, vs. Sarah F. Jackson and Samuel Jackson and Rebecca Rawlins, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said County of Fresno, on the 17th day of April, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein on April 13th, 1897, and entered and docketed on the 17th day of April, 1897, in favor of J. H. R. Blaisdell plaintiff, and against Sarah F. Jackson and Samuel Jackson and Rebecca Rawlins defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 11, of the said Superior court, on page 181 et seq., for the sum of twelve hundred and thirty one 36-100 dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 11th day of May, 1897, at 12 noon of that day, in front of the main (westerly) door of the county court house, in Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises in the said order of sale, and decree of foreclosure and order of sale, ordered to be sold, and which is described as follows, to-wit:

Those certain lands and premises, situate, lying and being in the County of Fresno, State of California and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered five (5) and six (6) in block numbered one hundred and thirty (130) in the City of Fresno, Fresno County, State of California, according to the official map of said Fresno City on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno County, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, April 17th, 1897.
E. T. WOLCOTT, Commissioner.
Strother & Strother, attorneys for plaintiff.

ARMORY STABLES,

J Street, Bet. Kern and Inyo.

C. W. Cutten, Prop.

Good rigs at reasonable rates. Boarders and transients well cared for. Horses and vehicles of all kinds for sale or exchange. Horses broken single or double by Barney Metcalf. Telephone Red 94.

NOTICE

—TO—

TAXPAYERS

Taxpayers will please take notice that on and after Monday, May 10, 1897, we shall proceed to make arbitrary assessments of all property not given in before that time. Section 3633: "If any person, after demand made by the Assessor, neglects or refuses to give, under oath, the statement herein provided for, or to comply with the other requirements of this title, the Assessor must note the refusal on the assessment book, opposite his name, and must make an estimate of the value of the property of such person; and the value so fixed by the Assessor must not be reduced by the Board of Supervisors."

J. P. VINCENT,
Assessor Fresno County.

Notice of Assessment.

Commercial Petroleum Company. Location of principal place of business, Fresno, Fresno county, state of California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the directors held on the 3rd day of March, 1897, an assessment (No. 2) of twenty cents a share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately to the treasurer of the company at his office, No. 1068 J street, Fresno, Fresno county, California. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on April 5th, 1897, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and, unless payment is made before, will be sold on April 24th, 1897, at noon, at the office of the company, No 1068 J street, in Fresno, Fresno county, California, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Directors.

[SEAL] E. T. WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Commercial Petroleum Company.
Fresno, Cal., March 3rd 1897. m4td

Notice is hereby given that the day upon which stock will be delinquent as per above notice has been extended to April 19, 1897, and the day of sale thereof has been extended to May 4, 1897.
E. T. WOLCOTT,
Secretary Commercial Petroleum Co.
Dated April 5, 1897. a5td

Notice is hereby given that the day upon which stock will be delinquent as per above notice has been extended to May 3, 1897, and the day of sale thereof has been extended to May 22, 1897.
E. T. WOLCOTT,
Secretary Commercial Petroleum Co.
Dated April 16, 1897. a16

Commissioner's Sale.

No. 7631.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, state of California.

The Farmers' Bank of Fresno, a Corporation, plaintiff, vs. John Atkinson, B. M. Stone, administrator of the estate of Mary Atkinson, deceased, B. M. Stone and Susan V. Stone, his wife, defendants.

WHEREAS AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 17th day of April, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 27th day of March, 1897, in favor of The Farmers' Bank of Fresno, a Corporation, plaintiff, and against John Atkinson, B. M. Stone, administrator of the estate of Mary Atkinson, deceased, B. M. Stone, and Susan V. Stone, his wife, defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in decree book, volume "9" of the said Superior court, on page 204, et seq., for the sum of fourteen hundred and forty 14-100 ($1440.14) dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And, whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 12th day of May, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, in front of the west door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises mentioned in the said order of sale, which said premises are situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, and are described as follows, to-wit: The north half (N. ½) of the northeast quarter (N. E. ¼) of the southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) and the north half (N. ½) of the south half (S. ½) of the northeast quarter (N. E. ¼) of the southeast quarter (S. E. ¼) of section twenty (20), in township sixteen (16) south, of range twenty-one (21) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, containing thirty (30) acres more or less, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, April 17th, 1897.
W. S. BADGER, Commissioner.
H. H. Welsh, Attorney for plaintiff. ap18

DR. B. WILLIAMS,

Veterinary ∴ Surgeon

Treats all domestic animals. Surgery a specialty. Also castrates stallions and ridglings, commonly called originals. Satisfaction guaranteed. Examination free. Also proprietor of the

Selma Livery Stable.

Good horses, harness and buggies to rent, sell or trade. Best of care taken of transient stock. Also agent for the Henney and Columbus buggies. Call or address Selma Livery Stable, Selma, Cal.

Order of Adjudication of Insolvency.

In the Superior court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

In the matter of O. J. Treat, an insolvent debtor.

O. J. TREAT HAVING FILED IN THIS court his petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, from which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, the said O. J. Treat is hereby declared to be insolvent. It is hereby ordered that the sheriff of the County of Fresno, be, and he is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of said O. J. Treat, insolvent debtor, whatsoever and wheresoever situate, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account, and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee of his estate. All persons having the same or any part thereof in his or their possession are hereby directed to deliver said property to said sheriff. And all persons are hereby forbidden to pay any debts to said insolvent, or to deliver any property belonging to such insolvent to him, or to any person, firm, corporation or association for his use, and the said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property until the further order of this court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered that all the creditors of said debtor whose claims shall have been filed with the clerk of said court at least two days prior to the date next hereinafter named, be and appear before the Hon. E. W. Risley, Judge of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, in open court, at the court room of said court, in department No. 1, county of Fresno, on the 10th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered that this order be published in the Fresno Morning Republican, a daily newspaper of general circulation, published in the County of Fresno, as often as the said newspaper is published before the day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered that in the meantime all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1897.
E. W. RISLEY,
m1td Judge of the Superior court.

FASHION STABLES

Front Street, Fresno, Cal.

DUNCAN & CUTTEN.

First-class livery rigs.
Horses boarded by the day, week or month at reasonable rates.
Fireproof brick stable.

TELEPHONE 106 MAIN.

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Additional Local on Pages 1 and 4.

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Official forecast for thirty-six hours, ending at 5 p.m., May 6.—Northern California—Cloudy weather, with rain in northern portion Thursday, possibly thunder showers; fresh southerly winds.

Southern California—Fair Thursday; westerly winds.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of parties caught stealing or defacing REPUBLICAN boxes which are placed in front of the residences of colony subscribers.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Best meal at Universal, 25c.

Choice meat at City Market.

Feed your horses at Old Dexter.

The city trustees will meet tonight.

Carriage trimming at Schweizer's.

Osborn rakes, mowers, Dorsey & Parker.

Free lemonade tomorrow night Einstein hall.

The Red Men will reorganize this evening at Nichols' hall.

Dr. Miner, Garibaldi block. Eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses fitted.

FRESNO REPUBLICANS will play Sacramentos here Sunday at Athletic park.

REPUBLICAN business office, telephone main 97. Editorial rooms, main 101.

Baisden, the world's famous trick rider, uses a Rambler bicycle in his exhibitions.

In "David Garrick" Miss Sadie Clark is very cute as Lucy, and plays the part to perfection.

Arrangements are being made for the formation of a ladies' annex to the Fresno Athletic Club.

Next Tuesday evening the Fresno Athletic Club will give an ice cream social at Athletic hall.

The famous mountain resort, the Tavern of Castle Crag, will open for the reception of guests June 15th.

The ladies of the Episcopal church will give their annual rose social at Armory hall on Wednesday, May 12th.

Miss Florence Kelly as Ada Ingot in the play of "David Garrick" has a sweet voice and delightful manner just suited to the part.

The Arlingtons and the Holland colony nine will play a game of baseball on Saturday at Helm's grove, near the San Joaquin river.

Mrs. J. L. Reader of Florence addition was given a surprise party Tuesday evening, the occasion being the anniversary of her birthday.

Prof. Wm. Tonsparn, so well known as piano tuner and maker, will be here in a few days. Leave orders at South & Fentem's immediately.

For $2.75 you can get both the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN and the *Interior* (Fresno's illustrated monthly) for one year. Send orders to REPUBLICAN office.

Do not fail to hear the eminent singer, Sig. A. Abramoff, late from Covent Garden theater, London, at the Barton opera house Monday, May 17th.

The Hermanos and the Fowlers will play a game of baseball next Sunday afternoon on the grounds on Tulare street, between T and U streets.

The Opportunity Circle of the King's Daughters will meet today (Thursday) at the K-street M. E. church at 2.30 p. m. Mrs. Lucius Baker, secretary.

A promenade concert will be given by the young ladies of the M. E. Church (South) at Einstein hall on Thursday, May 13th. Look out for program.

The Fresno Athletic Cyclers will give a club run next Sunday. The cyclers will probably go to Woods' grove, spend the day there, and return in the evening.

At the regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. Tuesday afternoon Mrs. D. H. Gillen read a paper on "Non-Alcoholic Medication." There was a good attendance.

M. Theo Kearney has brought suit in the superior court against W. P. Thomas et al. to foreclose a mortgage given to secure two promissory notes aggregating $1500.

There will be a stereopticon lecture tonight on the subject of "The Fall and Redemption of Man," at the Adventist church, corner of O and Mariposa streets. The public is cordially invited to attend.

Led Winchell plays Brown, the sleeper, in "David Garrick" at the Barton on May 10th, and if one can judge from his work at the rehearsals he will make a big hit.

Bron Elmdirt has had much experience on the stage and he will use it to advantage in "David Garrick" at the Barton on May 10th, as he has a part well suited to him.

Petitions are being circulated asking the supervisors to have the cemetery road sprinkled during the late spring, summer and early fall. They are being numerously signed and it is hoped that the board will grant the petitions.

The magnificent prison scene, from "Faust" will be presented in its entirety at the grand operatic concert Monday, May 17th, Barton opera house. The character of Marguerite is said to be one of Mlle. Bassian's best roles.

E. S. Amorman brought suit in the superior court yesterday against Louisa V. Rugg, administratrix of the estate of Amos U. Rugg, deceased, to foreclose a mortgage on lot 1, block 37, Fresno, given to secure a promissory note of $300.

James Taylor and John Lamar pleaded not guilty to a charge of vagrancy before Justice St. John yesterday and their trial was set for next Wednesday afternoon. John Wilson and Sam Sekety pleaded guilty to a similar charge and were sent up for ten days.

The poultry association did not meet Tuesday evening, owing to the non-attendance of enough members to constitute a quorum. A meeting will take place, however, next Tuesday evening at the city hall, which will be the regular place of meeting hereafter.

133 New Patterns

In picture frame mouldings, all the new shades in picture mats, just received. Special study made of artistic and appropriate framing. Fiester, opposite Barton opera house.

For the finest lunch and glass of beer go to the Tivoli.

Miners' supplies a specialty at Donahoo, Emmons & Co.'s.

Campers' supplies at Thompson's.

Helmet oil. Donahoo, E. & Co., agents.

Neverleak for tires at Thompson's.

Bicycle sundries at Thompson's.

Money back if you don't like *Schilling's Best* Tea and money at your grocer's.

A Schilling & Co San Francisco

503

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

A Clear Case of Wanting to Skip Work.

OH, LET ME NOT BE UMPIRE

Faith in Wheelman Barton and the Ground of It—Some Trifling Matters.

"I don't want to work today," the normally weary scribe remarked.

"Why not?"

"Well, the day is too ni—that is—well, I don't feel very well, anyway."

"What makes you work, then?"

"Oh, folks sort of expect it, and they come around and ask what's broke if I don't."

The scribe sat in silence for some time, but he wrote never a word. Then a bright smile flitted across his expressive countenance, and he again spoke:

"I know what I'll do to get even with people who want me to write when I don't want to write."

"What will you do?"

"I'll write rot that will give them that tired feeling, if they read it, as badly as I have it, and don't you forget it!"

This little fable teaches, brethren and sisters, that that is the way I feel. Out of doors the sun is shining, a cooling breeze is rustling the leaves and whispering to the grasses, the fragrance of roses, sweet peas and honeysuckle is borne to me through the open window of my cell—I don't want to write. The little birds which came here early last spring, sat on my gatepost, talked the matter over and concluded to build in my rose bush because there are no small boys here to disturb them, they are telling their babies what they must expect in this world of sunshine and cats, flowers and air-guns, and their low voices are but a part of the peace of this perfect day which God has shaken out from his cornucopia of days for the stumbling race of man—upon my word I do not want to write today. Fields of green or brown with the mantle of the sunshine upon them, cattle lazily chewing the end of contentment, birds singing, flowers wearing their lives out in aromatic bloom; all of this outside—who, I ask you, would want to stay inside and write? But if I e'en must write to please somebody else (and I cannot even guess whom) well, on your heads be the result.

* * *

I was not at all surprised to learn that Robert Barton made a good showing at the Velodrome races in San Francisco. He could not surprise me by any result he might attain on a bicycle. When he passes out of the amateur class and joins the professionals I will still be expecting almost anything of him.

This is because I have had experience with Mr. Barton. I rode to Sanger and back with him one evening a year or two ago. It has been a year or two since that ride, I say, but I have not forgotten it, and I guess I never will; Mr. Barton's sweet smile on that occasion haunts me still. Before we started I explained to him that I did not go around very much blowing about my skill as a wheelman, and I asked him in advance if he would solemnly promise me not to ride fast. He promised me, and I guess he thinks yet that he kept his promise. He will be pained when he reads this and learns that I allowed doubt on the subject to enter my mind before we reached home that night. You see our ideas of fast riding differ. When he says he will not ride fast he means that he will not take more than a 20-miles-an-hour gait, and when I say that I will not ride fast I have a 5 miles-an-hour gait in mind as a maximum.

It is but justice to Mr. Barton to say that in going to Sanger he rode slowly enough even to suit me. So he did about half of the way coming back. Then he happened to think, I judge, of business in Fresno that demanded his immediate attention, and he started in to get here immediately or sooner. When he started I started too. I had a double motive in this. In the first place, I mentally objected to being left alone on the plain at 10:30 p.m., and although Mr. Barton would have reduced his rate of speed by 20 or 30 miles an hour if I had said so, I, in the second place, always have been one of those fools who hate to cry "Enough," and so I did not cry it.

After we had traveled something like two miles in what I estimated to be 4 minutes and 18 seconds, Robert turned on his wheel—I was by this time about 15 rods behind him—and asked me if he was riding too fast for me, and I gasped, for I had almost passed the capacity of speech, "N-n-no. It's sp-p-p-plendid!" for I could not cry enough. On we sped. I realized now that I had a hot box, but I could not stop to cool it. Through the Butler vineyard we dashed. By this time I had almost lost consciousness and only pedaled intuitively. I expected to die at any moment, but resolved to die at my post; my saddle post, you know. My breath came in short bicycle pants, although I always have preferred long trousers.

At the west end of the Butler vineyard Robert again turned and shouted back an inquiry (I was about 30 rods behind him then) if he was going too fast for me and I said "N-n-n-n—." I wanted to say the rest of the word and also "It's splendid," but my tongue stuck to the roof of my mouth and I could not. After we got home Mr. Barton and I had a friendly difference of opinion. I asked him how long he thought we had been in coming the last seven miles, and he said, "Oh, about a half hour." I told him I knew the time had not exceeded 12½ minutes, but he scouted the idea. I think he is no judge of time. After that I went home, went to bed and stayed there two days. That was the time I told everybody I had la grippe.

This is why I was not surprised at Mr. Barton's success in the San Francisco bicycle races. With practice, I think he will make a mile in a minute and a half without difficulty.

* * *

I do not see how any physician who respects and regards his position can differ with Dr. Pedlar in the position taken by him at the latest session of the county medical society, that medical experts should be called only by courts and should not be partisans in any case. Medical expert testimony is valuable because it deals with a subject of which something definite can be asserted by those who have knowledge requisite to make the assertion. But the moment a physician appears in court as the recognized representative of one side in a case, a certain suspicion of prejudice attaches to any testimony he may give. He may not deserve it, and it may hardly be recognized, but it is in the minds of those who listen, just the same. The same remarks apply to any other class of expert evidence, but Dr. Pedlar's suggestion has especial application to medical experts, as their testimony is the most valuable of all expert testimony and therefore should be most guarded.

* * *

"The position of umpire is the most thankless one in the game. The spectators can rarely judge a close play from their position, yet they do not hesitate to criticise the umpire when his decision fails to coincide with their ides."—*Truthfully remarked by the baseball reporter.*

It's "Riley call the umpire down and belt him in the eye,
For his wheels are always rattling, and of judgment he is shy;"
"The bloody duffer's rattled," and, "he's lacking common sense,"
"Say, take him out and bury him regardless of expense."
"Whoop! Mind that latest, will you. It's enough to give a pain."
"Sure, he's laboring with symptoms of paresis of the brain."
Oh, kill him, won't somebody! "His decisions are so lame"—
Who wouldn't be an umpire in a base ball game?

Oh, let me be a creditor whose debtor runs away,
Or let me a debtor and without a cent to pay;
Let me thwart a woman's notion when she holds that notion dear,
Or let me live in Fresno when the summer time is here;
Let me say some other fellow has a creed that's slightly off
(When, of course, he knows much better); let me have the whooping cough.
Let these and other troubles on my spirit make their claim,
But, oh, let me not be umpire in a base ball game.

* * *

At this writing I cannot know whether or not the Business College Literary Society will by its debate decide that Morality increases with Civilization, but I hope the society will give Morality a show. We ought in every way to encourage Morality to settle in Fresno. Then, again, I hope the society will give its indorsement to a theory I have held for some time, viz: That the average man of today really is somewhat more decent than was the average cave man. It may be conceit in me, but I do like to feel that I am advanced, morally as well as intellectually, beyond my great-great-great, etc., grandfather. I hope this will not prejudice the case of the negative in the coming debate, and I reckon it is safe to presume it will not.

* * *

Oh, Mr. Thomas Hayden,
With your tact,
Did you have a pleasant evening?
Did it suit?
Does insulting women pay
When His Honor has his say,
Makes you pungle right away,
You galoot?

* * *

Justice St. John may, as the observant reporter says, "wear the nobbiest summer suit in town," but just wait until Lawyer Collins blossoms out! That is the event that I await with bated breath.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN.

CARE OF THE INSANE

QUARTERS MUST BE PROVIDED FOR THEIR DETENTION

Pending Their Examination by a Commission—Board of Supervisors' Meeting.

The supervisors had quite a busy day of it yesterday. The first business taken up by them was the matter of opening bids for supplying with groceries those indigents who live outside the county hospital. The bid of Manley & Glasgow was the lowest, and they were therefore awarded the contract for furnishing the supplies.

There is considerable extra work to be done in the county auditor's office, and Auditor Barnum, through Deputy Hogue, asked the board to allow him two assistants until the extra work had been disposed of. The request was granted, and the compensation of the deputies was fixed by the board at $3 per diem each.

Clerk Johnson then read to the board a communication from the secretary of the State Lunacy Commission, John F. Carrere, calling the attention of the board to the law passed by the late legislature creating this commission and requiring each county to provide and maintain quarters for the detention of alleged insane persons until their cases have been disposed of.

The act was approved by the Governor on March 31, 1897, and the matter called to the supervisors' attention is contained in article III, section 1 of the act. It is not contemplated by the law, explains Secretary Carrere, that expensive quarters shall be maintained; all that is necessary is that they be suitable, clean and comfortable and entirely separated from the quarters provided for criminals. Of course males and females must be kept entirely apart. The secretary adds that the commission will be glad at any time to furnish the board with any information desired on this subject and will visit the county seat in the near future to inspect the arrangements that have been made for the detention of the insane. The law provides that such quarters shall be fitted up within sixty days of the passage of the act.

The matter was referred to the hospital committee by the board, with power to act.

Among the recent arrivals in Fresno are the following: William G. Blunt, Detroit; Rev. and Mrs. William A. Holiday, D. J. Payne Jr., Laramie, Wyo.; J. L. Blodgett, Minneapolis.

Physical Culture Class.

The second annual exhibition of Mrs. Ockenden's physical culture classes will take place in Armory hall, Monday night, May 17th. There will be forty-three participants in the different exercises, and it is expected the program will be much more varied and attractive than that of last year. There will be three numbers by a class of children from the free kindergarten, and the music will be furnished by Justy's orchestra. Mr. A. S. De Yoe will sing a solo, and Miss Landrum, Mesdames Walter, Forsey and Kirk will sing a quartet. The tickets are 50 cents, and 25 cents for children. Dancing will follow.

No Chills No Fever
No Cure No Pay.

A sure, speedy and positive cure for all kinds of Malarial Fevers, such as Chills, Fevers, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, Intermittent and Remittent Fever, etc., at the Golden Rule Drug Store, where all kinds of pure and fresh Drugs are sold cheaper than anywhere else in Fresno. Where a doctor of long experience and a graduate of the best Medical schools of Europe and America will prescribe free of charge.

GOLDEN RULE DRUG STORE,
1730 Mariposa Street, next to Bank of Central California.

Notice!

Sterling Price Camp of ex-Confederate Veterans will hold their annual reunion at the Fresno Fair grounds on Saturday, May 8th, 1897. All ex-Confederates and widows of ex-Confederates cordially invited to be present. *Bring basket.* Hour of meeting 10 o'clock a. m.

R. B. BUTLER, Com.
R. G. HARRELL, Adj.

Can be Found.

The harp, zither, mandolin, guitar, banjo and music box attachment can be found in a dozen different makes of pianos, and amongst them the "Celebrated" Albrecht which is now on exhibition at our store. Call in and see for yourself. Kohler & Chase Music House, 1046 J street.

Notice.

All warrants drawn upon the funds of Fresno county are now payable. Interest ceases from this date.

May 4th, 1897.

J. E. WHITSON,
County Treasurer.

ANOTHER WASHOUT.

A Valley Road Train's Narrow Escape.

SAVED BY FARMER J. D. MILLER

The Breaking of Canals Becoming a Serious Matter to the Railroads.

The breaking of canals in the southern part of the county is becoming a serious matter to the railroads. Only a short time ago the Porterville passenger train had a narrow escape from running into a washout of the track between Reedley and Dinuba; last Saturday night the southbound overland had a similar experience near Kingsburg, and yesterday morning the wrecking of a Valley road construction train on the Reedley line was barely averted.

At this time of the year the ditches are running brim full of water, and the streams seem to have a tendency to burst through the levees in the immediate vicinity of railroad embankments. In each of the three instances above mentioned the danger was discovered just in the nick of time by mere chance. But some night, if proper care is not observed, a washout may go undiscovered and a wreck with the probable destruction of life be the result. It is a very serious matter, and one that deserves the attention of the railroad officials.

The place where the construction train had its narrow escape yesterday morning was about fourteen miles east of this city, near the Clifton postoffice. But for the timely discovery of the washout and notification of the trainmen by a farmer named J. D. Miller the train would have run on to an unsupported track suspended across an opening through which a big stream of water about fifteen feet deep was surging. As it was, the rancher succeeded in warning the engineer when the foremost car was only about six feet from the washout.

The train had crossed the dangerous point about 3 o'clock in the morning. The tracklayers have reached only a short distance beyond this place, and after having unloaded the material the train started to return to Fresno about 6 o'clock. Mr. Miller was on his way to milk some cows in a neighboring pasture when he saw the break in the big canal. Investigating closer he discovered the washout in the track embankment, which is built across a swale, and at its highest point, where the washout occurred, it is fifteen feet high. The opening was several feet across. The foam on the water, which nearly reached the suspended track, was filled with sand, and from a distance gave the appearance of being the dirt of the track bed.

Mr. Miller ran up on the track, and to his consternation he saw the train approaching. A brakeman on top of a car was signaling to the engineer to go faster, neither seeing the danger they were nearing. The farmer saw that it lay with him to prevent the train from plunging into the washout and to save the lives of the unsuspecting crew. Miller stood in the center of the track and waved his arms wildly. He was not versed in railroad signaling, however, and not knowing how to give the signal to stop, the brakeman and the engineer at first paid no attention to him. Upon the nearer approach of the train the rancher became frantic in his efforts, accidentally gave the signal to stop, and threw his hat violently to the ground. The first car was almost upon him. The brakeman waved to the engineer to stop quickly, and the train came to a sudden standstill with a violent jolt. It was only six feet from the washout to the end of the car, the locomotive being at the other end of the train.

Mr. Miller received the hearty thanks of the brakeman whose life he had saved. The trainmen said that the appearance of the foam on the water had deceived him, and while he had seen the water on both sides, he had supposed the track embankment to be intact.

The washout was not repaired until last evening, and the train could not return to Fresno during the day.

Prof. Gentry's Show.

The company of educated dogs and ponies owned and trained by Prof. Gentry are considered to be not only the best educated, but also the handsomest collection of equines and canines ever seen. The entire continent has been thoroughly gone over with a fine tooth comb in search of members for this company of animal celebrities, and the result is that Prof. Gentry now enjoys the distinction of possessing one hundred of the most superb specimens of their various kinds ever brought together. They are to exhibit their beauty and talents in this city under a thoroughly waterproof tent on corner of I and Merced streets Wednesday and Thursday nights, May 12th and 13th. Matinee Thursday at 2.30 p. m. This exhibition is easily the best of its kind in the world and will be thoroughly worth attending. The prices of admission are: Children 15 cents; adults, 25 cents.

Summer Camping.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Wawona Hotel Co. in this paper, setting forth the advantages offered at Wawona to those who wish to spend an enjoyable vacation. Those contemplating a trip to the country this summer should not fail to read the Wawona announcement.

Ice Cream Social.

A social will be given at the K-street Methodist church by the Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society on Thursday evening, May 6th. There will be a short musical and literary program, after which ice cream and cake will be served. No admission will be charged. Everyone invited.

Illinois Picnic.

The Illinois picnic will be held at Wood's grove Saturday, May 15th. All Illinoisans cordially invited.

THE COMMITTEE.

Water coolers, ice cream freezers and refrigerators at Barrett-Hicks Co.'s.

Bicycle Riders, Attention!

We have a few bicycles left which we are closing out at less than cost. New bicycles from $25 up. Fresno Agricultural Works.

O. P. G.

You don't have to guess what that means.

Baseball supplies at Thompson's.

New line of carpets at McVey's.

Bicycle repairing at Thompson's.

Hercules powder, best of high explosives, at Barrett-Hicks Co.'s, agents for California Powder Co.

Rifles and cartridges at Thompson's.

See our blue flame oil stoves. Barrett-Hicks Co.

The Tivoli is the only place in Fresno to get the genuine Tivoli tamale.

Bicycles rented at Thompson's.

Campers' stoves at Thompson's.

Galvanized Tanks, Pumps, Piping and Windmills always on hand at lowest market rates at Barrett-Hicks Co.'s.

Fishing tackle at Thompson's.

MIDDLETON'S TRIAL.

Testimony all in and Argument to be Finished Today.

The testimony in the trial of Joe Middleton, charged with robbery, was all introduced by yesterday afternoon. Deputy District Attorney Jones argued briefly for the prosecution, and the case then went over till this morning, when Attorney W. D. Tupper will argue in behalf of the defendant, to be followed by District Attorney Snow, who will close.

The prosecution succeeded in presenting a very strong case against Middleton, while the defense failed in making much of a showing. It is said that some of Middleton's witnesses, by whom it was intended to prove an alibi, refused at the last moment to testify in his favor, and for this reason they were not called to the stand.

While Mr. Snow was arguing a point of law before the court during the forenoon Mr. Tupper interrupted him a number of times, and continued to do so after warned to desist. Then Judge Risley fined him $10. Later in the day the attorney apologized to the court, and as it appeared that his contempt had grown out of a misunderstanding his fine was remitted.

ATHLETIC CYCLERS.

Their Meet on Decoration Day—Officers Elected.

At a meeting of the Athletic cyclers held Tuesday evening it was decided to give a race meet on Decoration Day at the Tachydrome. Valuable prizes will be offered the winners and everything possible will be done to make the affair a success. The following events were decided upon, and it is possible that more will be added:

Two-mile handicap (club) race.

Two-mile handicap (open) race.

Two-thirds mile boys' race, open to boys between the ages of 12 and 18 years.

One mile championship (open) race.

The annual election of officers was then held. Captain H. L. Chamberlain was re-elected to the office of captain. Bert Starkweather was elected first lieutenant and T. A. Hoag second lieutenant. Secretary and treasurer H. L. Adams was re-elected.

Arrangements were then made for a club run to take place next Sunday.

TO MAKE BETTER TIME

SOME GOOD NEWS FOR THE FRUIT GROWERS.

The Southern Pacific Proposes to Establish a Special Fast Freight Service.

It is announced that the Southern Pacific Company has made arrangements for special fast service for fruit trains into Chicago, New York and Boston, the principal distributing centers in the East. Under the plan proposed it will be possible to place the shipments on the market one day earlier than heretofore. This will present the fruit in finer condition and materially enhance its value. The San Francisco *Call* has the following concerning the plan:

There is every prospect that this year there will be a splendid market for California fruits in the Atlantic states, because of the fact that heavy frosts have wiped out the greater part of the crops of Georgia, Delaware and New Jersey, to which states the large markets of the Atlantic seaboard look for the larger part of their supply in normal years.

Those interested in the fruit production of California — namely, the growers and shippers on the one hand and the transportation companies on the other—have consequently been in negotiation for the purpose of devising a plan making it possible to reach the Atlantic seaboard market in the shortest time practicable, so that on arrival there the fruits may be in first-class condition for distribution out of Chicago, New York and Boston to adjacent cities and towns, as the demands of the fruit trade require.

This has brought about something of a new departure in the proposed handling of trains of green fruit. The great volume of tonnage will undoubtedly be moved in refrigerator cars, the same as the last and previous season. Heretofore the refrigerators have been moved in regular freight trains, running on customary freight schedules, the time from Sacramento to Ogden being about fifty-five hours.

The Southern Pacific now contemplates arranging a graded schedule from Sacramento to Ogden, having for its purpose the movement from Sacramento of fruit that may offer in trainload quantities between 6 p. m. and midnight during the active season of fruit shipments, delivering it at Ogden by midnight of the second day. For example: A trainload of fruit leaving Sacramento at 6 p. m. would be delivered at Ogden in fifty-three hours, arriving there at 11 p. m. of the second day. If it left Sacramento at 10 p. m. it would have to make the run in forty-nine hours in order to arrive at Ogden at 11 p. m. If, on the other hand, the train left Sacramento at midnight, then forty-eight hours must be made to land it at Ogden at midnight.

At Ogden the fruit for the different routes will be segregated and given to the Southern Pacific's immediate connections—the Union Pacific or the Rio Grande Western.

Negotiations have been proceeding for some time to bring about such a schedule as would put California fruit in Omaha, St. Paul, Chicago, St. Louis, New York and Boston in time for early morning deliveries. Under the proposed schedule it is the intention to put California fruit into Chicago at 3 a.m., instead of as formerly during the daytime. In the latter event it would have to lie over for a market until the next morning.

The Union Pacific has notified the Southern Pacific that it would join in the plan, and General Freight Agent Hahn of the Rio Grande Western states that his company and connections will undertake to do likewise.

This is as far as the matter has progressed so far, but shippers and growers already state that this plan, if carried out, will aid greatly the possibilities of California fruit distribution and give the industry a fresh stimulus.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following real estate transfers were recorded yesterday:

Sally Mitchell to Fresno county, right of way for public road through nw¼ of sw¼ of sec 21, t 14, r 27; $1.

Jose I. Pimentel et ux to John I. Pimentel, lots 37 and 38 in blk 6 of Altamont addition to the city of Fresno; $100.

Louise F. Beach and B. B. Beach, her husband, to E. D. Merriam, lots 1 and 2 in blk 226 of the city of Fresno; $10.

James W. Spencer et ux to Wright H. Spencer, lots 27 and 28 in blk 2 of Yosemite addition to Fresno city; $10.

Josiah M. Merrell et ux to Gordon M. Stolp, ne¼ of nw¼ of sec 23, t 13, r 20; $10.

John Anderson et ux to Martin McGhan, n½ of sw¼ of nw¼ of sec 35, t 15, r 21; $10.

United States to John H. Battenfield, e½ of nw¼ and w½ of ne¼ of sec 31, t 20, r 14; patent.

MARRIED.

GUNTER—TOWNSEND—In this city, May 5, 1897, Samuel Gunter and Miss Addie E. Townsend, Rev. W. H. Martin officiating.

DIED.

LOVEALL—In Fresno, May 5, 1897, Malinda Loveall, a native of Tennessee, aged 82 years, 3 months and 9 days.

Funeral from residence, 1835 F street, at 2 o'clock today.

BURTON—At Letcher, May 5, 1897, John Burton, a native of Kentucky, aged 85 years.

Interment on May 6, 1897, at the Academy.

IN SMOKING CARS.

POOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR SECOND-CLASS TICKETS.

A Fresnan Files a Protest Against the Southern Pacific Company.

In selling its new second-class tickets between this city and San Francisco the Southern Pacific Company has required the passengers, including ladies, to ride in the smoking cars when the tickets were used on the overland trains. A protest, which, it is believed, will have effect, has been filed with the railroad commission by G. W. T. Carter, the well-known farmer of Fresno.

The San Francisco *Call* yesterday contained the following in regard to the matter:

When the Valley road put in its passenger rates to points in the San Joaquin valley the Southern Pacific in self-protection established a second-class rate to all points as far south as Fresno on its San Joaquin valley lines. These rates were fixed so as to meet those of the competing line.

It also put on a special train to run between this city and Fresno, and for the convenience of second-class passengers a second-class coach was attached to this train. The second-class rates, however, applied to all trains running through Fresno, such as the Los Angeles and Atlantic expresses, known as No. 17 and No. 19 respectively when eastbound, and No. 18 and No. 20 when westbound. But the accommodations on the through trains are inferior to those on the Fresno local, which is characterized as No. 39 and No. 40. This was made clear to agents when they were notified to sell second-class tickets on such trains. Their instructions were as follows:

"To avoid any misunderstanding as to the accommodations to be furnished on these trains would say that on Nos. 17 and 19 passengers will be allowed to occupy the smoker and on No. 39 a local second class coach. Those on 17 and 19 desiring to go into the second class sleeping car can do so on payment of the usual Pullman rates."

This rule compels all who buy second class tickets to points between this city and Fresno, including ladies, to travel in the smoking cars on trains 17 or 19, unless they pay the Pullman car charges. As a result there has been much dissatisfaction and complaint on the part of the patrons of these trains, and yesterday the matter was called to the official attention of the railroad commission in the following communication from a prominent citizen of Fresno:

FRESNO, May 3.

Hon. H. M. Larue—Dear sir: Was there not an order passed by the Railroad Commission during the term of Stoneman, providing that where the railroads gave second-class services they must provide a car for second-class passengers free from smoking? If my memory serves me right such is the case.

The Southern Pacific now assumes to give second-class rates by all trains through this valley to compete with the Valley road, and they put all the second-class passengers in the smoking car.

When the order was made, I believe I am correct in saying that it was complied with at once on the trains running from San Francisco to Stockton, through Byron, where I lived. If we have such rights and are entitled to a car free from smoking, so that ladies can avail themselves of it, will you please see that we are so provided, and oblige, yours truly,

G. W. T. CARTER.

Secretary Newman was instructed to call the Southern Pacific's attention to the matter by sending a copy of the letter to the company.

Manager J. A. Fillmore, when the subject was mentioned to him by a *Call* reporter, stated that the matter had been under consideration by the company and that records had been kept of the number of second-class passengers who travel on trains 17 and 19. He added that it had been virtually decided to put a second-class coach on 19 and 20, that is the east-bound and west-bound Atlantic express in a day or two.

Wahtoke Tribe No. 63, Improved Order Red Men, has surrendered its charter, and will reorganize on Thursday night next in Nichols' hall. The name of the new organization will be the Tihipiti Tribe. All applicants who have their names on the new charter list are requested to be present on that night if they wish to become members of the new tribe. Deputy Great Sachem H. B. Jennings, who is organizing, will leave for San Francisco on Friday.

Cope's Tonic Bitters surpass all others as an appetizer, and for the cure of constipation and bilious affections. Sold by all dealers.

Our bicycle repair room is the most complete out of San Francisco. Donahoo, Emmons & Co.

Mt. Shasta Kidney and Liver Cure cures female complaints and all nervous affections. Sold by all druggists and well recommended.

Champion mowers are taking the lead as usual. Donahoo, Emmons & Co., county agents.

Genuine granite-iron ware and delft ware (something new.) Try it. To be found at Barrett-Hicks Co.'s.

Bicycle repairing at Thompson's.

Champion mower agency. D., E. & Co.

Bargains next week at Bonnel's second-hand store, 960 I street.

A guarantee is everything on a bicycle. See Columbia agency.

Get your sewer connected and put in sanitary plumbing. See Donahoo, E. & Co.

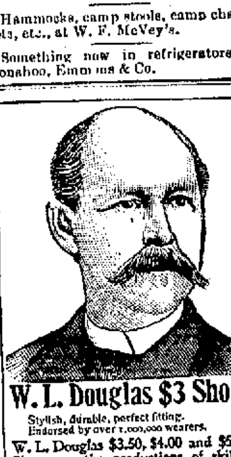
Cut flowers. Woman's Exchange.

Boiled ham. Woman's Exchange.

Paint your house with Nason's pure liquid paint. See guarantee. Donahoo, Emmons & Co., agents.

Hammocks, camp stools, camp chairs, cots, etc., at W. F. McVey's.

Something new in refrigerators at Donahoo, Emmons & Co.



W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe.

Stylish, durable, perfect fitting.
Endorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.

W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible at these prices. Also $2.50 and $2 Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2 and $1.75 Boys.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf, French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.
If dealer cannot supply you, write

Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

SOLD BY

Radin & Kamp

ALEX PARTEE CONVICTED.

The Razor Slasher Found Guilty in Judge Webb's Court.

Alex Partee, colored, who slashed William Bridges, a fellow African, with a razor one night last January, was yesterday convicted in Judge Webb's court on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. The following constituted the jury: C. D. Ormstead, P. N. Christensen, F. R. Fanning, A. S. Kirkpatrick, S. W. Norton, D. J. Mullins, J. W. Shipe, S. G. Johnson, George Myers, E. F. Wolfolk, Levi McNie and Charles Eckard. The prosecution was conducted by Deputy District Attorney G. C. Freman and Frank Laning, while the defendant was represented by J. H. Collins.

The trial was one of the quickest ever held in the county. It was commenced at 9.30 o'clock and by noon it was submitted to the jury. The verdict of guilty was returned after noon. The trouble between the defendant and Bridges was over some disparaging remarks the latter was alleged to have made concerning Mrs. Partee. Partee went to the home of Bridges about 9 o'clock at night to call him to account for what he had said. He found his man unhitching a horse in the yard, and advanced upon him with a razor. Partee struck at Bridges' head, cutting through his hat and into the scalp and downwards across the ear, barely missing the jugular artery.

Partee will be sentenced on Friday by Judge Webb.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Baker & Colson refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Large Crayon Pictures, $1 each. Best cabinets, $2 per doz. Foster's, 925 I street.

Gun repairing at Thompson's.

New line of baby carriages. W. F. McVey.

A full line of St. Helena Sanitarium health foods at book stand on the camp ground.

A. J. Paterson, Piano Tuner,
At Kohler & Chase's, 1046 J street.

White Mountain Freezers at Barrett-Hicks Co.'s.

Alaska Refrigerators, the finest made, are to be had at Barrett-Hicks Co.'s. Prices lower than ever.

Gymnasium goods at Thompson's.

Tivoli Weiss beer is fine.

Athletic goods at Thompson's.

Tennis goods at Thompson's.

High Grade
Society stationery at South & Fentem's.

New line of bedroom suits—McVey's.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

We are sole agents for the celebrated

Tiger Mowers and Tiger Rakes

Obtain our prices before you buy a machine elsewhere.

FULL LINES OF EXTRAS !

Garden Supplies.

Rubber Garden Hose in the best known brands, 3 ply, from 5c to 15c a foot.

LAWN MOWERS.
LAWN RAKES.
LAWN SPRINKLERS.

Agents for the celebrated

Heath & Milligan Paints.

They are recommended by the best architects and painters.

Louis Einstein & Co.
PIONEER STORE

GENERAL STORES

Louis Einstein & Co.
PIONEER STORE

MAY SCHEDULE

—OF—

Choice Goods at Low Prices

JUST A FEW ITEMS OF EXTRAORDINARY MERIT.

FIGURED BLACK MOHAIRS AND GRENADINES.	We have secured some extra good values in 35 inch Black Brocade Alpacas at 25c. 44 inch Black Brocade Alpaca at 60c. 36 inch Black Brocade Grenadine at 25c. 45 inch Black Brocaded Etamines at $1.00.
IMPORTED FANCY NOVELTIES.	We are closing out this week ten broken lines of Imported and Domestic Fancy Woolen Dress Goods at half of regular prices. This should be interesting news for our readers.
WASH DRESS FABRIC SPECIALTIES.	Some late arrivals comprise genuine English Lappet Mulls at 15c, Etamine Rays 12½c, Manchester Linen Crashes 15c, Burrett Linen Stripes 10c.
ORGANDIE LISSE. See Them.	30 inch goods at 8½c. All the newest effects in printing on white, tinted and dark grounds. By long odds the best looking wash fabric on the market this season.
OUR Department —OF— Stylish *Laces.* SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.	This is the greatest Lace season in many years, and we have fully anticipated the popular demand by extensive direct importations, all of which are now on display. **500 Pieces Laces and Over 200 Patterns!** Valenciennes, ½ inch to 3 inches wide, with insertion to match, 25c a dozen up. Normandies in ivory, butter and white, in every width, from 5c to 50c yard. Irish Guipures in butter color, 3—12 inches wide, at 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c yard. Point de Venice in ecru and champagne colors, beautiful designs, net top with applique edge, 3—12 inches wide, from 25c to $1 yard. White Guipures, from 1½ inches to 6 inches wide, at 5c, 8c, 9c and 12½c yard. Point de Paris and d'Esprit Laces, in cream and white, in beautiful floral effects, from 10c to 35c yard. Fine Machine-made Torchons and Smyrna in pure line for gingham and percale dresses, all widths, from 3c to 50c yard. Point de Gene, Point d'Arab. Brussels Points, Oriental Guipures. The very newest in Silk Laces.
EMBROIDERIES IN SETS.	Just opened a delayed shipment of the very finest Nainsook and Cambric Embroideries in full sets. Exclusive patterns, which are worth seeing.

Headquarters for Ladies' Shirt Waists.

FROM JOHANNESBURG.

A LETTER FROM MRS. NETTIE COKE.

Interesting Description of Life in the Great African Mining Town.

A. J. Waterhouse of this paper yesterday received a bright and chatty letter from Mrs. Nettie Coke, who some months ago left for Johannesburg, the famous mining town of South Africa. The letter will interest her many friends and others. Mrs. Coke writes:

Johannesburg supports three daily papers—that is, it did until this week, when the government suppressed the *Star* as being "dangerous to law and order." It came out under the name of *The Comet* the next day, published by the same company at the same place. It is the paper of the Englishmen, the one in which they set out their numerous grievances. It is owned by a corporation, employs about ten reporters, with an average salary of from £25 to £30 a month, and about twenty compositors, who make about £20 to £30 a month. There are three regular editions a day, and often times a fourth, besides a weekly.

The *Times* is owned and run by one man, has three reporters and about twelve compositors. The *Standard and Diggers News* is subsidized by the government, has four or five reporters and a large staff of compositors. The two last named are morning papers, the first is an evening paper. Editors' salaries run from £800 to £1200 a year. Subeditors from £40 to £50 a month.

I post you by this mail, under separate cover, a copy of the *Weekly Star*. It is usually printed on tinted paper, and at first glance impresses one as being a foothill paper, printed in the locality of Squaw Valley, near the spot, perhaps, where Sanders disposed of Wootton.

The papers to me are too dull, prosy and matter of fact. I have heard that American reporters do not take well here on account of what the English call their slip-shod, slangy way of writing. I insist that the American articles should not be called slangy because they are written in a catchy, interesting, readable style. They call my San Francisco *Examiner* "the American picture book," and make all sorts of disagreeable remarks about the sensational head lines and pictures; still they read it, and abuse while they read. All the papers and magazines here savor of the English style, as does everything else.

I found business very much depressed on account of the present political situation, partly caused by the Brown judgment, which brought about the disturbance between the bench and the Volksraad, and partly by the chronic dissatisfaction of the Uitlanders, who feel they have many grievances to be redressed. They compose the greater part of the population, work the mines, supply the country with the largest portion of its revenue, pay the most taxes, and still have no say in the affairs of the government, not even in regard to the sanitary condition of the town, lighting the streets, or educating the children. These wrongs must be righted either peaceably or otherwise.

But the Dutch, headed by "Oom Paul," have a few ideas of their own. I suspect they think that if an alien population comes to this country and invests money simply to double it quicker than they can in any other part of the world, if they don't like the laws here they can go back whence they came. That's about the way the people feel; the Dutch are quite happy, and the English are quite miserable.

The transportation and expense of living after arrival here are so great that if one has not a good position in view it would be almost folly to come, unless situated as I was, footloose with a desire to travel, and willing to take the risk. So far as I have observed, salaries outside of mine managers' and engineers', are too small compared with the expense of living. There are more applicants in the clerical line than positions. I was extremely fortunate in securing a position after I had been here a month in a mining office. I was employed temporarily at first, but in a few weeks I was promoted to the private secretaryship, and yesterday I contracted to stay six months, at a satisfactory salary, with the prospect of "growing with the business."

No use to describe a Johannesburg sand storm to you when they are so like a Fresno sand storm. The sand here is more red, that's all; no more of it, and not so hot. It has the reputation of blowing for about five months in the winter, every day, which is cheerful to contemplate. In the summer it rains frequently and keeps the dust down, but in the winter, when there is no rain, it must be blinding. We have had all I want to see the last three days. You can feel the sand grind between your teeth, and everything is covered with it seventeen times a day. Aside from that disagreeable feature the climate is perfect.

I like the town very much indeed. We are quite advanced; nothing slow about us, neither are we out of the world. We are also quite English, and occasionally I get a thrust on account of my American accent, for I say "butter" and not "buttah." They call me the stars and stripes. I am proud of being an "Amurrican" and mean to strike for a holiday on the Fourth of July. You know it is winter here on the Fourth of July, a sort of Christmas. Things are mightily turned around, and how is one to live up to the superstition that it is better to sleep with the head to the north, and also tell the time of day by the shadow. You don't know where to find your shadow. But the nights are glorious. There are not so many stars anywhere as here, nor such bright ones. The Southern Cross is a fake; ask Max O'Rell if you don't believe me.

Sacramentos vs. Republicans.

The FRESNO REPUBLICANS will cross bats with the Sacramento's next Sunday at Athletic park. The two teams will probably appear upon the diamond as follows:

Sacramentos.		Republicans.
Hughes	Pitcher	Balsz
Devine	Catcher	Chance
Doherty	1 base	Waggoner
Dennie	2 base	Becker
Nethercott	3 base	Brittan
Duffee	Short	McCarthy
Walker	Left	Hayes
O'Brien	Center	Gilbert
McDonald	Right	Cardwell

Trophy

Baking Powder has made "a hit—a very palpable hit"—as Shakespeare says.

(And so have Tillmann's Fine Spices and Flavoring Extracts.)

116 Tillmann & Bendel, M'f'rs.

THE RAISIN TARIFF.

Senators White and Perkins Asked to Lend Their Aid.

A joint meeting of the Chamber of Commerce and the Raisin Committee was held yesterday morning for the purpose of discussing the tariff situation with regard to raisins, prunes, dried grapes, etc. The sentiment was general that the duty recommended by the senate finance committee—two cents a pound—must not be allowed to stand and that every effort should be made to have the rate restored to 2½ cents, as fixed by the house.

Telegrams were sent by the meeting to Senators Perkins and White, thanking them for their past efforts in behalf of the raisin industry and requesting them to use their best endeavors to have the duty on raisins and other dried fruits restored to 2½ cents a pound. It is of the utmost importance to Fresno county that this change should be made, and it is believed that the representatives of California in the senate will succeed in having the duty placed at the figure fixed by the house.

PERSONALS.

August Weihe is in town.

Calvin Bigelow is here from O'Neal's.

J. W. Barbour of Hanford is in town on business.

Charles J. Clarke was up from Kingsburg yesterday.

W. N. Rohrer has gone to San Francisco on business.

Constable H. M. Bernstein was over from Hanford yesterday.

John W. Bourdette is down from San Francisco on legal business.

W. Drake of Montreal, Canada, is spending a few days in this city.

C. D. Miller and K. W. Brown of Selma spent yesterday in Fresno.

Walter McDougal of Peoria, Ill., is visiting Lewis H. Smith of this city.

H. E. Burleigh returned last night from a business trip to Bakersfield.

G. W. Thompson and A. S. Mapes of Porterville spent yesterday in Fresno on business.

T. Coons, advance agent of Professor Gentry's dog and pony show, was in town yesterday.

Harry Kurkjian arrived yesterday from New Jersey and is visiting G. P. Josephian, to whom he is related. It is possible that Mr. Kurkjian may locate permanently in Fresno.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Judge Risley's decision in favor of the plaintiff in the suit of Scribner vs. Hanke has been affirmed by the supreme court. The case was nearly two years old.

Sheriff Scott has appointed Will M. Scott a deputy. The young man will take Perry Elder's place as night watchman at the jail, Elder to be an outside deputy hereafter.

A number of small articles have been stolen from the courthouse at night lately. The entrances are left open, and since the nightwatchman has been dispensed with the building is without protection from thieves.

The lotteries in Chinatown have all obeyed the order of Marshal Woy to close. There are no drawings by any of the games. The Chinese will not say, and probably have not decided, whether or not they will fight the law in the courts in an attempt to maintain the lotteries.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Buker & Colson refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Superior Court Notes.

The following business was transacted in the superior court yesterday:

BEFORE JUDGE RISLEY, DEPARTMENT 1.

People vs. Joe Middleton; introduction of testimony finished.

Laura M. Strambe vs. The Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company; judgment for defendant for costs, default of plaintiff being entered for having failed to amend the second amended complaint.

Harry O. Raynor vs. Andreas S. Raynor et al.; judgment of foreclosure for $9170.69.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB, DEPARTMENT 2.

E. J. Levy vs. Jay Scott; continued to this morning at 9 o'clock.

People vs. Alex Partee; verdict of guilty.

People vs. James Wilson and Frank Hall; dismissed on motion of the district attorney.

Dan Myer et al. vs. Jake Rustigan et al.; judgment of foreclosure for $2089.26.

W. W. Phillips vs. E. A. Elliott; judgment of foreclosure for $6758.

The Valley Road's Long Tunnel.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

The Valley road is making rapid progress in the work of laying out the route and securing the right of way for its line between Point Richmond and Stockton. The directors concluded negotiations yesterday for a right of way through the McHarry ranch in Contra Costa county. This right of way covers a stretch of hilly country which is to be penetrated by a tunnel one mile in length. With the exception of the Tehachapi tunnel, which is 7000 feet long, and one of the tunnels in the Santa Cruz mountains, which is 6000 feet in length, the Valley road's tunnel will be the longest tunnel in the state, and involve an expenditure of several hundred thousand dollars.

Will Have a Stronger Case.

The charge against Frank Hall and James Wilson of robbing Jake Bloomingdale was dismissed by Judge Webb yesterday on motion of the district attorney. They were immediately re-arrested, however, for robbing R. B. Johnson. Hall and Wilson are the men who held up several citizens one night a few months ago. Bloomingdale could not positively identify them as his assailants, while Johnson can, and for this reason it was decided to try them for robbing the latter.

The Garcias' Examination.

Constable Adams came over from Mendota yesterday for John and Frank Garcia, who will be examined there today on a charge of assault with intent to commit murder. They are accused of stabbing Frank Vales during a fight about a girl. It was thought that Vales' injuries would result fatally, but they turned out to be less serious than first believed and he is now getting well rapidly. The constable also took J. R. Nichols, who is also to be examined today, the charge against him being assault with a deadly weapon.

Improving Athletic Park.

The Athletic Park Association has received from George Roeding a lot of fine trees, which are being set out on the grounds where they will do the most good. It is the intention to add improvements to the grounds from time to time as the finances may permit. The bookings for May are as follows: Baseball on the 9th, 16th and 23d; bicycle races on May 19th and 30th, and June 6th.

Forest Fires in Minnesota.

DULUTH, Minn., May 5.—Forest fires are raging unabated in this part of Minnesota, and they are dangerously near this city. The fire department has been called on for assistance by people in outlying districts. Three houses on the outskirts of the city were destroyed and some stock killed. As far as known there has been no loss of life.

HALLUCINATIONS.

SOME OF THE CURIOUS EXAMPLES RECORDED IN HISTORY.

The Lives of Many Great Men Have Been Influenced by Visions—Frequently They Have Been Prophetic; at Other Times They Have Caused Tragedies.

The importance of the part played by dominant hallucinations in the history of the world can scarcely be overrated. Julius Cæsar, Napoleon Bonaparte, Socrates, Luther, Ignatius Loyola, are but a few of the great men whose lives were intimately entwined with ruling delusions. In these cases the illusions seem to have been persistent and not to have been produced by any voluntary effort on the part of the seer. On the other hand, Talma could walk on to the stage and after staring at the brilliant and applauding audience for a few seconds would see nothing but rows of grinning skeletons. In this he seems to have forestalled Herr Roentgen, for the skeletons were in the exact positions of the members of the audience and changed their gestures with every variation of their positions. It was to this grisly "house" that the great actor delivered some of his grandest histrionic efforts.

Goethe, as might be expected, called up pleasanter and more peaceful visions. At will he could see a flower in the center of his visual field. He thus described it: "This flower does not for a moment preserve its form; it is generally decomposed, and from its interior are born other flowers with colored, or sometimes green, petals. These are not natural flowers, but fantastic, nevertheless regular, figures, such as the roses of sculpters."

The capacity for thus producing at will a lovely object had, however, the disadvantage described by Abercrombie in his famous "Inquiry Concerning the Intellectual Powers," that they were not as a rule dismissible at pleasure. Blake, after studying a model seated in a chair, could continue seeing her clearly when the chair was empty. This must have been an economical way of hiring a subject by the hour and would be an acceptable talent in these days of highly feed models. The ghastly case described by Sir Walter Scott of the man who knew that he was dying, and knew equally well that there was nothing whatever the matter with him, is perhaps too familiar to need more than passing mention. The black cat that this luckless man saw was, to use his own words, "no household cat, but a babble of the elements which has no existence." This animal was as complex in form as the seer's metaphor, for it would turn suddenly into a court usher, and the usher in his turn would become a skeleton. This man showed no symptoms of insanity and was fully aware of the unreality of what he saw, which must greatly have added to the existent misery of his condition.

An old gentleman described by the late Dr. Elam had a power of conjuring up, often without voluntary effort, two or more charming dancing girls, and the antics of these nymphs continued until sleep came to the rescue. The old fellow was of a particularly pious and proper turn of mind, so that their gratuitous ballet was presumably wasted on him. Nicolai of Berlin, a very level headed savant, was troubled for two months with the vision of a corpse. The hallucination lasted as a rule exactly eight minutes, and the body was apparently always steady at a uniform distance of about ten feet from the observer.

This trouble supervened suddenly after a violent quarrel in which Nicolai had been engaged. Ultimately the corpse and all the poor man's other delusions were driven back to their own sphere by the prosaic attacks of leeches on the temples. This treatment was also most effective in dispelling the visions of a certain clergyman in Hampshire late in the last century. He habitually engaged in personal encounters with the devil, until the leeches drove the foul fiend out of his visual field. Dr. Bostock, the psychologist, saw the heads of his friends "in relief, like medallions." Curiously enough, he could never conjure up their bodies.

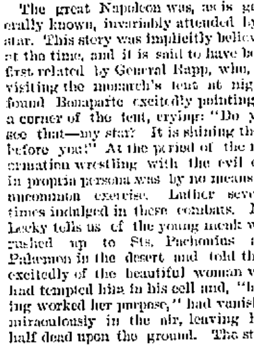
The great Napoleon was, as is generally known, invariably attended by a star. This story was implicitly believed at the time, and it is said to have been first related by General Rapp, who, on visiting the monarch's tent at night, found Bonaparte excitedly pointing to a corner of the tent, crying: "Do you see that—my star? It is shining there before you!" At the period of the reformation wrestling with the evil one in propria persona was by no means an uncommon exercise. Luther several times indulged in these combats. Mr. Lecky tells us of the young monk who rushed up to Sts. Pachomius and Palæmon in the desert and told them excitedly of the beautiful woman who had tempted him in his cell and, "having worked her purpose," had vanished miraculously in the air, leaving him half dead upon the ground. The story goes on to say that the young monk, "with a wild shriek, broke away from his saintly listeners * * * and rushed across the desert till he arrived at the next village and there leaped into the open furnace of the public baths and perished in the flames."

Cazotte was reported to have habitually dreamed with his eyes open, so that at the dinner party when he suddenly said that he saw Condorcet, who was one of the guests, in prison and taking poison to avoid the headsman's ax nobody paid much attention. The event, however, happened within two years under the precise circumstances described.—London Standard.

A. S. Murray and Wife

SPRINGFIELD, MO.

Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.



MR. MURRAY, engineer for Keet & Rountree Mercantile Co., Springfield, Mo., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, was unable to eat anything without severe distress. Treated by several physicians without benefit, I became almost a physical wreck and unable to attend to my work. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and in six weeks I was well. My wife had a severe attack of La Grippe which brought on troubles peculiar to her sex. The Restorative Nervine is the only thing that has helped her. We both hope you will use this in a way to help others as we have been."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Stories of Prinsep.

Mr. Valentine Prinsep, the well known English artist, is a very jolly Briton indeed, and is fond of telling amusing stories about himself and his profession. Even his name proves a source of mirth, and he likes to relate the blunders its oddity has occasioned. Once, when going to dine at a fashionable mansion, he was accosted by the butler:

"What name, sir?"

"Prinsep."

Great was the big artist's amusement when he was then announced loudly and pompously as Prince Hepp!

Mr. Prinsep's favorite anecdote is one often told, but always good, of which he claims to be the original narrator. Moreover, it is a true one. An old country couple, so he relates, had strayed into the Manchester Art gallery, catalogue in hand, and were wandering from room to room looking at the pictures, which were numbered anew, one, two, three and so on in each division, instead of continuously throughout the whole exhibition. The two old people stopped in awe and admiration before Madox Brown's heroic picture, the "Death of King Lear."

"Wha's this un, Jinny?" asked the old man.

"A'll see, Jarge, A'll see, of ye'll give me a minute."

The old lady hastily turned to the catalogue division of another room, and read off the number corresponding to that of the picture before them. It chanced to be that of Landseer's famous picture of a collie fallen over a cliff, and just reached by the anxious shepherd, who calls the result of his examination of the poor beast's injuries to his comrades on the rocks above. She read off the title of the picture to her husband:

"There's Life In the Old Dog Yet."

Looking compassionately on the pictured form of the aged and forsaken king, Jarge failed to perceive anything wrong in the name.

"So there is, gal, so there is!" he exclaimed, in a burst of pity; adding, with dropped voice and a shake of the head at Lear, "but not much, not much!"—Youth's Companion.

The Plow.

Plowing was undoubtedly first done with a forked stick, the long arm being harnessed, in some primitive way, to an ox or team of oxen, and the short arm pointed for the purpose of penetrating the ground. The plow is one of the oldest of agricultural implements, and it is a curious fact that in oriental countries the same kind of plow is used now as was described by the writers of 2,000 years ago. The plow represented on the Egyptian monuments of 3000 B. C. may be seen in the valley of the Nile today. Our patent office has over 10,000 models of plows. In Egypt, Syria and India there is but one, and that the one which has been in use for thousands of years. The plow described by Virgil, 31 B. C., is in use in many country districts of Italy today. In 1618 patents were taken out by David Ramsay and Thomas Wildgoose for "engines to plow grounds, whether inland or upland." In the Scriptures plowing with different kinds of animals hitched together was forbidden on account of the cruelty involved by the unequal draft imposed upon animals of different sizes working in the same harness. In China the plow is a sacred implement, and models are consecrated in the temples of the gods. As early as 1840 steam plows were patented in the United States.

Not an Agnostic.

A colored gentleman who occupies the proud position of janitor in a public building has as his guest an uncle, who is a Baptist minister in a Georgia town.

"Uncle Mose," said the nephew, "de reason why I hab done got ter de top ob de worl is dat I don' talk no stock in dem foolishness dat I used ter hab down in Georgy. Now all dem signs an superstitionistic notions am done gone."

"I dunno, Dave," said the reverend uncle. "I hope yo' ain done los' none ob yo' 'ligion, while disquisitioning wid de white folks. Ob co'se, I don' beleba in no signs dat ain 'cordin ter Scriptur, but dey is sumpin 'bout dem. Now, dar am de lef' hin foot ob de grabeya'd rabbit."

"I didn' mean no sich ting as dat, Uncle Mose," interrupted the nephew. "I mean dem signs an superstitions. Ob co'se, de lef' hin foot ob de grabeya'd rabbit brings luck. Eberybody knows dat, but dat ain no sign, jess a fac', laik if a dawg crosses yo' path somo one gwine do yo' wrong, or anything dat ebery man knows am so."

"Glad ter heah yo' say dat, Dave. I was sure 'fraid yo' got ter be one o' dem agnostics," replied the uncle.—Washington Star.

Won't Find Him.

"Buy your wheel from me, sir," said an enterprising dealer to a prospective customer, "and I will make you a present of a cyclometer."

"You are not the man I am looking for," replied the shopper. "I am trying to find a seller of cyclometers who will throw in a bicycle."—Harper's Bazar.

Grant's Patent of Nobility.

During the years of his second administration President Grant was accustomed to spend his summers at Montreal Beach, N. J. Near his cottage was that of Hon. George M. Robeson, secretary of the navy, whose family consisted of his wife, his 4-year-old daughter Ethel, and his 8-year-old stepson, Richard Aulick, whose father had been a commander in the navy.

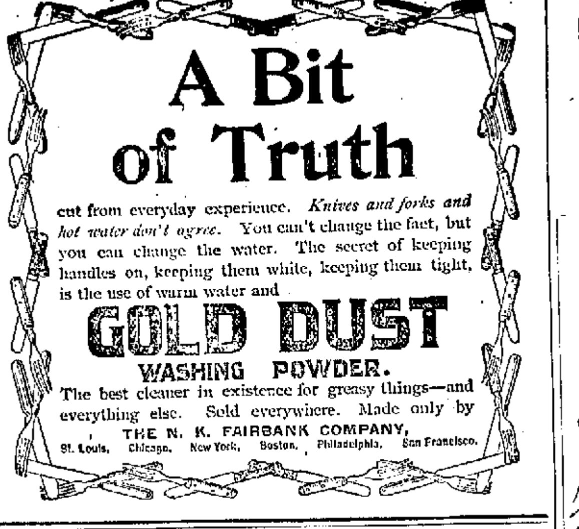
It was the custom of all war vessels to fire a series of salutes as they passed the secretary's cottage. These were conscientiously returned by young Aulick, who had mounted a toy cannon at the foot of the flagstaff in front of the house.

One morning while the children were playing with some companions they were startled by the booming of guns, and rushing to the front yard they beheld great smoke wreaths drifting away from the United States ship Tallapoosa. Without further ado Richard applied the fuse to his gun and acknowledged the salutation. While thus employed the kneeling boy suddenly felt three light blows on his back, and looking up beheld the figure of the president standing beside him. In one hand the nation's chief held a lighted cigar, while in the other the astonished boy saw a toy sword belonging to his sister Ethel.

"Rise, Richard; I dub thee knight," said the rugged old warrior, amid the laughter of several friends who attended him.

Then, returning his cigar to his lips, he smiled grimly and resumed his way.—Atlanta Constitution.

There are now orders ahead in the shops of Paris and London for all the golden hair that can be purchased in the next five years.



A Bit of Truth

cut from everyday experience. *Knives and forks and hot water don't agree.* You can't change the fact, but you can change the water. The secret of keeping handles on, keeping them white, keeping them tight, is the use of warm water and

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER.

The best cleaner in existence for greasy things—and everything else. Sold everywhere. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—ROOMS—ETC

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED ROOMS; housekeeping. 148 San Pablo avenue. m614*

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE FURNISHED rooms, for housekeeping, with hot and cold water; also one large nicely furnished room with privilege of parlor; modern conveniences. 1007 M street. m612*

FOR RENT—TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES, one furnished and one unfurnished, with bath and barn. Inquire 957 N street. m29tf

FOR RENT—COTTAGE, FIVE ROOMS, FURnished; modern improvements. Inquire of A. H. Nutt, 1032 J street. a25t6

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR lodgers at Arcade Hotel; also storage warehouse for household goods, cor. Stanislaus and J streets. a16tf

FOR RENT—THREE SEATED CAMPING wagon for hire with or without team. 1919 Mariposa street. a16tf

FOR RENT—COTTAGE; 3 ROOMS. INQUIRE of F. D. Vanderlip, corner of J and Mono streets. a9tf

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, COMfortable rooms in the Spinney building, I street, north of Merced, at $1.25 per week. n10tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A GOOD RELIABLE MAN wants work on a private place. Address Work, this office. m615*

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper wishes to take charge of the books of two or three concerns who do not want to incur the expenses of a permanent bookkeeper; terms moderate. Address H. B., box 10, office of the Republican. m212*

I. X. L. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FURNISHES male and female help at short notice. 966 J street. MRS. E. BRUCE and C. FEUCHT. j4

WANTED—HELP

WANTED—MAN, WITH GOOD TEAM AND plow, to plow twenty acres on contract. 1369 J street. m612*

WANTED—MAN AND TEAM AT LARPEY vineyard. m5t3

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework at No. 1554 J street. m513*

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; must understand cooking; small family; good wages. Inquire of Mrs. R. Ruben, 1520 J street. m1tf

WANTED—TWO OR THREE GOOD SOLDERers for a few days. Answer Telephone 6, giving references. m1t3

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK. ADDRESS the Woman's Exchange, Sanger. a30t6*

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 731 Q street. a27tf

WANTED AT ONCE — EXPERIENCED saleslady and a good maker in the millinery department of the White Front Stores. a16

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO HOUSEWORK. Apply at No. 545 S street, between Tulare and Mariposa streets. a7

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—TWO GOOD MEN, WITH $500 each, to enter into one of the best paying enterprises in California. Inquire Room 20, Fiske building. 10613*

WANTED — ORANGE BLOSSOMS, VIOLET and rose leaves dried in the house. 1369 J street. m612*

WANTED—TO BUY FAMILY HORSE FOR surrey. Address Box 30, this office. m6tf

WANTED—BEDROOM FURNITURE FOR its storage; good care. Box 1, this office. m415*

WANTED—SURREY; MUST BE CHEAP AND in good condition. Address Surrey, Republican office. m2t3

WANTED—TO SELL YOU A NICE FAT chicken, dressed or undressed; groceries and provisions, hay, grain, fruit, etc.; can get you a carpenter or other laborer on short notice. Labor Exchange, 1533 J street; telephone black 511. a23tf

WANTED—ABOUT EIGHT ACRES OF LAND within three miles of Fresno (southwest of town preferred); will pay part cash, part in lots in good locality. Address Trade, box 11, Republican office. a3tf

WANTED—TO TRADE FIVE ACRES OF land for house in movable condition or lumber. J. H. House, corner Fresno and L. m13tf

WANTED—TO FURNISH ESTIMATES ON job printing. Commercial, society and legal work receives prompt and careful attention at the Republican Job Printing Department, 947 J street. n28tf

MISCELLANEOUS

MRS. H. A. GRIFFIN, SPIRITUAL AND business medium; sittings for a few days at Mrs. Hopback's, 2321 street. m6t6

RAG CARPETS, RUGS AND CURTAINS woven on short notice and at reasonable price. Address Mrs. J. Z. Williams, Sanger, Cal. n17m1*

THE ONLY FRENCH BREAD MADE IN Fresno is at the French bakery, 1318 K street; rye and milk bread also supplied. 20tf

PASTURAGE

GOOD PASTURE—2½ MILES S. E. OF SANger, in Kings river bottom, known as the Hanke ranch. Apply Henry Hanke, Sanger. a27m1

FIRST-CLASS ALFALFA PASTURAGE; FINE shade for stock; no barbed wire fence. Apply to Thos. Adams, or premises, east Fresno, or to Fulton G. Berry. a9tf

GOOD PASTURAGE AT THE COUNTY farm at $2 a head; no barbed wire. f3tf

EDUCATIONAL.

MRS. E. P. NAYLOR, TEACHER OF MANdolin, guitar and banjo, Donahoo-Emmons block, Fresno. 106m1*

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—$100 LOTS ON J STREET, Fresno. A. Albrecht, 1047 J street. m6

FOR SALE—YOUNG BROOD SOWS. T. Riley, California avenue. m615*

FOR SALE—BICYCLE IN GOOD CONDITION; standard make. Call at 1322 N street. m1062*

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD DRIVING HORSES. Apply to Griffin & Skelly Co. m5t6*

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COWS AND work horses. Call or address Geo. C. Roeding, Fancher Creek Nursery. m4tf

FOR SALE—TWO TWO-SEATED CARriages in fine condition. Call and examine at Scott & Smith's livery stable, corner L and Tulare streets. Telephone 124. m1tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—ON ACCOUNT OF SICKness, restaurant; old established; best location. Inquire cigar stand, 1141 J street. m1t6*

FOR SALE—ONE TWO-HORSE WAGON; also a set of harness; only half of the value asked. J. L. Fraga, 868 L street. m416*

FOR SALE—MOWER AND RAKE IN GOOD condition. Address Box 55, Fresno P. O. m4

FOR SALE—A GOOD MOWER AND RAKE. R. L. Davis, North avenue, between Cedar and Orange, near Malaga. m212*

FOR SALE—GOOD HAY PRESS. VAN DIESel, Holland Colony. n27t6*

FOR SALE—80 ACRES HIGHLY IMPROVED on good avenue, two miles from Fresno; a rare bargain. 5000 acres land in the thermal belt in eastern Tulare county, most of which is extra fine orange land; a good proposition for a citrus colony. Low figures and easy terms as a whole. W. N. Rohrer, Fresno, Cal. a25t6

FOR SALE CHEAP—WORK OR DRIVING horses. Empire Stable, I street. a25m1

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED PLYMOUTH Rock eggs; $1 per setting. Wm. McIndoo, cor. I and El Dorado streets. m19tf

FOR SALE—FURNITURE AND MILL WORK, sash and doors, door and window screens at Fresno Planing Mill and Furniture Factory, 806 I street. W. H. Hollenbeck, manager. m3tf

FOR SALE—HORSES AND MULES IN CARload lots or quantities to suit. L. F. Ward, 137 south F street, Fresno. f1tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

$27000 TO LOAN ON FRESNO COUNTY real estate. J. G. Anderson, 933 J street. n29

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate upon easy terms of repayment by State Mutual Building and Loan Association of Los Angeles. Apply to C. Allison Telfer, Fresno National Bank. n9tf

CONTINENTAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASsociation. Subscribed capital, $4,000,000; monthly income, $50,000; 100 homes built for the members the last 12 months. Haber Bros. & Co., agents. d20tf

ESTRAYED

ESTRAYED—TWO MARES, BOTH SORREL; one branded JJ; the other has big scar on right hind ankle. Finder please notify this office. P. P. Brooks. a30t6*

LOST

LOST—LADY'S BROWN LEATHER PURSE, between Hughes hotel and Norton's candy store, containing money and valuable papers. Finder return to Hughes hotel office, and will be liberally rewarded. m612

LOST—A SMALL ORDER BOOK, CONTAINing orders for cigars and tobacco. Please return to C. J. Bexbee, 1848 Tulare street. m6t2

LOST—BETWEEN THE OGLE HOUSE AND Barton's Vineyard, one black pocketbook containing P. O. money order for $5, $5 greenback and papers of value to owner. Please return same to 910 H street and receive reward. m411*

LOST OR STOLEN—FROM NORTH F street, gray saddle horse, branded on left hip Y K; has splint on one fore leg. Finder return to old Dexter Stable and receive reward. a25t6

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Mammoth FURNITURE STORES.

A SKILLED MECHANIC CONSTANTLY EMPLOYED.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,

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The best family medicine, Guaranteed by

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GROVES

MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

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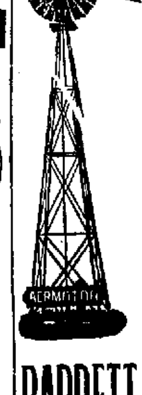

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250 MEN'S FINE SPRING Suits in Round and Square Cut Single Breasted Sack Styles made up in Cheviots, Cassimeres, Tweeds, etc. These Suits are strictly up to date in every detail and are without question the Greatest Clothing Offering in the City. The regular prices of these Suits are $10 and $12 per Suit.

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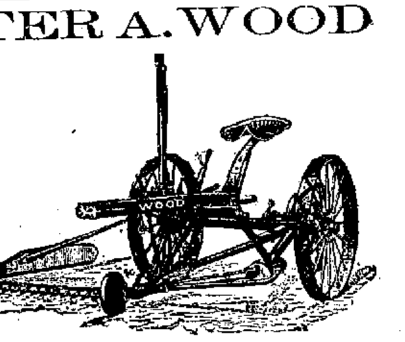

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Stockhol[illegible]ers' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of The Easto[illegible] Packing Co. will be held at their packing hou[illegible] at Easton, Cal., on Saturday, May 8th, 1897, at 2 p. m.

J. K. DIC[illegible]INSON, Secretary.

a29

Optical Errors Corrected With Glasses

H. C. WARNER

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